

**UNBOS INSTRUCTIONAL OPERATING SYSTEM
SOURCE CODE**

by

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total 9

```
drwxrwxrwx 2 560 Aug 31 13:02 devlib
drwxrwxrwx 2 416 Aug 30 23:55 h
drwxrwxrwx 2 1184 Aug 31 13:15 kernel
drwxrwxrwx 2 320 Aug 31 12:52 strlib
drwxrwxrwx 2 480 Aug 31 12:55 syslib
drwxrwxrwx 6 272 Aug 31 13:05 user
drwxrwxrwx 2 240 Aug 31 12:56 userboot
```

./devlib:

total 116

```
-r--rw-rw- 1 1553 Aug 31 12:04 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 2193 Aug 31 12:04 arthandle.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 4758 Aug 31 12:04 artinit.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2710 Aug 31 12:04 artint.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 6941 Aug 31 12:05 bootserver.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2526 Aug 31 12:05 devglobals.c
-rw-rw---- 1 21346 Aug 31 13:02 devlib.a
-r--rw-rw- 1 7627 Aug 31 12:05 diskops.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 8958 Aug 31 12:06 diskserver.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 4648 Aug 31 12:06 iocc.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1527 Aug 31 12:06 ioccint.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 1410 Aug 31 12:06 setvec.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1740 Aug 31 12:07 ttyinit.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 6188 Aug 31 12:07 ttyrcv.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 5682 Aug 31 12:08 ttyserver.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2212 Aug 31 12:08 ttyxmit.c
```

./estdio:

total 68

```
-rw-rw-rw- 1 59450 Nov 15 1991 stdio.a
-rw-rw-rw- 1 7205 Aug 30 1991 stdio.h
```

./h:

total 60

```
-r--rw-rw- 1 4140 Aug 30 23:51 art.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 2898 Aug 30 23:51 as.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1582 Aug 30 23:52 debug.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 773 Aug 30 23:52 diskserver.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 2186 Aug 30 23:52 errcode.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1398 Aug 30 23:52 fileserver.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 3347 Aug 30 23:52 icu.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 2749 Aug 30 23:52 iocc.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 874 Aug 30 23:52 kernel.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 2705 Aug 30 23:53 kernserver.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 2211 Aug 30 23:53 mmap.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1191 Aug 30 23:53 pageframe.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 908 Aug 30 23:53 port.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1167 Aug 30 23:53 queue.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1319 Aug 30 23:53 sem.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1863 Aug 30 23:54 server.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 7675 Aug 30 23:54 stdio.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1043 Aug 30 23:54 syslib.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 3016 Aug 30 23:54 trap.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1593 Aug 30 23:54 tty.h
-r--rw-rw- 1 1666 Aug 30 23:54 vm.h
```

-r--rw-rw- 1 3180 Aug 30 23:54 xbl401.h

./kernel:

total 374

-rw-rw---- 1 33316 Aug 31 13:12 Kernel.im
-r--rw-rw- 1 4002 Aug 30 22:30 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 196 Aug 30 22:30 Xlink
-r--rw-rw- 1 6623 Aug 30 22:31 addrspace.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2431 Aug 30 22:31 diskswap.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 5445 Aug 30 22:31 freemem.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 9037 Aug 30 22:31 getmem.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 3671 Aug 30 22:32 getty.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2544 Aug 30 22:32 globals.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 6757 Aug 30 22:32 icu.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 7379 Aug 30 22:32 initkern.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 6863 Aug 30 22:33 initserver.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 4474 Aug 30 22:33 initsys.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 6204 Aug 30 22:33 kernlib.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 4965 Aug 30 22:34 kernserver.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 5885 Aug 30 22:35 kernservpr.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 3563 Aug 30 22:36 lock.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 6709 Aug 30 22:36 msgbuf.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 6196 Aug 30 22:36 msgpass.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 13760 Aug 30 22:37 pageframe.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1813 Aug 30 22:37 panic.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 5354 Aug 30 22:37 port.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 4527 Aug 30 22:37 queue.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 4067 Aug 30 22:37 ready.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 3157 Aug 30 22:38 realmem.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 2875 Aug 30 22:38 regwork.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 6076 Aug 30 22:38 saverags.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 4624 Aug 30 22:38 sem.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2740 Aug 30 22:38 startup.s
-r--rw-rw- 1 3897 Aug 30 22:39 svchandler.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 8201 Aug 30 22:39 thread.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 3006 Aug 30 22:39 trap.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2825 Aug 30 22:39 trapcatch.s

./strlib:

total 24

-r--rw-rw- 1 448 Aug 31 12:09 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 354 Aug 31 12:09 atou.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 236 Aug 31 12:09 charfuncs.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1071 Aug 31 12:09 convert.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1333 Aug 31 12:10 doprint.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1026 Aug 31 12:10 memcpy.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 680 Aug 31 12:10 memfuncs.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1564 Aug 31 12:10 strfuncs.c
-rw-rw---- 1 4836 Aug 31 12:52 strlib.a

./syslib:

total 58

-r--rw-rw- 1 1135 Aug 31 12:13 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 388 Aug 31 12:13 abort.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2942 Aug 31 12:13 callsoc.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2764 Aug 31 12:14 callersw.c

```

-r--rw-rw- 1 1202 Aug 31 12:14 callutil.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2669 Aug 31 12:14 fexec.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 3509 Aug 31 12:14 malloc.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1341 Aug 31 12:14 msglib.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1121 Aug 31 12:14 statmsg.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2122 Aug 31 12:14 svc.s
-rw-rw---- 1 12104 Aug 31 12:55 syslib.a
-r--rw-rw- 1 921 Aug 31 12:14 threadlib.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 1646 Aug 31 12:14 threadtab.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 284 Aug 31 12:15 userpanic.c

```

./user:

total 66

```

-r--rw-rw- 1 424 Aug 31 12:19 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 194 Aug 31 12:19 Userlink
-rw-rw---- 1 23448 Aug 31 13:05 bootdisk.im
drwxrwxrwx 2 192 Aug 31 12:21 cat
drwxrwxrwx 2 64 Aug 31 12:21 data
drwxrwxrwx 2 160 Aug 31 13:05 hex
-rwxrwxrwx 1 18321 Jun 22 00:58 mkboot
-r--rw-rw- 1 1949 Aug 31 12:19 mkboot.c
-rwxrwxrwx 1 11208 Jul 22 18:16 mkexec
-r--rw-rw- 1 2100 Aug 31 12:19 mkexec.c
drwxrwxrwx 2 288 Aug 31 13:04 shell

```

./user/cat:

total 2

```

-r--rw-rw- 1 582 Aug 31 12:21 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 778 Aug 31 12:21 cat.c

```

./user/data:

total 1

```

-rw-rw-rw- 1 53 Jul 22 17:42 Userprog.unbos

```

./user/hex:

total 45

```

-r--rw-rw- 1 582 Aug 31 12:22 Makefile
-rw-rw---- 1 9276 Aug 31 13:05 Userprog.im
-rw-rw---- 1 9296 Aug 31 13:05 Userprog.unbos
-r--rw-rw- 1 1103 Aug 31 12:22 hex.c

```

./user/shell:

total 82

```

-r--rw-rw- 1 874 Aug 31 12:23 Makefile
-rw-rw---- 1 14076 Aug 31 13:04 Userprog.im
-rw-rw---- 1 14096 Aug 31 13:04 Userprog.unbos
-r--rw-rw- 1 1310 Aug 31 12:23 builtin.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 3047 Aug 31 12:23 disk.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 519 Aug 31 12:23 external.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 2943 Aug 31 12:23 shell.c
-r--rw-rw- 1 159 Aug 31 12:24 shell.h

```

./userboot:

total 22

```

-r--rw-rw- 1 731 Aug 31 12:02 Makefile
-r--rw-rw- 1 122 Aug 31 12:03 bootentry.s

```

-r--r--r--	1	3853	Aug 31 12:03	loadprog.c
-rw-r--r--	1	1428	Aug 31 12:56	userboot.im
-r--r--r--	1	1291	Aug 31 12:03	userstart.c
-r--r--r--	1	193	Aug 31 12:03	xlink

```

/*-----*/
* HEADER: art.h 1.4 92/08/30 23:51:37
*
* Definitions for Signetics 2681 Dual UART. This file is mostly ripped
* off from Xinu-3216.
/*-----*/

/* Register definitions for both channels */
#define ARTMRA 0 /* mode register channel A read/write*/
#define ARTSRA 2 /* Status register ch. A read */
#define ARTCSRA 2 /* Clock select register ch. A write */
#define ARTCRA 4 /* Command register ch. A write */
#define ARTRHRA 6 /* Receiver holding register ch A. read */
#define ARTTHRA 6 /* Transmitter holding register ch A. write */
#define ARTIPCR 8 /* Input port change register read */
#define ARTACR 8 /* Auxilliary control register write */
#define ARTISR 10 /* Interrupt status register read */
#define ARTIMR 10 /* Interrupt mask register write */
#define ARTCTU 12 /* Counter/timer upper half read */
#define ARTCTUR 12 /* Counter/timer upper register write */
#define ARTCTL 14 /* Counter/timer lower half read */
#define ARTCTLR 14 /* Counter/timer lower register write */
#define ARTMRB 16 /* Mode register channel B read/write*/
#define ARTSRB 18 /* Status register ch. B. read */
#define ARTCSRB 18 /* Clock select register ch. B. write */
#define ARTCRB 20 /* Command register ch. B. write */
#define ARTRHRB 22 /* Receiver holding register ch B. read */
#define ARTTHRB 22 /* Transmitter holding register ch B. write */
#define ARTIP 26 /* Input port read */
#define ARTOPCR 26 /* output port configuration write */
#define ARTSTCC 28 /* Start counter command address read ! */
#define ARTSOPBC 28 /* Set output port bits command write */
#define ARTSPCC 30 /* Stop counter command read ! */
#define ARTROPBC 30 /* Reset output port bits command write */

/* a channel-generic definition for the UART */
#define ARTMR 0 /* Mode register read/write*/
#define ARTSR 2 /* Status register read */
#define ARTCSR 2 /* Clock select register write */
#define ARTCR 4 /* Command register write */
#define ARTRHR 6 /* Receiver holding register read */
#define ARTTHR 6 /* Transmitter holding register write */

/* define the Channels */
#define ARTCHANA 0 /* Channel A */
#define ARTCHANB 1 /* Channel B */

/* definitions for command register fields */
#define ARTTXDISABLE 0x8 /* Disable transmitter */
#define ARTTXENABLE 0x4 /* Enable Transmitter */
#define ARTRXDISABLE 0x2 /* Disable receiver */
#define ARTRXENABLE 0x1 /* Enable receiver */
#define ARTRESETMR 0x10 /* Reset the mode register pointer */
#define ARTRESET 0x20 /* Reset receiver & flush FIFO */
#define ARTTRESET 0x30 /* Reset transmitter */
#define ARTCLEARERR 0x40 /* Reset the error flags*/

```

```

#define ARTRESETBRK    0x50    /* Reset the break change interrupt    */
#define ARTXMTBRK      0x60    /* Start transmitting break          */
#define ARTSTOPBRK     0x70    /* Stop Transmitting break          */

#define ARTERRMASK      0x80    /* Mask for status register          */
#define ARTRXRDY       0x01    /* Mask to check if reciever ready   */
#define ARTTXRDY       0x04    /* Mask to check if transmitter ready */

#define ARTTIENABLE     0x01    /* Mask to enable xmit interrupt generation */
#define ARTRIENABLE     0x02    /* Mask to enable rec interrupt generation */
#define ARTTIENABLEA    0x01
#define ARTRIENABLEA    0x02
#define ARTTIENABLEB    0x10
#define ARTRIENABLEB    0x20

/* "hardware" settings these are as close to the rom monitor values as possible*/
#define ARTMODE1        0x93
#define ARTMODE2        0x17
#define ARTOPCONF       0xf0
#define ARTAUXVAL       0x30
#define ARTSOPBVAL      0x0f
#define ARTSPEED        0xbb
#define ARTIMRCLEAR     0x00

#define ARTCHMASK       0377    /*mask to force only 7 bit ascii characters*/

typedef struct {
    void          (*receiveVectorA)();
    void          (*receiveVectorB)();
    void          (*transmitVectorA)();
    void          (*transmitVectorB)();
    Ulong         channelParmA;
    Ulong         channelParmB;
    unsigned char *ioaddr;
    unsigned char  imrValue;
} ArtDesc;

/*-----*/
* END OF HEADER: art.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  as.h      1.9      92/08/30      23:51:46
 *
 * Definitions for address spaces and threads.
 *\-----*/

#define AS_MAGIC_NUM_ADDR_SPACE      0x50534441      /* "ADSP" */
#define AS_MAGIC_NUM_THREAD          0x44524854      /* "THRD" */

#define AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT      10
#define AS_THREAD_STATE_READY        11
#define AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_PORT    20
#define AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_SVC     21
#define AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_SEM     30
#define AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED    40
#define AS_THREAD_STATE_BUSY         50

#define AS_PRIORITY_HIGHEST          0
#define AS_PRIORITY_SVC_SERVER        2
#define AS_PRIORITY_RECYCLER_SERVER  3
#define AS_PRIORITY_DEVICE_SERVER     5
#define AS_PRIORITY_KERNEL_SERVER     8
#define AS_PRIORITY_BOOT_THREAD       9
#define AS_PRIORITY_USER_LEVEL_SERVER 10
#define AS_PRIORITY_USER_PROCESS      20
#define AS_PRIORITY_NULL_THREAD       0xFFFFFFFF

#define AS_THREAD_REG_COUNT           13
#define AS_USER_TRAP_COUNT            4
#define AS_REG_RO                     0
#define AS_REG_GPR_COUNT              8
#define AS_REG_PC                     8
#define AS_REG_PSR                    9
#define AS_REG_SP                     10
#define AS_REG_FP                     11
#define AS_REG_MOD                    12
#define AS_REG_USER_PSR               0xB00
#define AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR             0xA00
#define AS_REG_BOOT_PSR               0x200

#define AS_NULL_STACK_LENGTH          450
#define AS_BOOT_STACK_LENGTH          2000
#define AS_THREAD_NAME_LENGTH         33
#define AS_DEFAULT_STACK_LENGTH       4096

/*== Required forward definitions =====*/

typedef struct StructAddrSpace AddrSpace;
typedef struct StructThread Thread;

/*== ADDRESS SPACE =====*/

struct StructAddrSpace {
    AddrSpace      *nextAddrSpace;
    AddrSpace      *prevAddrSpace;
    Ulong          priority;

