

PSOA RuleML API : An Open-source JAVA Based Tool for Rendering PSOA RuleML/XML to Presentation Syntax

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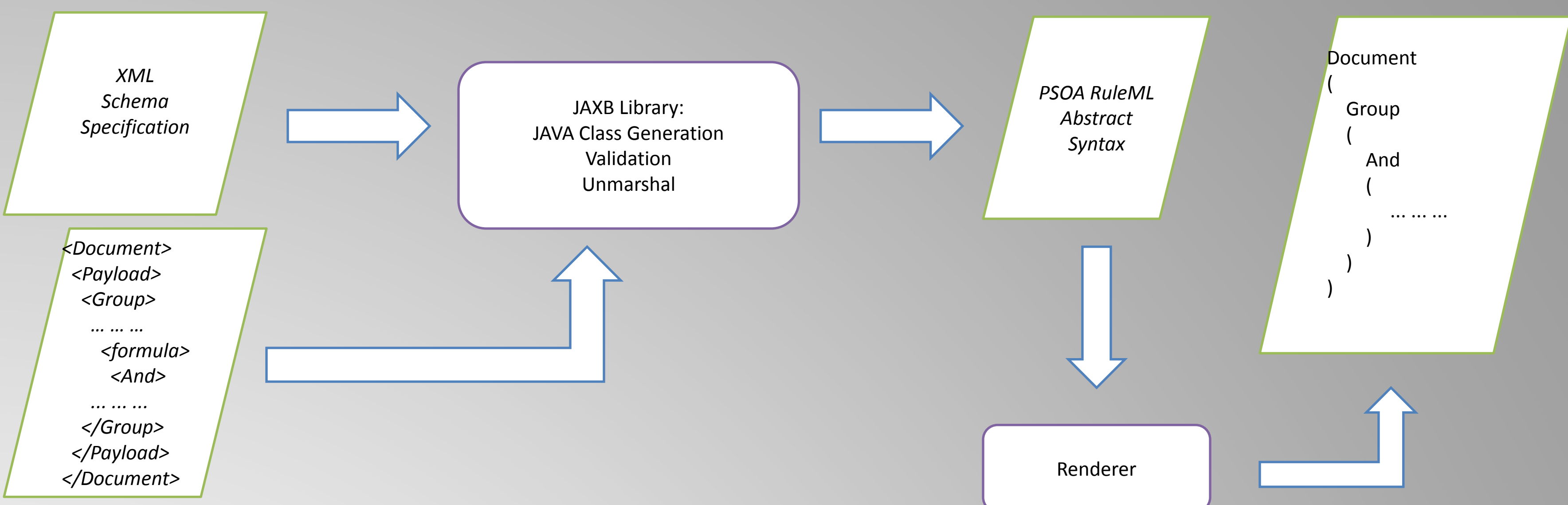
What it is

- A Syntactic parser
- Open-source tool
- Takes PSOA RuleML/XML inputs
- Output in human readable form
- Complementary translator to TPTP enables using Reasoner e.g., VampirePrime

Motivation

- A tool to write web rules and their interoperation
- Existing standards e.g., RIF, F-logic handle various aspects of terms separately
- Association of objects with functions and predicates as positional and slotted form is necessary
- Using PSOA results in the reduction of the number of terms
- Linked objects and Rules can be treated as generalized linked data

Workflow Diagram



Simulation

PSOA RuleML/XML Input

```
<!DOCTYPE Document [  
  <ENTITY ex http://example.com/>  
  <ENTITY psOA "http://www.w3.org/2011/psOA#">  
  <ENTITY xs "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">  
<Document xmlns="&psOA;">  
  <payload>  
    <Group>  
      <groupelement>  
        <Subclass xmlns="&psOA;">  
          <sub>  
            <Const type="&psOA;iri">ex:Student</Const>  
          </sub>  
          <super>  
            <Const type="&psOA;iri">ex:Person</Const>  
          </super>  
        </Subclass>  
      </groupelement>  
    </Group>  
  </payload>  
</Document>
```



Yes. We will make PSOA RuleML/XML Rules readable to Human!!

Output in Human Readable Presentation Syntax

```
Document (  
  
  Prefix( ex <http://example.com/> )  
  
  Group  
  (  
  
    ex:Student ## ex:Person  
  
  )  
)
```