```

```

    Ulong      addrSpaceMagicNumber;
    Void      *pageTable;
    Thread     *ownedThreadList;
    Ulong      addrSpaceCapabilityCheck;
    Boolean    swappable;
    Boolean    swappedIn;
    Ulong      memoryPageCount;
    Ulong      firstFreePage;
    Void      *lockingSem;
    Void      *ownedPortList; /* actually of type Queue* */
    Ulong      notificationPortMachineID;
    Ulong      notificationPortPortDesc;
    Ulong      notificationPortPortCheck;
};

/*== THREAD =====*/

struct StructThread {
    Thread     *nextThread;
    Thread     *prevThread;
    Ulong      priority;
    Ulong      threadMagicNumber;
    Ulong      state;
    Ulong      threadCapabilityCheck;
    AddrSpace  *ownerAddrSpace;
    Void      *userPtr;
    Ulong      reg [AS_THREAD_REG_COUNT];
    Thread     *nextThreadInAddrSpace;
    Void      *portWaitingOn;
    Void      *semWaitingOn;
    Ulong      semMaxPriority;
    char       name[AS_THREAD_NAME_LENGTH];
};

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER:  as.h
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: debug.h      1.3      92/08/30      23:51:56
 *
 * Definitions for debugging. Uncomment the definitions for the debugging
 * status information you wish to view on the console as the system runs.
 *-----*/

/*=====*\
 * Kernel.
 *=====*/

#define DEBUG
#define DEBUG_VERIFY /*for certain non-printing consistency checking*/
/* #define DEBUG_VERIFY_MUCH */
#define DEBUG_BANNER
/* #define DEBUG_INITPFT */
/* #define DEBUG_GETMEM */
/* #define DEBUG_IOCC */
/* #define DEBUG_ADDR_SPACE */
/* #define DEBUG_PORT */
/* #define DEBUG_MSG_BUFFER */
/* #define DEBUG_THREAD */

/*=====*\
 * Device and kernel servers.
 *=====*/

#define DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
#define DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER
/* #define DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER_MUCH */
/* #define DEBUG_MSG_RECYCLER_SERVER */
/* #define DEBUG_TTY */
#define DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
/* #define DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER_MUCH */
/* #define DEBUG_DISK_FILE_SERVER */
/* #define DEBUG_PREFIX_SERVER */

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: debug.h
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: diskserver.h 1.2 92/08/30 23:52:04
 *
 * Disk server request codes. Disk servers would probably be better off
 * without the allocate, free, and sync calls.
 *-----*/

#define DS_READ_BLOCKS 4501
#define DS_WRITE_BLOCKS 4502
#define DS_ALLOCATE_BLOCKS 4503
#define DS_FREE_BLOCKS 4504
#define DS_SYNC_DISK 4505
#define DS_FORMAT_DISK 4506
#define DS_MOUNT_DISK 4507
#define DS_UNMOUNT_DISK 4508

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: diskserver.h
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  errcode.h    1.5    92/08/30    23:52:11
 *
 * Error code definitions.  These error codes are returned by servers and
 * kernel routines.  The POSIX 1003.1 draft error codes are included here
 * too, but are mostly unused.
 *-----*/

typedef int Errcode;

#define ERR_OK                0
#define ERR_UNSPECIFIED      1
#define ERR_INVALID_OBJECT   2

/* address space errors */

#define ERR_ABORT_REQUEST    1001

/* thread errors */

#define ERR_TH_RESUME        2001
#define ERR_TH_SUSPEND      2002

/* message passing errors */

#define ERR_MSG_BAD_PORT_DESC 3001
#define ERR_MSG_BAD_PORT_CHECK 3002
#define ERR_MSG_PORT_NOT_OWNED 3003
#define ERR_MSG_NO_MESSAGE    3004
#define ERR_MSG_RECEIVE_WAIT  3005

/* server errors */

#define ERR_SERVER_UNKNOWN_OPCODE 4001
#define ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY 4002
#define ERR_SERVER_TOO_MANY_OPEN_FILES 4003
#define ERR_SERVER_FILE_NOT_FOUND 4004

/* disk server errors */

#define ERR_DISK_NOT_MOUNTED 5001
#define ERR_DISK_MOUNTED    5002
#define ERR_DISK_FULL        5003
#define ERR_DISK_BLOCK_ALREADY_FREE 5004

/* POSIX errno codes */

#define E2BIG                8001
#define EACCES               8002
#define EAGAIN               8003
#define EBADF                8004    /* bad file number */
#define EBUSY                8005
#define ECHILD               8006
#define EDEADLK              8007
#define EEXIST               8008
#define EFAULT               8009

```

```
#define EFBIG          8010
#define EINTR          8011
#define EINVAL        8012
#define EIO            8013
#define EISDIR         8014
#define EMFILE         8015 /* too many open files in a process */
#define EMLINK         8016
#define ENAMETOOLONG   8017
#define ENFILE         8018
#define ENODEV         8019
#define ENOENT         8020
#define ENOEXEC        8021
#define ENOMEM         8022
#define ENOSPC         8023
#define ENOTDIR        8024
#define ENOTTY         8025
#define ENXIO          8026
#define EPERM          8027
#define EPIPE          8028
#define ERDFS          8029
#define ESPIPE         8030
#define ESRCH          8031
#define EXDEV          8032
```

```
/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: errcode.h
\*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: fileserver.h      1.5      92/08/30      23:52:18
 *
 * Definitions for device servers (except disk block servers). The POSIX
 * "fcntl.h" open codes are included also.
 *-----*/

/* file server operation codes */

#define FS_OPEN          2001
#define FS_CLOSE         2002
#define FS_READ          2003
#define FS_WRITE         2004
#define FS_DUP           2005
#define FS_LSEEK         2006
#define FS_STAT          2007
#define FS_FSTAT         2008
#define FS_IOCTL         2009
#define FS_LINK          2010
#define FS_UNLINK        2011
#define FS_MKNOD         2012
#define FS_OPENDIR       2013
#define FS_CLOSEDIR      2014
#define FS_READDIR       2015
#define FS_GET_SEARCH_CAP 2016
#define FS_GET_DEVICE_TYPE 2017

/* file server device type codes */

#define FS_DEVICE_TYPE_TTY 3001
#define FS_DEVICE_TYPE_DISK 3002
#define FS_DEVICE_TYPE_CHAR 3003
#define FS_DEVICE_TYPE_PIPE 3004

/* fcntl open codes */

#define O_RDONLY          0
#define O_WRONLY          1
#define O_RDWR            2
#define O_APPEND          0x04
#define O_CREAT           0x08
#define O_EXCL             0x10
#define O_NONBLOCK        0x20
#define O_TRUNC           0x40

typedef unsigned long int off_t;

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: fileserver.h
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: icu.h 1.7 92/08/30 23:52:26
 *
 * Definitions for the ICU. This file is ripped off from Xinu-3216.
 *\-----*/

/* icu.h - lsv dec 86 */
/* -- modified may 87 for inclusion with xinu */
/* -- modified jun 91 for inclusion with UNBOS */

/* icu counter start values */

#define ICU_LCSV_L 0xd0 /* 1ms = 1,474 (0x000005c2) */
#define ICU_LCSV_H 0x3f /* 100ms = 147,400 (0x00023fd0) */
#define ICU_HCSV_L 0x02 /* 5 sec = 7,370,000 (0x008fbaf0) */
#define ICU_HCSV_H 0x00

/* icu device register constants */

#define ICU_FREEZE 0x82 /* mctl register for freezing */
#define ICU_THAW 0x02 /* and thawing */
#define ICU_START 0xf8 /* cctl register for starting */
#define ICU_STOP 0xf0 /* and stopping */

#define ICU_ART1H 0x0004 /* ICU interrupt register bit */
#define ICU_ART2H 0x0010 /* positions */
#define ICU_CLOCK 0x0040
#define ICU_ART1L 0x0400
#define ICU_ART2L 0x1000
#define ICU_SCSI 0x2000
#define ICU_FRT 0x4000

/* icu device register layout for nsc 3202 interrupt controller */
typedef struct {
    Ulong hvct: 8, /* hardware vector */
    byte0: 8,
    svct: 8, /* software vector */
    byte3: 8;
    Ulong eltg_l: 8, /* edge level triggering */
    byte5: 8,
    eltg_h: 8,
    byte7: 8;
    Ulong tpl_l: 8, /* triggering polarity */
    byte9: 8,
    tpl_h: 8,
    byte11: 8;
    Ulong ipnd_l: 8, /* interrupts pending */
    byte13: 8,
    ipnd_h: 8,
    byte15: 8;
    Ulong isrv_l: 8, /* interrupts in service */
    byte17: 8,
    isrv_h: 8,
    byte19: 8;
    Ulong imsk_l: 8, /* interrupt mask */
    byte21: 8,

```

```

        imsk_h: 8,
        byte23: 8;
Ulong   csrc_l: 8,      /* cascaded source      */
        byte25: 8,
        csrc_h: 8,
        byte27: 8;
Ulong   fprr_l: 8,      /* first priority      */
        byte29: 8,
        fprr_h: 8,
        byte31: 8;
Ulong   mctl: 8,        /* mode control        */
        byte33: 8,
        ocase: 8,       /* output clock assignment */
        byte35: 8;
Ulong   ciptr: 8,       /* counter interrupt pointer */
        byte37: 8,
        pdat: 8,        /* port data ( 8 bit bus mode) */
        byte39: 8;
Ulong   ips: 8,         /* interrupt/port select */
        byte41: 8,
        pdir: 8,        /* port direction      */
        byte43: 8;
Ulong   cctl: 8,        /* counter control      */
        byte45: 8,
        cictl: 8,       /* counter interrupt control */
        byte47: 8;
Ulong   lcsv_l: 8,      /* lower counter starting value */
        byte49: 8,
        lcsv_h: 8,
        byte51: 8;
Ulong   hcsv_l: 8,      /* high counter start value */
        byte53: 8,
        hcsv_h: 8,
        byte55: 8;
Ulong   lccv_l: 8,      /* lower counter current value */
        byte57: 8,
        lccv_h: 8,
        byte59: 8;
Ulong   hccv_l: 8,      /* high counter current value */
        byte61: 8,
        hccv_h: 8,
        byte63: 8;
} Icu;

/*-----*/
* END OF HEADER: icu.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* HEADER: iocc.h 1.3 92/08/30 23:52:37
*
* Definitions for the ICM-3216 SCSI I/O Channel Controller. This file
* is mostly ripped off from Xinu-3216.
/*-----*/

/* I/O Control Block structure */

typedef struct { /* controller command descriptor block */
    char ioccode; /* always 0x0 */
    char iocdest; /* target controller & subchan */
    char iocscsi[12]; /* scsi control block */
    char iocstarstat; /* status code from target cont. */
    char iocerrstat; /* status code from chan controller */
    char *iocdata; /* pointer to data to be transferred */
    char *iocptta; /* transfer pointer table address */
    Ulong ioclimit; /* maximum number of bytes to transfer*/
    char *ioclink; /* pointer to next scsicdb if linked */
} IocCommand;

/* Masks for channel controller status register */

#define IOCC_SRBSY 0x80 /* channel controller is busy */
#define IOCC_SRINT 0x10 /* channel controller has interrupted CPU */
#define IOCC_SRRST 0x20 /* Channel controller has done SCSI bus reset*/
#define IOCC_SRCHMASK 0x07 /* subchannel mask */

/* Commands to channel controller */

#define IOCC_WCTPA 0 /* write command table pointer address */
#define IOCC_IA 1 /* Interrupt acknowledge */
#define IOCC_RSTIOC 2 /* Reset I/O controller */
#define IOCC_RSTSCSI 3 /* Reset SCSI bus */
#define IOCC_DIAG 4 /* Execute diagnostic firmware */
#define IOCC_RSTA 5 /* SCSI bus reset acknowledge */
#define IOCC_SIO 0x10 /* start I/O on subchannel n */
/* subchan is specified by adding n to IOCSIO */
#define IOCC_AIO 0x20 /* abort I/O on subchannel n */
/* subchannel is specified by adding n to IOCSIO or IOCAIO*/

/* Channel controller error codes (in iocerrstat) */

#define IOCC_OK 0 /* No error occurred */
#define IOCC_ABORT 1 /* I/O operation aborted by abort command */
#define IOCC_TIME 2 /* Target select timed out */
#define IOCC_BIG 3 /* Attempt to transfer more than IOCLIMIT */
#define IOCC_BADC 4 /* Bad Channel command */
#define IOCC_NOBUF 5 /* Buffer space too small for transfer table*/
#define IOCC_DISC 6 /* Unexpected target controller disconnect */

/* Command pointer table */

#define IOCC_NSC 8 /* number of subchannels & size of ioccpt */

/* Constants for delay loops for timeouts */

```

```
#define      IOCC_BT1      50000    /* Approx. 100ms for controller busy tests */
#define IOCC_BT2      5000000    /* Approx. 10s for SCSI bus reset */
#define IOCC_IOT      1000000    /* Approx. 2s for disk io */
```

```
/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: iocc.h
\*-----*/
```

```
/*-----*\
* HEADER: kernel.h 1.10 92/08/30 23:52:45
*
* Global type definitions and constants used by all kernel modules.
*\-----*/

typedef unsigned long int Ulong;
typedef unsigned long int Boolean;
typedef char Void; /* should only be used as Void* */
typedef unsigned char Uchar;
typedef unsigned long int CPint; /* character pointer -> int */

#define NULL 0
#define FALSE 0
#define TRUE 1
#define VERSION "ICM-3216 1.00.04 (1992/08/31)"
#define KERN_MACHINE_ID 1
#define LOCAL static
#define KERN_UNMAGIC_NUMBER 0

/*-----*\
* END OF HEADER: kernel.h
*\-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: kernserver.h    1.6    92/08/30    23:52:58
 *
 * Definitions for the kernel server and for the system call library.
 *-----*/

/* kernel server operation codes */

#define KS_CREATE_ADDR_SPACE      10000
#define KS_REMOVE_ADDR_SPACE     10001
#define KS_CREATE_MEMORY          10100
#define KS_REMOVE_MEMORY         10101
#define KS_CREATE_PORT            10200
#define KS_REMOVE_PORT           10201
#define KS_CREATE_MSG_BUFFER      10300
#define KS_CREATE_THREAD          10400
#define KS_REMOVE_THREAD          10401
#define KS_SUSPEND_THREAD         10402
#define KS_RESUME_THREAD          10403
#define KS_SET_USER_TRAP          10404

#define KS_NOTIFY_MSG             10500

/* system call library addresses */

#define KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG    0xFE0000 /* a.s. creation msg addr */
#define KS_ADDR_SYS_CALLS         0xFF0000
#define KS_ADDR_INFO_PAGE         0xFFFD00 /* kernel info page addr */

/* constants */

#define KS_AMSG_PTR                ((CreateAddrSpaceMsg *) KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG)
#define KS_CURRENT_THREAD          (*(Ulong *) KS_ADDR_INFO_PAGE)
#define KS_MAX_THREADS             10
#define KS_MAX_FILES               20
#define KS_SMALL_MSG_LENGTH        512
#define KS_FILE_DATA_LENGTH        1024
#define KS_FILE_DATA_OFFSET        KS_SMALL_MSG_LENGTH
#define KS_FILE_BUFFER_LENGTH      (KS_FILE_DATA_LENGTH + KS_FILE_DATA_OFFSET)
#define KS_BOOT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH  16384
#define KS_INIT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH  512
#define KS_EXEC_PROG_MAGIC_NUM     666

/* address space creation message structures */

typedef struct {
    Boolean        used;
    Ulong          threadID;
    Capability      threadCap;
    MsgBuffer      *threadMsgBuffer;
    Port           threadPort;
    Ulong          threadErrno;
} ThreadEntry;

typedef struct {
    Boolean        used;

```

```

    MsgBuffer      *fileMsgBuffer;
    Capability      fileCap;
} FileEntry;

typedef struct {
    Port            destPort;
    Ulong           physicalLength;
    Ulong           msgStartOffset;
    Ulong           msgLength;
    Capability       addrSpaceCap; /* set by OS */
    Ulong           operationCode;
    Port            replyPort;
    Ulong           requestNumber;
    Ulong           errorCode;
    Port            notificationPort;
    Ulong           initThreadStackLength;
    char            *initThreadStackPtr;
    Ulong           requestedPriority;
    ThreadEntry     threadtab [KS_MAX_THREADS]; /* [0]=initThread */

    /* user-relevant fields */
    FileEntry       filetab [KS_MAX_FILES]; /*[0]=stdin,1=stdout,2=stderr */
    Capability       rootSearchCap;
    Capability       currentSearchCap;
    char            *programFilename;
    Ulong           argc;
    char            *argv[1];           /* really "argv[argc]" */
    /* strings go here */
} CreateAddrSpaceMsg;

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: kernserver.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  memmap.h      1.11      92/08/30      23:53:09
 *
 * Address of kernel and user address space objects.
/*-----*/

/* kernel address space */

#define ADDR_PTBO_TABLE      0x8000      /* 1,024 bytes */
#define ADDR_MOD_TABLE      0x8400      /* 512 bytes */
#define ADDR_DISPATCH_TABLE 0x8600      /* 128 bytes */
#define ADDR_TRAP_STACK      0x8680      /* 1,920 bytes */
#define ADDR_TRAP_STACK_END 0x8DFC
#define ADDR_KERNEL_ADDR_SPACE 0x8E00      /* ~60 bytes */
#define ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_LIST 0x8E40      /* ~20 bytes */
#define ADDR_KERNEL_AS_PORT_QUEUE 0x8E60      /* ~20 bytes */
#define ADDR_SEM_KERNEL_AS 0x8E80      /* ~16 bytes */
#define ADDR_SEM_KERNEL_AS_QUEUE 0x8EA0      /* ~20 bytes */
#define ADDR_SEM_KMALLOC 0x8EC0      /* ~16 bytes */
#define ADDR_SEM_KMALLOC_QUEUE 0x8EE0      /* ~20 bytes */
#define ADDR_NULL_THREAD 0x8F00      /* ~172 bytes */
#define ADDR_SEM_PAGEFRAME 0x8FC0      /* ~16 bytes */
#define ADDR_SEM_PAGEFRAME_QUEUE 0x8FE0      /* ~20 bytes */
#define ADDR_TEMP_WORK 0x8FFC
#define ADDR_UNBOS 0x9000      /* variable length */
#define ADDR_BOOTSTRAP_CODE 0x300000      /* up to 64K */
#define ADDR_BOOT_DISK_IMAGE 0x310000      /* up to 960K */
#define ADDR_END_RAM_PLUS1 0x400000
#define ADDR_ID_SPACE 0xA00000      /* 512 bytes */
#define ADDR_CONSOLE_DATA_REG 0xA00056
#define ADDR_CONSOLE_STAT_REG 0xA00052
#define ADDR_LAST_THREAD_RESTORED 0xFFFC00      /* shared page */
#define ADDR_ICU_SPACE 0xFFFE00      /* 512 bytes */
#define ADDR_END_VM_PLUS1 0x1000000

/* user address space */

#define ADDR_USER_ZERO_PAGE 0x000000      /* 512 bytes */
#define ADDR_USER_MOD_TABLE 0x000200      /* 512 bytes */
#define ADDR_USER_BOOTSTRAP_CODE 0xFF0000
#define ADDR_USER_BOOTSTRAP_ENTRY 0xFF0004
#define ADDR_USER_KERN_INFO_PAGE 0xFFFC00
#define ADDR_USER_CURRENT_THREAD 0xFFFC00
#define ADDR_USER_THREAD_PTR 0xFFFC04

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER:  memmap.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: pageframe.h    1.5    92/08/30    23:53:20
 *
 * Page frame table definitions.
/*-----*/

#define PFT_TYPE_FREE                0
#define PFT_TYPE_REGULAR            1
#define PFT_TYPE_POINTER_TABLE      2
#define PFT_TYPE_PAGE_TABLE        3
#define PFT_STATUS_IN_CLEAN        0
#define PFT_STATUS_IN_DIRTY        1
#define PFT_STATUS_RESERVED1       2
#define PFT_STATUS_RESERVED2       3
#define PFT_POINTER_NULL           0
#define PFT_WSDelta_START           0
#define PFT_DISK_BLOCK_NULL        0
#define PFT_VIRT_PAGE_NULL         0xFFFF

typedef struct {
    Ulong      nextPage : 13,
              prevPage : 13,
              status  : 2,
              type    : 2,
              busy    : 1,
              pagable : 1;
    Ulong      virtualPage : 16,
              wsDelta : 16;
    AddrSpace *addrSpace;
    Ulong      diskBlock;
} PageFrameTableEntry;

#define PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME      0    /* for free list */
#define PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME      1    /* for LRU list */
#define PFT_FIRST_USABLE_FRAME    2

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: pageframe.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: port.h 1.5 92/08/30 23:53:30
 *
 * Port descriptor definitions.
/*-----*/

#define PORT_MAGIC_NUMBER 0x54524F50 /* "PORT" */

typedef struct StructPortDesc PortDesc; /* required forward definition */

struct StructPortDesc {
    PortDesc *nextPortDesc;
    PortDesc *prevPortDesc;
    Ulong priority;
    Ulong portMagicNumber;
    AddrSpace *ownerAddrSpace;
    Ulong portCheck;
    Semaphore *lockingSem;
    Queue *waitingThreadList;

    AddrSpace *storeAddrSpace;
    Ulong waitingMsgCount;
    Ulong firstMsgSlot;
    Ulong lastMsgSlot;
};

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: port.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: queue.h      1.6      92/08/30      23:53:39
 *
 * Queue package definitions.
/*-----*/

#define QUEUE_LOWEST_PRIORITY 0xFFFFFFFF
#define QUEUE_MAGIC_NUMBER    0x55455551      /* "QUEU" */

/* data structures */

typedef struct StructQueueEntry QueueEntry;
typedef struct StructQueue Queue;

struct StructQueueEntry {
    QueueEntry    *next;
    QueueEntry    *prev;
    Ulong         priority;
};

struct StructQueue {
    QueueEntry    *head;
    QueueEntry    *tail;
    Ulong         lowpriority;
    Ulong         count;
    Ulong         queueMagicNumber;
};

/* function prototypes */

extern Queue     *QueueCreate();
extern void      QueueRemove();
extern void      QueueInit();
extern void      QueueInsert();
extern void      QueueUnlink();
extern Ulong     QueueCount();
extern Ulong     QueueHeadPriority();
extern QueueEntry *QueueGetHead();
extern QueueEntry *QueueHead();

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: queue.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: sem.h 1.7 92/08/30 23:53:47
 *
 * Semaphore package definitions.
 *-----*/

#define SEM_MAGIC_NUMBER 0x414D4553 /* "SEMA" */

/* priority values - the priority scheme allows you to only lock a semaphore */
/* of greater priority than the ones you already have. This eliminates the */
/* possibility of deadlock in the kernel */

#define SEM_PRIORITY_PAGE_FRAME_TABLE 0x00000020
#define SEM_PRIORITY_MALLOC 0x00000010
#define SEM_PRIORITY_ADDR_SPACE 0x00000008
#define SEM_PRIORITY_ADDR_SPACE_LIST 0x00000004
#define SEM_PRIORITY_PORT 0x00000002
#define SEM_PRIORITY_PORT_LIST 0x00000001
#define SEM_PRIORITY_NULL 0x00000000

/* data structure */

typedef struct {
    Ulong semMagicNumber;
    Ulong count;
    Ulong semPriority;
    Queue *waitingThreadList;
} Semaphore;

/* function prototypes */

extern Semaphore *SemCreate();
extern void SemInit();
extern void SemRemove();
extern void SemWait();
extern void SemSignal();
extern void SemRestart();

/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: sem.h
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: server.h      1.5      92/08/30      23:53:55
 *
 * Standard definitions used by most servers.
 *-----*/

```

```

/* port alias definitions */

```

```

#define SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE      0xFF414B41      /* "AKA_" */
#define SERV_ALIAS_KERN_SERVER      0
#define SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER    1
#define SERV_ALIAS_KERN_STATUS      2
#define SERV_ALIAS_INIT_SERVER      3
#define SERV_ALIAS_BOOT_DISK        4
#define SERV_ALIAS_DISK_BLOCK        5
#define SERV_ALIAS_CONSOLE          6
#define SERV_ALIAS_TTY1              7
#define SERV_ALIAS_TTY2              8
#define SERV_ALIAS_TTY3              9
#define SERV_ALIAS_NULL_DEVICE      10
#define SERV_ALIAS_PREFIX_SERVER    11
#define SERV_ALIAS_GLOBAL_AS_SERVER 12

#define SERV_PORT_ALIAS_COUNT      20
#define SERV_MAX_MSG_LENGTH        65536
#define SERV_CAP_RIGHTS_OWNER      0xFFFFFFFF

```

```

/*-- PORT -----*/

```

```

typedef struct {
    Ulong      machineID;
    Ulong      portDesc;
    Ulong      portCheck;
} Port;

```

```

/*-- CAPABILITY -----*/

```

```

typedef struct {
    Port      port;
    Ulong      object;
    Ulong      rights;
    Ulong      check;
} Capability;

```

```

/*-- MESSAGE BUFFER -----*/

```

```

typedef struct {
    Port      destPort;
    Ulong      physicalLength;
    Ulong      msgStartOffset;
    Ulong      msgLength;
    Capability capability;
    Ulong      operationCode;
    Port      replyPort;
}

```

```
        Ulong      requestNumber;  
        Ulong      errorCode;  
        Ulong      data[11];  
} MsgBuffer;
```

```
/* message passing function prototypes */
```

```
extern int Send();  
extern MsgBuffer *Receive();  
extern MsgBuffer *ReceiveOpts();
```

```
/*-----*\n * END OF HEADER: server.h\n *-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  stdio.h    1.3    92/08/30    23:54:03
 *
 * Definitions used by C.E. Chew's Estdio 2.1 standart I/O library.
 *-----*/

#ifndef _STDIO_H
#define _STDIO_H

/*          s t d i o
 *
 *          Author: C. E. Chew
 *          Date:   August 1989
 *
 * (C) Copyright C E Chew
 *
 * Feel free to copy, use and distribute this software provided:
 *
 *   1. you do not pretend that you wrote it
 *   2. you leave this copyright notice intact.
 *
 * Definitions and user interface for the stream io package.
 *
 * Patchlevel 2.0
 *
 * Edit History:
 */

/* Site specific definitions */
/*@*/
#ifndef NULL
#define NULL 0
#endif
#define _STDIO_UCHAR_      0
#define _STDIO_VA_LIST_
#define _STDIO_SIZE_T_
#define _STDIO_USIZE_T_    unsigned int
/*==*/

/* Definitions based on ANSI compiler */
#ifdef __STDC__
#ifndef _STDIO_P_
#define _STDIO_P_(x)      x
#endif
#ifndef _STDIO_VA_
#define _STDIO_VA_        , ...
#endif
#ifndef _STDIO_UCHAR_
#define _STDIO_UCHAR_      0
#endif
#else
#ifndef _STDIO_P_
#define _STDIO_P_(x)      ()
#endif
#ifndef _STDIO_VA_
#define _STDIO_VA_