PSOA RuleML Presentation Syntax Grammar

```
Document ::= ' Document ' ( ' Base? Prefix* Import* Group? ' ) '  
Base      ::= ' Base ' ( ' ANGLEBRACKIRI ' ) '  
Prefix    ::= ' Prefix ' ( ' Name ANGLEBRACKIRI ' ) '  
Import    ::= ' Import ' ( ' ANGLEBRACKIRI PROFILE? ' ) '  
Group     ::= ' Group ' ( ' ( RULE | Group ) * ' ) '  
RULE      ::= ( ' Forall ' Var+ ' ( ' CLAUSE ' ) ) | CLAUSE  
CLAUSE    ::= Implies | ATOMIC  
Implies   ::= ( HEAD | ' And ' ( ' HEAD * ' ) ) :- ' FORMULA  
HEAD      ::= ATOMIC | ' Exists ' Var+ ' ( ' ATOMIC ' ) '  
PROFILE   ::= ANGLEBRACKIRI
```

```
FORMULA   ::= ' And ' ( ' FORMULA * ' ) |  
           ' Or ' ( ' FORMULA * ' ) |  
           ' Exists ' Var+ ' ( ' FORMULA ' ) |  
           ATOMIC |  
           ' External ' ( ' Atom ' ) '  
ATOMIC    ::= Atom | Equal | Subclass  
Atom      ::= PSOA  
PSOA      ::= TERM # ' TERM ' ( ' ( TUPLE * ( TERM -> ' TERM ) * ) ' ) '  
Equal     ::= TERM ' = ' TERM  
Subclass  ::= TERM ' ## ' TERM  
TUPLE     ::= ' [ ' TERM ' ] '  
TERM      ::= Const | Var | Expr | ' External ' ( ' Expr ' ) '  
Expr      ::= PSOA  
Const     ::= ' ' ' UNICODESTRING ' ^^^ ' SYMSPACE | CONSTSHORT  
Var       ::= ' ? ' UNICODESTRING?  
Name      ::= NCName | ' ' ' UNICODESTRING ' ' '  
SYMSPACE  ::= ANGLEBRACKIRI | CURIE
```

Rendered According to Grammar

JAXB Validation: Input – Schema Conformance

Generation of Classes from Schema by JAXB

```
<xs:element name="Subclass">  
  <xs:complexType>  
    <xs:sequence>  
      <xs:element ref="sub"/>  
      <xs:element ref="super"/>  
    </xs:sequence>  
  </xs:complexType>  
</xs:element>  
  
<xs:element name="sub">  
  <xs:complexType>  
    <xs:sequence>  
      <xs:group ref="TERM"/>  
    </xs:sequence>  
  </xs:complexType>  
</xs:element>  
  
<xs:element name="super">  
  <xs:complexType>  
    <xs:sequence>  
      <xs:group ref="TERM"/>  
    </xs:sequence>  
  </xs:complexType>  
</xs:element>  
  
<xs:group name="TERM">  
  <xs:choice>  
    <xs:element ref="Const"/>  
    ... ..  
  </xs:choice>  
</xs:group>
```

```
public class Subclass {  
  protected Sub sub;  
  protected Super _super;  
  
  public Sub getSub() {  
    return sub;  
  }  
  public void setSub(Sub value) {  
    this.sub = value;  
  }  
  public Super getSuper() {  
    return _super;  
  }  
  public void setSuper(Super value) {  
    this._super = value;  
  }  
}
```

Generated Class

```
public class Sub {  
  .....  
}
```

Generated Class

```
public class Super {  
  .....  
}
```

Generated Class

Schema

```
private Subclass convert(  
    psOA.ruleML.parser.jaxb.Subclass subclass,  
    AbstractSyntax absSynFactory) {  
  
    Sub sub = subclass.getSub();  
  
    AbstractSyntax.Term subcls;  
  
    if (sub.getVar() != null)  
    {  
        subcls = convert(sub.getVar(),absSynFactory);  
    }  
    else if (sub.getConst() != null){  
        subcls = convert(sub.getConst(),absSynFactory);  
    }  
    else if (sub.getExpr() != null){  
        subcls = convert(sub.getExpr(),absSynFactory);  
    }  
    else if (sub.getExternal() != null){  
        subcls = convert(sub.getExternal(),absSynFactory);  
    }  
    else  
        throw new Error("Bad instance of Sub");  
  
    Super sup = subclass.getSuper();  
    ... ..  
    return absSynFactory.createSubclass(subcls, supcls);  
}
```

Conclusion

- This is the only API for PSOA RuleML
- Schema is very close to RIF, hence interoperability is possible
- Off the shelf complementary translator PSOA2TPTP allows reasoning

Rendering Native PSOA RuleML to Presentation Syntax

```
public interface Subclass extends Atomic {  
  
    public Term getSubclass();  
  
    public Term getSuperclass();  
  
    public Set<Var> variables();  
  
}
```

```
Public AbstractSyntax.Subclass  
createSubclass(AbstractSyntax.Term lhs,  
AbstractSyntax.Term rhs)  
{  
    return new Subclass(lhs, rhs);  
}
```

```
public static class Subclass extends Atomic implements  
AbstractSyntax.Subclass {  
  
    public Subclass(AbstractSyntax.Term lhs,  
AbstractSyntax.Term rhs) {  
        _lhs = lhs;  
        _rhs = rhs;  
    }  
    public AbstractSyntax.Term getSubclass() {  
        return _lhs;  
    }  
    public AbstractSyntax.Term getSuperclass() {  
        return _rhs;  
    }  
    public Set<AbstractSyntax.Var> variables() {  
        Set<AbstractSyntax.Var> result = _lhs.variables();  
        result.addAll(_rhs.variables());  
        return result;  
    }  
    public String toString() {  
        return toString("");  
    }  
    public String toString(String indent) {  
        String result = indent + _lhs.toString("") + " ## "  
        + _rhs.toString("");  
        return result;  
    }  
    private AbstractSyntax.Term _lhs;  
    private AbstractSyntax.Term _rhs;  
}
```

References

- Boley H., A RIF-Style Semantics for RuleML-Integrated Positional-Slotted, Object-Applicative Rules, RuleML Europe 2011, 194-211
- The TPTP Problem Library for Automated Theorem Proving , <http://www.cs.miami.edu/~tptp/>
- PSOA2TPTP <http://psoa2tptp.googlecode.com>