```

```

#endif
#ifndef _STDIO_UCHAR_
#define _STDIO_UCHAR_ (0xff)
#endif
#endif

#ifndef _STDIO_VA_LIST_
#define _STDIO_VA_LIST_ void *
#endif

#ifndef _STDIO_SIZE_T_
#define _STDIO_SIZE_T_ unsigned int
#endif

#ifndef _STDIO_USIZE_T_
#define _STDIO_USIZE_T_ unsigned int
#endif

/* ANSI Definitions */
#define BUFSIZ 1024 /* default buffer size */

#ifndef NULL
#define NULL ((void *) 0) /* null pointer */
#endif

#define EOF (-1) /* eof flag */
#define FOPEN_MAX 16 /* minimum guarantee */
#define FILENAME_MAX 127 /* maximum length of file name */

#define SEEK_SET 0 /* seek from beginning */
#define SEEK_CUR 1 /* seek from here */
#define SEEK_END 2 /* seek from end */

#define TMP_MAX (0xffff) /* maximum number of temporaries */

#define L_tmpnam (5 + 8 + 4 + 1 + 1) /* length of temporary file name */

#ifndef _FPOS_T
#define _FPOS_T
typedef long fpos_t; /* stream positioning */
#endif

#ifndef _SIZE_T
#define _SIZE_T
typedef _STDIO_SIZE_T_ size_t; /* sizeof type */
#endif

#define _IOFBF 000000 /* fully buffered io */
#define _IORD 000001 /* opened for reading */
#define _IOWRT 000002 /* opened for writing */
#define _IONBF 000004 /* unbuffered */
#define _IOMYBUF 000010 /* allocated buffer */
#define _IOPCIBUF 000020 /* buffer belongs to pool */
#define _IOEOF 000040 /* eof encountered */
#define _IOERR 000100 /* error encountered */
#define _IOSTRING 000200 /* strings */

```

```

#define _IOLBF          000400          /* line buffered */
#define _IORW           001000          /* opened for reading and writing */
#define _IOAPPEND       002000          /* append mode */
#define _IOINSERT       004000          /* insert into __iop chain */
#define _IOSTDX         030000          /* standard stream */

#define _IOSTDIN        010000          /* stdin indication */
#define _IOSTDOUT       020000          /* stdout indication */
#define _IOSTDERR       030000          /* stderr indication */

#define _IORETAIN      (_IOSTDX | _IOINSERT) /* flags to be retained */

/* Implementation Definitions */

typedef char __stdiobuf_t;              /* stdio buffer type */
typedef _STDIO_USIZE_T __stdiosize_t;   /* unsigned size_t */

typedef struct __iobuf {
    __stdiobuf_t *__rptr;                /* pointer into read buffer */
    __stdiobuf_t *__rend;                 /* point at end of read buffer */
    __stdiobuf_t *__wptr;                 /* pointer into write buffer */
    __stdiobuf_t *__wend;                 /* point at end of write buffer */
    __stdiobuf_t *__base;                 /* base of buffer */
    __stdiosize_t __bufsiz;               /* size of buffer */
    short __flag;                         /* flags */
    char __file;                          /* channel number */
    __stdiobuf_t __buf;                   /* small buffer */
    int (*__filbuf) _STDIO_P_((struct __iobuf *)); /* fill input buffer */
    int (*__flsbuf) _STDIO_P_((int, struct __iobuf *)); /* flush output buffer */
    int (*__flush) _STDIO_P_((struct __iobuf *)); /* flush buffer */
    struct __iobuf *__next;               /* next in chain */
} FILE;

extern FILE __stdin;                     /* stdin */
extern FILE __stdout;                    /* stdout */
extern FILE __stderr;                   /* stderr */

#define stdin          (&__stdin)
#define stdout         (&__stdout)
#define stderr         (&__stderr)

/* ANSI Stdio Requirements */

int  getc          _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
#if __STDIO_UCHAR_
# define getc(p)    ((p)->__rptr>=(p)->__rend\
                    ?(*(p)->__filbuf)(p)\
                    :(int)((p)->__rptr++&_STDIO_UCHAR_))
#else
# define getc(p)    ((p)->__rptr>=(p)->__rend\
                    ?(*(p)->__filbuf)(p)\
                    :(int)((unsigned char)((p)->__rptr++)))
#endif

int  getchar       _STDIO_P_((void));
#define getchar()   getc(stdin)

```

```

int    putc                _STDIO_P_((int, FILE *));
#if    _STDIO_UCHAR_
#define putc(x,p)          ((p)->__wptr>=(p)->__wend\
                           ?(* (p)->__flsbuf)((x),(p))\
                           :(int)(* (p)->__wptr++=(x)&_STDIO_UCHAR_))
#else
#define putc(x,p)          ((p)->__wptr>=(p)->__wend\
                           ?(* (p)->__flsbuf)((x),(p))\
                           :(int)((unsigned char)(* (p)->__wptr++=(x))))
#endif

int    putchar             _STDIO_P_((int));
#define putchar(x)         putc(x,stdout)

int    feof                _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
#define feof(p)            (((p)->__flag&_IOEOF)!=0)

int    ferror              _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
#define ferror(p)          (((p)->__flag&_IOERR)!=0)

void   clearerr            _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
#define clearerr(p)        ((p)->__flag&=~(_IOEOF!_IOERR))

FILE   *fopen              _STDIO_P_((const char *, const char *));
FILE   *freopen            _STDIO_P_((const char *, const char *, FILE *));
int    fflush              _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
int    fclose              _STDIO_P_((FILE *));

int    fgetpos             _STDIO_P_((FILE *, fpos_t *));
int    fsetpos             _STDIO_P_((FILE *, fpos_t *));
long   ftell               _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
int    fseek               _STDIO_P_((FILE *, long, int));
void   rewind              _STDIO_P_((FILE *));

int    fgetc               _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
int    fputc               _STDIO_P_((int, FILE *));
__stdiosize_t fread        _STDIO_P_((void *, __stdiosize_t,
                                     __stdiosize_t, FILE *));
__stdiosize_t fwrite       _STDIO_P_((void *, __stdiosize_t,
                                     __stdiosize_t, FILE *));

int    getw                _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
int    putw                _STDIO_P_((int, FILE *));
char   *gets               _STDIO_P_((char *));
char   *fgets              _STDIO_P_((char *, int, FILE *));
int    puts                _STDIO_P_((const char *));
int    fputs               _STDIO_P_((const char *, FILE *));

int    ungetc              _STDIO_P_((int, FILE *));

int    printf              _STDIO_P_((const char * _STDIO_VA_));
int    fprintf             _STDIO_P_((FILE *, const char * _STDIO_VA_));
int    sprintf             _STDIO_P_((char *, const char * _STDIO_VA_));
int    vprintf             _STDIO_P_((const char *, _STDIO_VA_LIST_));
int    vfprintf            _STDIO_P_((FILE *, const char *, _STDIO_VA_LIST_));

```

```

int    vsprintf    _STDIO_P_((char *, const char *, _STDIO_VA_LIST));
int    scanf       _STDIO_P_((const char * _STDIO_VA_));
int    fscanf      _STDIO_P_((FILE *, const char * _STDIO_VA_));
int    sscanf      _STDIO_P_((const char *, const char * _STDIO_VA_));

```

```

void    setbuf      _STDIO_P_((FILE *, char *));
int     setvbuf     _STDIO_P_((FILE *, char *, int, __stdiosize_t));

```

```

int     rename      _STDIO_P_((const char *, const char *));
int     remove      _STDIO_P_((const char *));

```

```

void    perror      _STDIO_P_((const char *));

```

```

char *   tmpnam      _STDIO_P_((char *));
FILE *   tmpfile     _STDIO_P_((void));

```

```

/* Posix Definitions */

```

```

int    unlink      _STDIO_P_((const char *));
#define remove(x)    unlink((x))

```

```

#define L_ctermid    9
char *   ctermid    _STDIO_P_((char *s));

```

```

#define L_cuserid    9
char *   cuserid    _STDIO_P_((char *s));

```

```

FILE *fdopen      _STDIO_P_((int, const char *));

```

```

int    fileno      _STDIO_P_((FILE *));
#define fileno(p)    ((p)->__file)

```

```

#undef     _STDIO_P_
#undef     _STDIO_VA_
#undef     _STDIO_VA_LIST_
/*undef    _STDIO_UCHAR_*/
#undef     _STDIO_SIZE_T_
#undef     _STDIO_USIZE_T_
#endif

```

```

/*-----*/
* END OF HEADER: stdio.h
/*-----*/

```

```
/*-----*\
* HEADER: syslib.h 1.3 92/08/30 23:54:15
*
* Definitions used by some system library functions. Perhaps some of the
* definitions in the "kernserver.h" file should have been put here.
*-----*/

#define MALLOC_MAGIC_NUMBER 0x424D454D /* "MEMB" */
#define MALLOC_GETMEM_SIZE 2048
#define SYSLIB_RAND_MULT 296212731
#define SYSLIB_RAND_ADD 87283

/* structure used by the malloc() and free() library calls */
/* The structure is forced to be 16 bytes long for convenience using the */
/* ICM-3216 ROM monitor */

typedef struct StructMemBlock MemBlock;

struct StructMemBlock {
    MemBlock *nextBlock;
    Ulong    blockLength;
    Ulong    junk1, junk2; /*cheat-make block size 16 bytes*/
};

/*-----*\
* END OF HEADER: syslib.h
*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER: trap.h 1.6 92/08/30 23:54:24
 *
 * Definitions for the trap and interrupt mechanisms.
/*-----*\

/*=====*\
 * Trap and interrupt vector numbers.
/*=====*\

#define TRAP_NON_VECTORED 0
#define TRAP_NON_MASKABLE 1
#define TRAP_ABORT 2
#define TRAP_FLOATING_POINT 3
#define TRAP_ILLEGAL_OPERATION 4
#define TRAP_SVC 5
#define TRAP_DIVIDE_BY_ZERO 6
#define TRAP_FLAG 7
#define TRAP_BREAKPOINT 8
#define TRAP_TRACE 9
#define TRAP_UNDEFINED_INSTRUCTION 10
#define TRAP_ART0_RECEIVE 18
#define TRAP_ART1_RECEIVE 20
#define TRAP_CLOCK 22
#define TRAP_MINI_BUS 24
#define TRAP_ART0_TRANSMIT 26
#define TRAP_ART1_TRANSMIT 28
#define TRAP_IOCC 29
#define TRAP_PARALLEL_PORT 30
#define TRAP_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT 32

/*=====*\
 * SuperVisor Call trap register parameters.
/*=====*\

#define SVC_REG_OPERATION 0
#define SVC_OP_SEND 0x53454E44 /* "SEND" */
#define SVC_OP_RECEIVE 0x52454356 /* "RCV" */
#define SVC_REG_RETURN 0
#define SVC_REG_PORT_MACHINE 1
#define SVC_REG_PORT_DESC 2
#define SVC_REG_PORT_CHECK 3
#define SVC_REG_MSG_BUFFER 4
#define SVC_REG_WAIT_FLAG 5
#define SVC_REG_MSG_LENGTH 6
#define SVC_REG_ERRCODE 7

/*=====*\
 * Default values for module table fields.
/*=====*\

#define TRAP_STATIC_BASE_DEFAULT_VALUE 0
#define TRAP_LINK_BASE_DEFAULT_VALUE 0
#define TRAP_RESERVED_DEFAULT_VALUE 0

/*=====*\

```

```

* Module and Dispatch table structures. The linkBase field of a mod
* table entry is used to hold a special parameter for the associated
* trap or interrupt so multiple interrupts can be pointed to the same
* handler routine which can use the parameter to distinguish which
* interrupt occurred.

```

```

/*=====*/

```

```

typedef struct {
    Ulong    staticBase;
    Ulong    linkBase;      /* used to hold interrupt parameter */
    Void     *programBase;
    Ulong    reserved;
} ModTableEntry;

```

```

typedef struct {
    ModTableEntry    entry[TRAP_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT];
} ModTable;

```

```

typedef struct {
    unsigned short    modTablePointer;
    unsigned short    offset;
} DispatchTableEntry;

```

```

typedef struct {
    DispatchTableEntry    entry[TRAP_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT];
} DispatchTable;

```

```

/*-----*/
* END OF HEADER: trap.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  tty.h      1.4      92/08/30      23:54:33
 *
 * Definitions used by the TTY server and interrupt routines.
 *-----*/

#define TTY_IOCTL_SET_MODE    0x1972842d
#define TTY_MODE_RAW          FALSE
#define TTY_MODE_COOKED       TRUE
#define TTY_MODE_SAME         9492334

#define TTY_INBUF_LENGTH      256
#define TTY_ECHobuf_LENGTH    32

/* control characters */

#define TTY_CH_EOF             '\004' /* in octal! */
#define TTY_CH_BELL            '\007'
#define TTY_CH_LINEFEED        '\012'
#define TTY_CH_RETURN          '\015'
#define TTY_CH_FLOW_STOP       '\023'
#define TTY_CH_FLOW_RESTART    '\021'
#define TTY_CH_PANIC            '\003'
#define TTY_CH_BACKSPACE        '\010'
#define TTY_CH_SPACE           '\040'
#define TTY_CH RUBOUT          '\177'
#define TTY_CH_NONE            0xFF
#define TTY_CH_MASK             0x7F
#define TTY_CH_KILL_LINE        '\025'

/* tty control block */

typedef struct {
    ArtDesc      *myart;
    Ulong        artChannel;

    char          *outbufPtr;
    Ulong        outbufCount;
    Boolean       emitLinefeed;
    Semaphore     *outbufEmptySem;

    Ulong        inbufHead;
    Ulong        inbufTail;
    Ulong        inbufCount;
    Semaphore     *inbufReadySem;
    char         inbuf [TTY_INBUF_LENGTH];

    Ulong        echobufHead;
    Ulong        echobufTail;
    Ulong        echobufCount;
    char         echobuf [TTY_ECHobuf_LENGTH];

    Boolean       cookedMode;
    Boolean       flowStopped;
    Boolean       returnEof;
} TtyDesc;

```

```
/*-----*\
* END OF HEADER:  tty.h
\*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  vm.h      1.9      92/08/30      23:54:41
 *
 * Definitions used by the memory mapping functions (and many others).
 *-----*/

/* sizes. The page count definition gives the number of physical page frames */
/* to use. A maximum of 3M can be used since memory is reserved for the */
/* bootstrapping code and the boot disk */

#define VM_PAGE_COUNT          6144      /* 6144 maximum */
#define VM_PAGE_LENGTH        512
#define VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT 256
#define VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT 128
#define VM_ADDR_SPACE_LENGTH  16777216

/* page/pointer table entry masks */

#define VM_PAGE_MASK           0x00FFFE00
#define VM_PAGE_VALID_MASK     0x00000001
#define VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK      0x00000003
#define VM_SUPER_VR_MASK       0x00000001
#define VM_USER_VRW_MASK       0x00000007
#define VM_USER_VR_MASK        0x00000005
#define VM_USER_MASK           0x00000004
#define VM_MSG_BUFFER_MASK      0x00000080 /*page&pointer T enrties*/
#define VM_SHARED_PAGE_MASK     0x00000100
#define VM_NULL_ENTRY           0xFFFFFFFF
#define VM_NULL_RESERVED_ENTRY  0xFFFFFFFFD
#define VM_NULL_PAGE_NUM        0xFFFFFFFF
#define VM_DISK_BLOCK_MASK      0xFFFFFFFFB
#define VM_DISK_BLOCK_RIGHT_SHIFT 3

/* page and pointer table structures */

typedef struct {
    Ulong    entry [VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT];
} PageTable;

typedef struct {
    Ulong    entry [VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT];
} PointerTable;

/*-----*/
 * END OF HEADER:  vm.h
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * HEADER:  xb1401.h      1.4      92/08/30      23:54:51
 *
 * Definitions for the Xebec S1401 5.25 inch Floppy Disk Controller.
 * Mostly ripped off of Xinu-3216.
 *-----*/

/* Xebec disk controller control block map to iocscsi.      */
#define xop      iocscsi[0]      /* command class/opcode      */
#define xunit    iocscsi[1]      /* unit/high-order address bits */
#define xmaddr   iocscsi[2]      /* middle-order address bits  */
#define xladdr   iocscsi[3]      /* low-order address bits     */
#define xcount   iocscsi[4]      /* block count                */
#define xcntl    iocscsi[5]      /* control field              */

/* Xebec controller operation codes */

#define XOTDR    0      /* Test Drive Ready          */
/* (A floppy is always ready--even if no disk is in the drive.) */
#define XORCAL   1      /* Recalibrate               */
#define XORSS    3      /* Request Sense Status      */
#define XOFMTD   4      /* Format Drive              */
#define XOFMTT   6      /* Format Track              */
#define XOREAD   8      /* Read                     */
#define XOWRITE  10     /* Write                    */
#define XOSEEK   11     /* Seek                     */
#define XOINIT   12     /* Initialize Drive Character. */
#define XORAMD   0xe0   /* Perform RAM Diagnostic Test */
#define XODRVD   0xe3   /* Perform Drive Diagnostic Test */
#define XOCOND   0xe4   /* Perform Controller Diagnostic Test */

#define XRETRY   0      /* retry 8 times before reporting error */
#define XNORETRY 0x80   /* no automatic retry after error      */
#define XLOGAD   0      /* disk addresses are logical block numbers */
#define XPHYSAD   0x40  /* use physical disk address-cyl, trk, sector */

/* Xebec 1401 - Panasonic JU-455 disk drive parameter values */
/* Xebec 1401 - Panasonic JU-455 Disk Drive Characteristics */

#define XFCYL    40      /* Number of cylinders */
#define XFST     0x02    /* Track step time (0=6ms), high nibble of */
#define XFMT     0x00    /* Motor start time, low byte of motor start */
/* time 0x200 = 512 ms */
#define XFDH     0x52    /* Drive type (5=5.25") No. of heads (2) */
#define XFST     0x02    /* Sector size (2 = 512 bytes) */
#define XFUT     20      /* time to wait before unloading head in .1s */
#define XFSECT    9      /* Number of sectors/track */
#define XFDEN    0xc0    /* Record dens. (c= MFM double dens. all trks)

/* Status byte masks and codes */
#define XERR     0x02    /* mask for error flag bit */
#define XOK      0      /* no error */

#define XB_BLOCK_LENGTH 512      /* block length in bytes */
#define XB_BLOCK_COUNT  720     /* total number of blocks */
#define XB_BITMAP_LEN   90      /* XB_BLK_CT / 8 */

```

```
#define XB_FILLER_LEN      410    /* unused bytes in BAM block */
#define XB_BITMAP_BLOCK    0      /* block number containing bitmap */
#define XB_FIRST_BLOCK     1      /* file system 'starter' block */
#define XB_MAGIC_NUMBER    0xC723D72E /* to verify disk */
```

```
/* the block allocation map. This structure must be the size of a disk block */
```

```
typedef struct {
    Ulong    magicNumber;
    Ulong    firstFreeBlock;
    Ulong    freeBlockCount;
    Uchar    bitmap [XB_BITMAP_LEN];
    Uchar    filler [XB_FILLER_LEN];
}
```

```
} XebecAllocMap;
```

```
/*-----*\
 * END OF HEADER: xb1401.h
/*-----*/
```

```
# Makefile 1.14 92/08/30 22:30:31
```

```
TARGET      = 2
COREBLD     = /unbl/cs4605/cmd/corebld
DOWNLOAD=   /unbl/cs4605/cmd/dl
TARGCMD     = /unbl/cs4605/cmd/target
LD          = /bin/ld
H           = ../h
U           = ../estdio
CC          = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS      = -I../h
AS          = /bin/as
ASFLAGS     =
LIBS        = ../devlib/devlib.a ../syslib/syslib.a ../strlib/strlib.a
XLINK       = Xlink
XLINKFILE   = Xlink
```

```
.c.o:
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $<

.s.o:
    $(AS) $(ASFLAGS) -o $*.o $<
```

```
OBJFILES = startup.o panic.o realmem.o trapcatch.o saveregs.o regwork.o \
    initkern.o trap.o pageframe.o icu.o addrspace.o \
    thread.o getmem.o kernlib.o globals.o ready.o queue.o sem.o \
    svchandler.o port.o msgpass.o msgbuf.o lock.o initserver.o \
    kernserver.o kernservpr.o initsys.o getty.o freemem.o diskswap.o
```

```
system: kernel userboot bootdisk go
```

```
kernel: Kernel.im
    $(TARGCMD) $(TARGET) "d 9000"
    $(DOWNLOAD) Kernel.im $(TARGET)
    @echo
```

```
userboot:
    $(TARGCMD) $(TARGET) "d 300000"
    $(DOWNLOAD) ../userboot/userboot.im $(TARGET)
    @echo
```

```
bootdisk:
    $(TARGCMD) $(TARGET) "d 310000"
    $(DOWNLOAD) ../user/bootdisk.im $(TARGET)
    @echo
```

```
go:
    $(TARGCMD) $(TARGET) "g 9000"
Kernel.im: $(XLINKFILE) Kernel.co $(LIBS)
    $(LD) Kernel.co $(LIBS) $(XLINK) -e _start -o Kernel.co
    $(COREBLD) <Kernel.co >Kernel.im
Kernel.co: $(OBJFILES)
    $(LD) $(OBJFILES) -r -o Kernel.co
```

```
all: strlib syslib userboot.im devlib user system
```

```
strlib:
    -cd ../strlib; make;
```

```
syslib:
    -cd ../syslib; make;
```

```
userboot.im:
    -cd ../userboot; make;
```

```

devlib:
    -cd ../devlib; make;
user:
    -cd ../user; make;
clean:
    rm -f *.o *.co *.im *.oo

panic.o: panic.s
realmem.o: realmem.s
regwork.o: regwork.s
saveregs.o: saveregs.s
startup.o: startup.s
trapcatch.o: trapcatch.s
addrspace.o: addrspace.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/vm.h $H/memmap.h $H/queue.h \
    $H/sem.h $H/server.h $H/pageframe.h $H/errcode.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/debug.h $H/port.h
diskswap.o: diskswap.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/vm.h
freemem.o: freemem.c $H/kernel.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/pageframe.h
getmem.o: getmem.c $H/kernel.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/pageframe.h $H/debug.h
getty.o: getty.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/pageframe.h \
    $H/debug.h $H/server.h
globals.o: globals.c $H/kernel.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/pageframe.h $H/queue.h \
    $H/sem.h $H/server.h
icu.o: icu.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/icu.h $H/debug.h
initkern.o: initkern.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h \
    $H/sem.h $H/pageframe.h $H/debug.h
initserver.o: initserver.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/server.h $H/art.h $H/queue.h \
    $H/sem.h $H/tty.h $H/xb1401.h $H/kernserver.h $H/debug.h
initsys.o: initsys.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/fileserv.h $H/debug.h
kernlib.o: kernlib.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h \
    $H/sem.h $H/art.h $H/syslib.h $H/server.h
kernserver.o: kernserver.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/errcode.h $H/vm.h $H/debug.h
kernservpr.o: kernservpr.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/errcode.h $H/debug.h $H/vm.h $H/memmap.h $H/pageframe.h
lock.o: lock.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/port.h $H/vm.h
msgbuf.o: msgbuf.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/port.h \
    $H/server.h $H/vm.h $H/pageframe.h $H/errcode.h
msgpass.o: msgpass.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/port.h \
    $H/server.h $H/errcode.h $H/vm.h $H/trap.h
pageframe.o: pageframe.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/vm.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h \
    $H/sem.h $H/pageframe.h $H/debug.h
port.o: port.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/port.h $H/server.h \
    $H/vm.h $H/pageframe.h $H/errcode.h $H/trap.h
queue.o: queue.c $H/kernel.h $H/queue.h
ready.o: ready.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/errcode.h $H/debug.h
sem.o: sem.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h
svchandler.o: svchandler.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/trap.h \
    $H/server.h $H/errcode.h
thread.o: thread.c $H/kernel.h $H/as.h $H/memmap.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h \
    $H/port.h $H/server.h $H/pageframe.h $H/errcode.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/debug.h
trap.o: trap.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/as.h $H/trap.h $H/debug.h

```

```
/* Xlink 1.7 92/08/30.22:30:49 */
```

```
MEMORY {
```

```
    kernel : o=0x9000 l=2000000
```

```
}
```

```
SECTIONS {
```

```
    .text : { Kernel.o(.text) }
```

```
    .data ALIGN(512) : { Kernel.o(.data) }
```

```
    .bss : { Kernel.o(.bss) }
```

```
}
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  addrspace.c    1.5    92/08/30    22:30:59
 *
 * This module implements routines for manipulating address space control
 * blocks (as opposed to address space memory).
 *-----*/

```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <debug.h>
#include <port.h>

```

```

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

```

```

AddrSpace      *CreateAddrSpace();
Errcode         RemoveAddrSpace();
void            InitAddrSpaceDesc();
void            GetAddrSpaceCap();
AddrSpace      *CheckAddrSpaceCap();

```

```

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

```

```

extern Ulong    GetRand();
extern Void     *Kmalloc();
extern void     Kfree();
extern Void     *GetPageFrame();
extern void     RealMemFill();
extern void     Suicide();
void           SetCap();
extern MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer();
extern Queue    *QueueCreate();

```

```

/*----- External Variables -----*/

```

```

extern Queue *svcWaitingList;
extern Semaphore *svcPickupSem;
extern Thread *currentThread;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Queue *addrSpaceList;
extern Queue *addrSpaceList;
extern Port kernelServerPort;

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Allocate and initialize an address space control block and a page table.
 *=====*/

```

```

AddrSpace *CreateAddrSpace( priority )
    Ulong    priority;

```

```

{
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void      *pageTable;
    Queue     *asPortQueue;

    as = (AddrSpace *) Kmalloc( sizeof(AddrSpace) );
    pageTable = GetPageFrame( as, (Void*) 0, PFT_TYPE_PAGE_TABLE );
    RealMemFill( pageTable, VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT, VM_NULL_ENTRY );
    asPortQueue = QueueCreate();
    InitAddrSpaceDesc( as, pageTable, TRUE, priority, asPortQueue );
    as->lockingSem = (Void *) SemCreate( 1, SEM_PRIORITY_ADDR_SPACE );
    return( as );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize an address space control block.  Separated from CreateAddr-
 * Space to allow for the statically allocated kernel address space for
 * system bootstrapping.  The notification of death port is set to the
 * message buffer recycler by default.
 *=====*/

void InitAddrSpaceDesc( as, pageTable, swappable, priority, asPortQueue )
    AddrSpace      *as;
    Void           *pageTable;
    Boolean        swappable;
    Ulong          priority;
    Queue          *asPortQueue;
{
    as->addrSpaceMagicNumber = AS_MAGIC_NUM_ADDR_SPACE;
    as->priority = priority;
    as->addrSpaceCapabilityCheck = GetRand ();
    as->swappable = swappable;
    as->swappedIn = TRUE;
    as->ownedThreadList = (Thread *) NULL;
    as->memoryPageCount = 0;
    as->pageTable = pageTable;
    as->firstFreePage = 0;
    as->ownedPortList = (Void*) asPortQueue;
    as->notificationPortMachineID = SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE;
    as->notificationPortPortDesc = SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER;
    as->notificationPortPortCheck = 0;
    QueueInsert( addrSpaceList, as );
}

/*=====*\
 * Remove an address space.  This routine sends the notification of death
 * message.  Sending the notification message would be better done by the
 * kernel server.
 *=====*/

Errcode RemoveAddrSpace( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    Thread *th;
    MsgBuffer *notify;
    PortDesc *port;

```

```

#   ifdef DEBUG_ADDR_SPACE
StatMsg("RemoveAddrSpace( as=0x%X )\n",as);
#   endif
notify = CreateMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, KS_SMALL_MSG_LENGTH );
LockAddrSpace( as );

/* remove from the address space list */
QueueUnlink( addrSpaceList, (QueueEntry*) as );

/* send the notification of death message */
notify->destPort.machineID = as->notificationPortMachineID;
notify->destPort.portDesc = as->notificationPortPortDesc;
notify->destPort.portCheck = as->notificationPortPortCheck;
notify->operationCode = KS_NOTIFY_MSG;
GetAddrSpaceCap( &(amp;notify->capability), as );
#   ifdef DEBUG_KERNEL_SERVER
Kprintf("KernServ: notify: port=[%d 0x%X %d], as=0x%X\n",
        notify->destPort.machineID, notify->destPort.portDesc,
        notify->destPort.portCheck, as);
#   endif
if (Send( notify ) != ERR_OK) {
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER, &(notify->destPort) );
    Send( notify );
}

/* kill all threads in address space */
while( (th=as->ownedThreadList) != NULL ) {
    SubRemoveThread( th );
}

/* remove all ports owned by the address space */
while( QueueCount(as->ownedPortList) > 0 ) {
    port = (PortDesc*) QueueGetHead( as->ownedPortList );
    UnlockAddrSpace( as ); /* must be done */
    RemovePort( port );
    LockAddrSpace( as );
}
QueueRemove( as->ownedPortList );

/* free all memory held by address space */
FreePageTable( as );

/* remove locking semaphore - unlock it to release its priority */
SemSignal( as->lockingSem );
SemRemove( (Semaphore *) as->lockingSem );

/* remove address space descriptor */
as->addrSpaceMagicNumber = KERN_UNMAGIC_NUMBER;
Kfree( (Void *) as, sizeof(AddrSpace) );
return( ERR_OK );
}

/*=====*\
* Manufacture a capability for an address space. Note that this function
* expects a capability pointer.

```

```

\*=====*/

void GetAddrSpaceCap( cap, addrSpace )
    Capability *cap;
    AddrSpace *addrSpace;
{
    SetCap( cap, kernelServerPort, (Ulong) addrSpace, SERV_CAP_RIGHTS_OWNER,
        addrSpace->addrSpaceCapabilityCheck );
}

\*=====*\
 * Verify that a given capability is ok. Return the corresponding address
 * space control block pointer.
\*=====*/

AddrSpace *CheckAddrSpaceCap( cap )
    Capability cap;
{
    AddrSpace *as;

    as = (AddrSpace *) cap.object;
    if( /*Mapped(as)*/ TRUE ) {
        if( as->addrSpaceMagicNumber == AS_MAGIC_NUM_ADDR_SPACE ) {
            /* run rights and check through encr.func & cmp */
            if( cap.check == as->addrSpaceCapabilityCheck ) {
                return( as );
            }
        }
    }
    return( NULL );
}

\*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  addrspace.c
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: diskswap.c 1.2 92/08/30 22:31:20
*
* This module contains stubs for some of the routines that would be needed
* to implement disk paging and swapping.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <vm.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void SwapIn(); /*( as )*/
void SwapOut(); /*( as )*/
void LoadPointerTable(); /*( as, virtAddr, pageTable )*/
void UnloadPageFrame(); /*( realAddr )*/
void ReleaseVmDiskBlock(); /*( blockNum )*/

/*=====*\
* Swap an address space in from disk.
/*=====*/

void SwapIn( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    Kprintf("SwapIn( as=0x%X )\n", as);
    Panic("SwapIn function not implemented");
}

/*=====*\
* Swap an address space out to disk.
/*=====*/

void SwapOut( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    Kprintf("SwapOut( as=0x%X )\n", as);
    Panic("SwapOut function not implemented");
}

/*=====*\
* Load a pointer table in from disk. Modifies page table entry.
/*=====*/

void LoadPointerTable( as, virtAddr, pageTable )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void *virtAddr;
    PageTable *pageTable;
{
    Kprintf("LoadPointerTable( as=0x%X, virtaddr=0x%X, pageTable=0x%X\n",
        as, virtAddr, pageTable);
    Panic("LoadPointerTable: Don't know how to load a page");
}

/*=====*\

```

```
* Release a disk block that holds a page's contents, since the page has
* been modified or freed.
/*=====*/

void ReleaseVmDiskBlock( blockNum )
    Ulong    blockNum;
{
    Kprintf("ReleaseVmDiskBlock( blockNum=%d )\n", blockNum );
    Panic("ReleaseVmDiskBlock: function not implemented");
}

/*-----*/
* END OF MODULE:  diskswap.c
/*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: freemem.c 1.4 92/08/30 22:31:27
*
* This module implements the routines for freeing page frames from
* address spaces.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <pageframe.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void FreePages(); /*( as, vaddr, npages )*/
void FreePageTable(); /*( as )*/
void FreePointerTable(); /*( as, pageTableEntry )*/

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL void FreePage();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern Ulong RealMemPeek (); /* realmem.s */
extern void RealMemPoke (); /* realmem.s */
extern void LockPageFrameTable(); /* pageframe.c */
extern void UnlockPageFrameTable(); /* pageframe.c */
extern void UnreadyPageFrame(); /* pageframe.c */
extern void FreePageFrame(); /* pageframe.c */
extern Ulong LockPointerTable(); /* lock.c */
extern void UnlockPointerTable(); /* lock.c */
extern void InvalidateKernelAddr(); /* regwork.s */

/*----- Imported Variables -----*/

extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;

/*=====*/
* Free the specified pages of an address space.
* THIS FUNCTION IS NOT IMPLEMENTED.
* To implement this, change FreePointerTable to accept starting and ending
* pointer table entry numbers and free all pages between them, and remove
* the pointer table frame if there are no active pages left. Then make
* this routine call FreePointerTable once for each pointer table involved
* with the freeing with appropriate parameters.
/*=====*/

void FreePages( as, addr, npages )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void *addr;
    Ulong npages;
{
    Kprintf("FreePages( as=0xXX, addr=0xXX, npages=%d )\n",as,addr,npages);
    Panic("FreePages: function not implemented");
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Free all of the descendent pages of a page table (ie. free all pages of
 * an entire address space)
 * ASSUMES THE OWNING ADDRESS SPACE IS LOCKED AND THE PAGE TABLE PAGE
 * FRAMES ARE IN "UNREADY" STATE.
/*=====*/

```

```

void FreePageTable( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    Ulong i, value;
    PointerTable *pointerTable;

    for( i=0; i<VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT; i++ ) {
        FreePointerTable( as, i );
    }
    FreePageFrame( (Void*) as->pageTable );
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Free all of the descendent pages of a pointer table and then the
 * pointer table itself. This routine is called directly for removing
 * message buffers.
/*=====*/

```

```

void FreePointerTable( as, pageEntry )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong pageEntry;
{
    register Ulong i, value;
    PointerTable *pointerTable;
    Void *pageEntryAddr, *pointerEntryAddr;
    CPtr invalidateAddress;

    /* lock and locate pointer table */
    value = LockPointerTable( as, pageEntry );
    if( value == VM_NULL_ENTRY ) return;
    pointerTable = (PointerTable*) (value & VM_PAGE_MASK);

    LockPageFrameTable();
    for( i=0; i<VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT; i++ ) {
        pointerEntryAddr = (Void*) &(pointerTable->entry[i]);
        value = RealMemPeek( pointerEntryAddr );
        if( value != VM_NULL_ENTRY ) {
            RealMemPoke( pointerEntryAddr, VM_NULL_ENTRY );
            if( as == kernelAddrSpace ) {
                InvalidateKernelAddr( (pageEntry *
                    VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT + i) *
                    VM_PAGE_LENGTH );
            }
            FreePage( value );
        }
    }
    UnlockPageFrameTable();
}

```

```

/* unmap the pointer table from the page table */
pageEntryAddr=(Void*)&(((PageTable*)(as->pageTable))->entry[pageEntry]);
RealMemPoke( pageEntryAddr, VM_NULL_ENTRY );

/* free the pointer table page frame */
/* The pointer table page frame is already "unready" from being locked*/
FreePageFrame( (Void*) pointerTable );
}

/*=====*\
 * Free a page given the value in its pointer table entry.
/*=====*/

LOCAL void FreePage( pointerValue )
    Ulong      pointerValue;
{
    Ulong      diskBlock;
    Void      *page;

    if( pointerValue & VM_PAGE_VALID_MASK ) {
        /* free the page frame */
        if( pointerValue & VM_SHARED_PAGE_MASK ) {
            /* but do not free shared pages. Shared pages are */
            /* owned by the kernel address space and must never */
            /* be freed */
            return;
        }
        page = (Void*) (pointerValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
        UnreadyPageFrame( page );
        UnlockPageFrameTable();
        FreePageFrame( page );
        LockPageFrameTable();
    } else {
        /* the page has been paged out to disk - release the block */
        /* (disk block numbers are assumed to be <= 29 bits) */
        diskBlock = (pointerValue & VM_DISK_BLOCK_MASK)
            >> VM_DISK_BLOCK_RIGHT_SHIFT;
        UnlockPageFrameTable();
        ReleaseVmDiskBlock( diskBlock );
        LockPageFrameTable();
    }
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: freemem.c
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: getmem.c    1.10    92/08/30    22:31:43
*
* This module implements the functions for mapping page frames into
* address spaces.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

Void *GetPages();           /*( as, npages, access )*/
void GetVaddrPages();       /*( as, virtAddr, npages, access )*/
void MapPage();            /*( as, virtAddr, realAddr, access )*/
void InitPageTable();      /*( pageTable )*/

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL Void *GetPageRange();
LOCAL Ulong FindFreePageSpot();
LOCAL Ulong SearchPointerTable();
LOCAL void CreatePointerTable();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern Ulong RealMemPeek();    /* realmem.c */
extern void RealMemPoke();    /* realmem.c */
extern void RealMemFill();    /* realmem.c */
extern Void *GetPageFrame();  /* pageframe.c */
extern void ReadyPageFrame(); /* pageframe.c */
extern Ulong LockPointerTable(); /* lock.c */
extern void UnlockPointerTable(); /* lock.c */

/*=====*\
* Maps a number of pages into an address space with certain access rights.
* Finds the first-free virtual address range large enough.
/*=====*/

Void *GetPages( as, pageCount, access )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong pageCount;
    Ulong access;
{
    Void *startAddr;

    LockAddrSpace( as );
    startAddr = GetPageRange( as, pageCount );
    GetVaddrPages( as, startAddr, pageCount, access );
    UnlockAddrSpace( as );
    return( startAddr );
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Maps a number of pages into an address space with certain access rights
 * starting from a certain virtual address. The pages are zero-filled.
 * ASSUMES ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

```

```
void GetVaddrPages( as, startAddr, pageCount, access )
```

```
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void      *startAddr;
    Ulong      pageCount;
    Ulong      access;
```

```
{
```

```
    Ulong      i, vpage, rpage;
    Void      *vaddr, *raddr;
```

```
    vaddr = startAddr;
```

```
    for( i=1; i<=pageCount; i++ ) {
        raddr = GetPageFrame( as, vaddr, PFT_TYPE_REGULAR );
        RealMemFill( raddr, VM_PAGE_LENGTH/sizeof(Ulong), 0 );
        MapPage( as, vaddr, raddr, access );
        ReadyPageFrame( raddr, /*modified*/ FALSE );
        vaddr = (Void*) ((char*)vaddr + VM_PAGE_LENGTH);
    }

```

```
}
```

```

/*=====*\
 * Finds a virtual address range long enough to hold the given number of
 * pages. Note that this routine works with virtual page numbers
 * internally rather than virtual addresses.
 * ASSUMES THAT ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

```

```
LOCAL Void *GetPageRange( as, pageCount )
```

```
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong      pageCount;
```

```
{
```

```
    Ulong      firstPage, startPage, nextPage, newPage;
    Ulong      findCountDown;
```

```
    firstPage = as->firstFreePage;
    newPage = FindFreePageSpot( as, firstPage );
    do {
        startPage = nextPage = newPage;
        findCountDown = pageCount;
        while (newPage == nextPage && --findCountDown != 0) {
            nextPage++;
            newPage = FindFreePageSpot (as, nextPage);
        }
    } while (newPage != nextPage && newPage != VM_NULL_PAGE_NUM);
```

```
    if (newPage == VM_NULL_PAGE_NUM) {
        Panic ("GetPageRange: no free range large enough");
        return( NULL );
    }
```

```
    if (startPage == firstPage) {
        as->firstFreePage = nextPage + 1;
    }
```

```

    }
    return ( (Void*) (startPage*VM_PAGE_LENGTH) );
}

/*=====*\
 * Searches for the next free page spot in a virtual address space, starting
 * from the given virtual page number. Works with page numbers rather than
 * addresses.
 * ASSUMES THAT ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
/*=====*/

LOCAL Ulong FindFreePageSpot( as, findPage )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong findPage;
{
    PageTable *pageTable;
    PointerTable *pointerTable;
    Ulong pageEntry, pointerEntry;
    register Ulong pageValue;
    Boolean look;

    pageTable = (PageTable *) as->pageTable;
    pageEntry = findPage / VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    pointerEntry = findPage % VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    look = TRUE;
    while (look && pageEntry < VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT) {
        pageValue = LockPointerTable( as, pageEntry );
        if (pageValue == VM_NULL_ENTRY) {
            look = FALSE;
        } else {
            if ((pageValue & VM_MSG_BUFFER_MASK) == 0) {
                pointerTable = (PointerTable *)
                    (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
                pointerEntry = SearchPointerTable
                    ( pointerTable, pointerEntry );
                look=pointerEntry>VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
            }
            UnlockPointerTable( (Void*)pointerTable, /*mod*/FALSE );
        }
        if (look) {
            pageEntry++;
            pointerEntry = 0;
        }
    }
    if (look) {
        return( VM_NULL_PAGE_NUM );
    }
    return( pageEntry * VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT + pointerEntry );
}

/*=====*\
 * Searches the given pointer table for a single free page entry.
/*=====*/

LOCAL Ulong SearchPointerTable( pointerTable, pointerEntry )
    PointerTable *pointerTable;

```

```

    Ulong   pointerEntry;

{
    register Ulong   p, pv;
    Boolean          look;

    look = TRUE;
    p = pointerEntry;
    while (look && p < VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT) {
        pv = RealMemPeek( &(pointerTable->entry[p]) );
        if (pv == VM_NULL_ENTRY) {
            look = FALSE;
        } else {
            p++;
        }
    }
    return( p );
}

/*=====*\
 * Maps a physical page frame into a virtual address space.
 * ASSUMES THE ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

void MapPage( as, virtAddr, realAddr, access )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void      *virtAddr;
    Void      *realAddr;
    Ulong      access;
{
    Ulong      virtPage, pageFrame;
    PageTable *pageTable;
    PointerTable *pointerTable;
    Ulong      pageEntry, pointerEntry;
    Ulong      pageValue;
    Ulong      pointerValue;

#   ifdef DEBUG_VERIFY
    if( (CPint)virtAddr % VM_PAGE_LENGTH ) {
        Panic("MapPage: vaddr not aligned");
    }
    if( (CPint)realAddr % VM_PAGE_LENGTH ) {
        Panic("MapPage: raddr not aligned");
    }
#   endif

    virtPage = (CPint)virtAddr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pageFrame = (CPint)realAddr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pageTable = (PageTable *) as->pageTable;
    pageEntry = virtPage / VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    pointerEntry = virtPage % VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    pageValue = LockPointerTable( as, pageEntry );
    if (pageValue == VM_NULL_ENTRY) {
        CreatePointerTable( as, pageEntry, access );
        pageValue = LockPointerTable( as, pageEntry );
    }
    pointerTable = (PointerTable *) (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
    pointerValue = RealMemPeek( &(pointerTable->entry[pointerEntry]) );

```

```

    if (pointerValue != VM_NULL_ENTRY) {
        Kprintf("MapPage: attempt to map to already allocated page!\n");
        Kprintf("virtualPage=%d, pageFrame=%d\n",virtPage,pageFrame);
        Panic ("Get your act together!");
    }
    RealMemPoke ( &(pointerTable->entry[pointerEntry]),
                  (pageFrame * VM_PAGE_LENGTH) | access );
    UnlockPointerTable( (Void*) pointerTable, /*modified*/ TRUE );
}

/*=====*\
 * Allocates and initializes a pointer table. Does not lock it.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void CreatePointerTable( as, pageEntry, pageAccess )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong    pageEntry;
    Ulong    pageAccess;
{
    PageTable *pageTable;
    Ulong    i, pageValue;
    PointerTable *pointerTable;

    /* get a page frame for the pointer table */
    pointerTable = (PointerTable*) GetPageFrame( as,
        pageEntry * VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT * VM_PAGE_LENGTH,
        PFT_TYPE_POINTER_TABLE );

    /* initialize pointer table to empty */
    #ifdef DEBUG_GETMEM
    Kprintf ("Initializing pointer table real addr 0x%X...\n",p);
    #endif
    RealMemFill( pointerTable, VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT,VM_NULL_ENTRY );

    /* make page table entry point to new pointer table */
    pageValue = (CPint)pointerTable | VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK
        | (pageAccess & VM_USER_MASK) | (pageAccess & VM_MSG_BUFFER_MASK);
    #ifdef DEBUG_GETMEM
    Kprintf ("Poking page value (0x%X)...\n", pageValue);
    #endif
    pageTable = (PageTable *) as->pageTable;
    RealMemPoke( &(pageTable->entry[pageEntry]), pageValue );

    /* is wasteful but consistent to ready the pointer table frame */
    ReadyPageFrame( (Void*) pointerTable );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  getmem.c
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: getty.c    1.6    92/08/30    22:32:01
*
* This module implements functions for starting the user processes and
* the message recycler server.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <debug.h>
#include <server.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void Banner();
void Getty();
void RecyclerServer();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void fexec();
extern Ulong Align();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern PageFrameTableEntry pageFrameTable[VM_PAGE_COUNT];
extern Ulong freePageFrameCount;
extern char start, etext, edata, end;
extern Port messageRecyclerPort;
extern Thread *currentThread;
extern Boolean kernelIsReady;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Ulong gettyProcessCount;

/*=====*/
* Print the banner on the console.
/*=====*/

void Banner ()
{
    Ulong p, freeStart;

    StatMsg ("\nUNBOS version %s\n\n", VERSION);
    StatMsg ("%i bytes of real memory\n", VM_PAGE_COUNT * VM_PAGE_LENGTH);

#   ifdef DEBUG
    StatMsg ("%s code=0x%X, data=0x%X, end_data=0x%X, end=0x%X\n",
            "kernel:", &start, &etext, &edata, &end );
#   endif

    freeStart = pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage
                * VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
#   ifdef DEBUG_BANNER

```

```

    StatMsg ("0x%X first heap page address\n", Align(&end, VM_PAGE_LENGTH));
    StatMsg ("0x%X first free page address\n", freeStart);
#   endif
    StatMsg ("%i bytes free\n\n", freePageFrameCount * VM_PAGE_LENGTH);
}

/*=====*\
 * Start user processes (executing the command shell).
\*=====*/

void Getty()
{
    int i;
    Capability termCap;
    char *passArgv[1];

    kernellIsReady = TRUE;
    gettyProcessCount = 0;
#   ifdef DEBUG
    StatMsg("BootupTh: Starting user-level processes\n");
#   endif

    /* start up user command shell(s) */
    passArgv[0] = "shell";
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_TTY3, &termCap );
    fexec( "shell", 1, passArgv, NULL, termCap, termCap, termCap,
          AS_PRIORITY_USER_PROCESS, /*async*/ 1 );
    gettyProcessCount++;

    /* this is how tty port 2 would be started with a command shell */
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_TTY2, &termCap );
    fexec( "shell", 1, passArgv, NULL, termCap, termCap, termCap,
          AS_PRIORITY_USER_PROCESS, /*async*/ 1 );
    gettyProcessCount++;

    /* the boot process now becomes the message recycler */
    /* (it would be better to make it become an "init" server) */
    currentThread->priority = AS_PRIORITY_RECYCLER_SERVER;
    RecyclerServer();
}

/*=====*\
 * Message buffer recycler server code.
\*=====*/

void RecyclerServer()
{
    MsgBuffer *msg;

#   ifdef DEBUG
    StatMsg("Recycler: Message Recycler Server Ready\n");
#   endif
    while( TRUE ) {
        msg = Receive( messageRecyclerPort );
#       ifdef DEBUG_MSG_RECYCLER_SERVER
        StatMsg("Recycler: Recycling message at 0x%X\n", msg);
#       endif
    }
}

```

```
#          endif
          RemoveMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, msg );
      }
}
```

```
/*-----*\
* END OF MODULE: getty.c
/*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE:  globals.c    1.8    92/08/30    22:32:13
*
* This module contains the global variable declarations for the kernel
* address space.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <server.h>

/*=====*/
* Address space and thread-related global variables.
/*=====*/

AddrSpace    *kernelAddrSpace;
Thread        *currentThread;
Thread        *previousThread;    /* for debugging */
Queue        *addrSpaceList;
Queue        *readyList;
Void          *kernelInfoPageAddr;
Boolean       kernelIsReady;
Ulong         gettyProcessCount;

/*=====*/
* Port-related global variables.
/*=====*/

Port          portAliasTable [SERV_PORT_ALIAS_COUNT];
Port          kernelServerPort;
Port          messageRecyclerPort;

/*=====*/
* Trap-related variables.
/*=====*/

Ulong         romMonIntbase;
Queue        *svcWaitingList;
Semaphore     *svcPickupSem;
Ulong         previousTrapMod;    /* for debugging */
Ulong         previousTrapModSave; /* for debugging */
Ulong         previousRetiMP;    /* for debugging */
Ulong         previousRetiPC;    /* for debugging */

/*=====*/
* Kernel library global variable.
/*=====*/

Ulong         randSeed;
Semaphore     *kmalloccSem;

/*=====*/

```

```
* Page frame table-related variables.
/*=====*/

PageFrameTableEntry  pageFrameTable [VM_PAGE_COUNT];
PageFrameTableEntry  masterFreeFrame;      /* head/tail pointers */
Ulong                freePageFrameCount;
PageFrameTableEntry  masterLruFrame;       /* head/tail pointers */
Ulong                lruPageFrameCount;
Semaphore             *pageFrameSem;

/*-----*/
* END OF MODULE: globals.c
/*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: icu.c 1.7 92/08/30 22:32:29
*
* Interrupt Control Unit package
* written for Xinu lsv may 87
* modified for UNBOS csb jun 91
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <icu.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void IcuClockStart(); /*( )*/
void IcuShutdown(); /*( )*/
void IcuEnable(); /*( interruptMask )*/
void IcuDisable(); /*( interruptMask )*/
Ulong IcuReadMask(); /*( ) : activeInterruptsMask */
void IcuInit(); /*( )*/

/*=====*/
* IcuClockStart - start counter for UNBOS clock interrupts
/*=====*/

void IcuClockStart()
{
    register Icu *icuptr; /* pointer to ICU registers */

    #   ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf ("Starting quantum clock running...\n");
    #   endif
    icuptr = (Icu *) ADDR_ICU_SPACE;

    icuptr->mctl = ICU_FREEZE; /* freeze current counters */
    icuptr->cctl = ICU_STOP; /* halt counters */

    icuptr->lccv_l = ICU_LCSV_L; /* reload current counters */
    icuptr->lccv_h = ICU_LCSV_H; /* with start values */
    icuptr->hccv_l = ICU_HCSV_L;
    icuptr->hccv_h = ICU_HCSV_H;

    icuptr->mctl = ICU_THAW; /* thaw current counters */
    icuptr->cctl = ICU_START; /* start counters */

    IcuEnable (ICU_CLOCK);
}

/*=====*/
* IcuShutdown - stop clock and disable all interrupts
/*=====*/

void IcuShutdown()
{
    register Icu *icuptr; /* pointer to ICU registers */

```

```

    icuptr = (Icu *) ADDR_ICU_SPACE;
    icuptr->mctl = ICU_FREEZE;
    icuptr->cctl = ICU_STOP;
    IcuDisable (0xffff);
}

/*=====*\
 * IcuEnable - Clear a bit in the the ICU interrupt mask register.
 *
 * Note:      Clearing a bit in this register causes interrupts on
 *             the corresponding pin to be enabled.
 *=====*/

void IcuEnable( imask )
    Ulong imask;
{
    register Icu *icuptr;          /* pointer to ICU registers */

    icuptr = (Icu *) ADDR_ICU_SPACE;
    icuptr->imsk_l &= ~(imask & 0x00ff);    /* pins 0 - 7      */
    icuptr->imsk_h &= ~(imask & 0xff00) >> 8; /* pins 8 - 15    */
}

/*=====*\
 * IcuDisable - Set a bit in the ICU interrupt mask register.
 *
 * Note:      Setting a bit in this register causes interrupts on
 *             the corresponding pin to be disabled.
 *=====*/

void IcuDisable( imask )
    Ulong imask;
{
    register Icu *icuptr;          /* pointer to ICU registers */

    icuptr = (Icu *) ADDR_ICU_SPACE;
    icuptr->imsk_l |= imask & 0x00ff;    /* pins 0 - 7      */
    icuptr->imsk_h |= (imask & 0xff00) >> 8; /* pins 8 - 15    */
}

/*=====*\
 * IcuReadMask - Read the interrupt mask registers of the ICU.
 *=====*/

Ulong IcuReadMask()
{
    register Icu *icuptr;          /* pointer to ICU registers */

    icuptr = (Icu *) ADDR_ICU_SPACE;
    return( icuptr->imsk_h << 8 | icuptr->imsk_l );
}

/*=====*\
 * IcuInit - initialize interrupt control unit according
 *           to nsc recommended initialization sequence.
 *=====*/

```

```

*           Counters are concatenated.
/*=====*/

void IcuInit()
{
    register Icu *icuptr;

#   ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf ("Initializing ICU...\n");
#   endif
    icuptr = (Icu *) ADDR_ICU_SPACE;

    icuptr->mctl = 0xc2;          /* fixed priority, 8 bit bus */
                                /* current values frozen */
    icuptr->cctl = 0xf0;          /* connected counters, halted */

    /* load counters with initial values */
    icuptr->ciptl = 0x60;         /* pin 6 counter interrupt */
    icuptr->lcsv_l = ICU_LCSV_L;  /* 100 ms = 147,400 (base 10) */
    icuptr->lcsv_h = ICU_LCSV_H;  /*           = 00023fd0 (base 16) */
    icuptr->hcsv_l = ICU_HCSV_L;
    icuptr->hcsv_h = ICU_HCSV_H;

    /* place start value in current value for initial count */
    icuptr->lccv_l = ICU_LCSV_L;
    icuptr->lccv_h = ICU_LCSV_H;
    icuptr->hccv_l = ICU_HCSV_L;
    icuptr->hccv_h = ICU_HCSV_H;

    icuptr->cictl = 0x31;         /* H + L counter enable */

    /* initialize for 8 bit bus mode */
    icuptr->ips = 0xff;           /* interrupt/port select reg. */
    icuptr->pdat = 0x00;          /* port data */
    icuptr->pdir = 0xff;          /* port direction - output */
    icuptr->ocasn = 0x00;         /* no clock output to pins */

    icuptr->csrc_l = 0x00;        /* noncascaded icu */
    icuptr->csrc_h = 0x00;
    icuptr->ipnd_l = 0x40;        /* clear all pending interrupts*/
    icuptr->ipnd_h = 0x40;

    /* These are the triggering states of the interrupt inputs. */
    /*
        0 (jumper)           LL
        1 (sw)                SW
        2 (uart 1, hi prio)   LL
        3 (sw)                SW
        4 (uart 2, hi prio)   LL
        5 (sw)                SW
        6 (clock)             CL
        7 (sw)                SW
        8 (CIM gate array)    LL
        9 (sw)                SW
        10 (uart 1, lo prio)  LL
        11 (sw)               SW
    */

```

12 (uart 2, lo prio)	LL
13 (scsi)	FE
14 (printer)	HL
15 (sw)	SW

LL = low level FE = falling edge
 HL = high level RE = rising edge
 SW = software, CL = clock (counter output)
 */

```

icuptr->svct  = 0x10;      /* bias set to 1 - xxx1 vvvv */
icuptr->eltg_l = 0xff;     /* level triggering          */
icuptr->eltg_h = 0xdf;
icuptr->tplt_l = 0x00;     /* triggering polarity       */
icuptr->tplt_h = 0x40;

icuptr->fprr_l = 0x00;     /* pin 0 highest priority    */
icuptr->fprr_h = 0x00;

icuptr->mctl   = 0x82;     /* enable internal interrupts */

icuptr->imsk_l = 0xff;     /* all interrupt positions masked */
icuptr->imsk_h = 0xff;

icuptr->isrv_l = 0x00;     /* clear interrupts in service - csb */
icuptr->isrv_h = 0x00;

/* counters are initialized, halted and frozen */

```

}

```

/*-----*/
* END OF MODULE: icu.c
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: initkern.c    1.9    92/08/30    22:32:48
*
* This module implements routines for initializing the kernel address
* space and the kernel threads.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitKernelAddrSpace();
Ulong *InitKernelThreads();
void NullProgram();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void InitKmalloc();
extern void *Kmalloc();
extern void Panic();
extern void SvcPickup();
extern Ulong GetPageCount();
extern void InitPortAliasTable();
extern void InitPageFrameTable();
extern void *GetPageFrame();
extern void MapPage();
extern Ulong RealMemPeek();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern char *end;
extern char *edata;
extern char *etext;
extern Ulong randSeed;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Queue *addrSpaceList;
extern Queue *readyList;
extern Thread *currentThread;
extern Queue *svcWaitingList;
extern Semaphore *svcPickupSem;
extern Semaphore *pageFrameSem;
extern void *kernelInfoPageAddr;
extern PageFrameTableEntry pageFrameTable[VM_PAGE_COUNT];

/*=====*/
* Initializes the basic control blocks for the kernel address space and
* maps in the contents.
/*=====*/

```

```

void InitKernelAddrSpace()
{
    Ulong          i, startData, startHeap, bootDiskLimit;
    Ulong          sharedvPage;
    PageTable      *ptb0Table;

#   ifdef DEBUG
Kprintf ("Initializing kernel address space...\n");
#   endif
    randSeed = 8324261; /* a randomly generated seed may be better */

    /* initialize some statically allocated structures */
    /* they are statically allocated since they are needed to allow the */
    /* dynamic allocation mechanism to work */
    kernelAddrSpace = (AddrSpace *) ADDR_KERNEL_ADDR_SPACE;
    addrSpaceList = (Queue *) ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_LIST;
    QueueInit( addrSpaceList );
    QueueInit( (Queue *) ADDR_KERNEL_AS_PORT_QUEUE );
    InitAddrSpaceDesc (kernelAddrSpace, ADDR_PTBO_TABLE, FALSE,
        AS_PRIORITY_HIGHEST, (Queue *) ADDR_KERNEL_AS_PORT_QUEUE );
    kernelAddrSpace->lockingSem = (Void *) ADDR_SEM_KERNEL_AS;
    QueueInit( (Queue *) ADDR_SEM_KERNEL_AS_QUEUE );
    SemInit( (Semaphore *) ADDR_SEM_KERNEL_AS,
        (Queue *) ADDR_SEM_KERNEL_AS_QUEUE, 1,
        SEM_PRIORITY_ADDR_SPACE );
    pageFrameSem = (Semaphore *) ADDR_SEM_PAGEFRAME;
    QueueInit( (Queue *) ADDR_SEM_PAGEFRAME_QUEUE );
    SemInit( pageFrameSem, (Queue *) ADDR_SEM_PAGEFRAME_QUEUE, 1,
        SEM_PRIORITY_PAGE_FRAME_TABLE );

    /* allow semaphore locking */
    currentThread = (Thread *) ADDR_NULL_THREAD;
    currentThread->semMaxPriority = 0;

    InitPageFrameTable( kernelAddrSpace, (Void *) (&end) );

#   ifdef DEBUG
Kprintf ("Initializing virtual memory tables...\n");
#   endif
    ptb0Table = (PageTable *) ADDR_PTBO_TABLE;
    for (i=0; i<VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT; i++) {
        ptb0Table->entry[i] = VM_NULL_ENTRY;
    }
    startData = (((Ulong)(&text)) / VM_PAGE_LENGTH) * VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    startHeap = Align (&end, VM_PAGE_LENGTH);

    /* map pre-code section as read-write */
    for (i=ADDR_PTBO_TABLE; i<ADDR_UNBOS; i+=VM_PAGE_LENGTH)
        MapPage(kernelAddrSpace, (Void*)i, (Void*)i, VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK);
    /* map kernel code as read-only */
    for (i=ADDR_UNBOS; i<startData; i+=VM_PAGE_LENGTH)
        MapPage(kernelAddrSpace, (Void*)i, (Void*)i, VM_SUPER_VR_MASK);
    /* map kernel data and bss sections as read-write */
    for (i=startData; i<startHeap; i+=VM_PAGE_LENGTH)
        MapPage(kernelAddrSpace, (Void*)i, (Void*)i, VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK);
    /* map I/O devices as read-write */

```

```

MapPage( kernelAddrSpace, (Void*)ADDR_IO_SPACE, (Void*)ADDR_IO_SPACE,
          VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK );
MapPage( kernelAddrSpace, (Void*)ADDR_ICU_SPACE, (Void*)ADDR_ICU_SPACE,
          VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK );
/* get and map the kernel information page frame */
kernelInfoPageAddr = GetPageFrame( kernelAddrSpace,
                                   (Void*)ADDR_LAST_THREAD_RESTORED, PFT_TYPE_REGULAR );
MapPage( kernelAddrSpace, ADDR_LAST_THREAD_RESTORED,
          kernelInfoPageAddr, VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK );

/* map in the boot disk image as read-only */
bootDiskLimit = Align( ADDR_BOOT_DISK_IMAGE + RealMemPeek(
                      (Ulong*) ADDR_BOOT_DISK_IMAGE ), VM_PAGE_LENGTH );
for ( i=ADDR_BOOT_DISK_IMAGE; i<bootDiskLimit; i+=VM_PAGE_LENGTH )
    MapPage( kernelAddrSpace, (Void*)i, (Void*)i, VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK );

/* set start of dynamic memory heap space */
kernelAddrSpace->firstFreePage
    = pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage;
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the kernel threads and related control blocks.
 *=====*/

Ulong *InitKernelThreads()
{
    Thread *nullThread, *bootThread, *svcThread;
    char *nullStack, *bootStack, *svcStack;

    #   ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf ( "Initializing kernel threads...\n" );
    #   endif

    /* initialize important control blocks */
    InitKmalloc();
    readyList      = QueueCreate();
    svcWaitingList = QueueCreate();
    svcPickupSem   = SemCreate( 0, SEM_PRIORITY_NULL );
    InitPortAliasTable();

    /* create null thread */
    nullThread = (Thread *) ADDR_NULL_THREAD;
    nullStack = Kmalloc( AS_NULL_STACK_LENGTH );
    InitThreadDesc ( nullThread, kernelAddrSpace, NullProgram,
                    AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_NULL_THREAD,
                    nullStack, AS_NULL_STACK_LENGTH, "Null" );
    nullThread->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_READY;
    QueueInsert ( readyList, (QueueEntry *) nullThread );

    /* create the SVC server thread */
    svcThread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
    svcStack = Kmalloc( AS_BOOT_STACK_LENGTH );
    InitThreadDesc ( svcThread, kernelAddrSpace, SvcPickup,
                    AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_SVC_SERVER,
                    svcStack, AS_BOOT_STACK_LENGTH, "SvcPickup" );

```

```

QueueInsert ( readyList, (QueueEntry *) svcThread );

/* create the boot thread control block and make it current */
bootThread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
bootStack = Kmalloc( AS_BOOT_STACK_LENGTH );
InitThreadDesc (bootThread, kernelAddrSpace, Panic,
                AS_REG_BOOT_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_BOOT_THREAD,
                bootStack, AS_BOOT_STACK_LENGTH, "Boot");
currentThread = bootThread;
*((Thread **) (ADDR_LAST_THREAD_RESTORED)) = bootThread;
bootThread->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT;

/* return the address of the current thread register set so */
/* the calling routine can easily initialize the registers */
return ( &(bootThread->reg[0]) );
}

/*=====*\
 * This is the function the null thread executes when the operating system
 * has nothing else to do. All it does is wait for an interrupt which will
 * potentially wake up another process.
 *=====*/

void NullProgram()
{
    while (TRUE) {
        asm ("wait");
    }
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: initkern.c
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: initserver.c    1.6    92/08/30    22:33:04
*
* This module starts all of the device and local kernel servers. Note
* that the configuration of the servers is hard-coded here.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <tty.h>
#include <xb1401.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void StartLocalServers();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void    TtyServer();
extern void    AddrSpaceServer();
extern void    BootServer();
extern void    DiskServer();
extern void    *Kmalloc();
extern int     Resume();
extern MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Port     kernelServerPort;
extern Port     messageRecyclerPort;
extern TtyDesc   ttyTable[];
extern XebecAllocMap xebecAllocMap[];

/*=====*\
* Start the local servers. The code for starting a thread is rather ugly
* since formal routines for creating a thread are not implemented. All of
* the servers that use the system call library routines are registered into
* the thread table in the kernel address space creation message buffer.
*\=====*/

void StartLocalServers()
{
    Thread *servthread;
    Port     servport;
    Void     *servstack;
    Ulong     servsp;
    Ulong     i;
    Void     *ttyptr;
    MsgBuffer *servmsg;

```

```

Capability      servcap;

/* start Console Server */
/* must be done first for displaying system status messages */
# ifdef DEBUG
Kprintf("Starting Local Console Server for 'tty4'\n");
# endif
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_CONSOLE, servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_KERN_STATUS, servport );
servthread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
servstack = Kmalloc( 512 );
InitThreadDesc( servthread, kernelAddrSpace, TtyServer,
                AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_DEVICE_SERVER, servstack,
                512, "ConServer");
ttyptr = (Void *) &ttyTable[0];
servsp=InitStack( servstack, 512, servport, (MsgBuffer *) NULL, 1,
                 ttyptr);
servthread->reg [AS_REG_SP] = servsp;
Resume( servthread );

/* start local kernel server */
# ifdef DEBUG
StatMsg("Starting Local Kernel Server\n");
# endif
servport = kernelServerPort; /* port already exists */
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_GLOBAL_AS_SERVER, servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_KERN_SERVER, servport );
servthread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
servstack = Kmalloc( 512 );
InitThreadDesc( servthread, kernelAddrSpace, AddrSpaceServer,
                AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_KERNEL_SERVER, servstack,
                512, "LocalKernServer");
servsp=InitStack( servstack, 512, servport, (MsgBuffer *) NULL, 0);
servthread->reg [AS_REG_SP] = servsp;
/* register the thread for syscall library */
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
servmsg = CreateMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, KS_INIT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH );
GetThreadCap( &servcap, servthread );
_RegisterThread( servthread, servmsg, servport, servcap );
Resume( servthread );

/* make the message recycler server port */
# ifdef DEBUG
StatMsg("Starting Local Message Recycler Server\n");
# endif
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER, servport );
messageRecyclerPort = servport;

/* start Floppy Disk Block Server */
# ifdef DEBUG
StatMsg("Starting Local Floppy Disk Block Server\n");
# endif
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_DISK_BLOCK, servport );

```

```

servthread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
servstack = Kmalloc( 512 );
InitThreadDesc( servthread, kernelAddrSpace, DiskServer,
                AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_DEVICE_SERVER, servstack,
                512, "FloppyServer");
servsp=InitStack( servstack, 512, servport, (MsgBuffer *) NULL, 5,
                (char *) 0xA000A0, /*subch*/3, /*target*/1, /*drive*/0,
                &(xebecAllocMap[0]) );
servthread->reg [AS_REG_SP] = servsp;
/* register the thread for syscall library */
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
servmsg = CreateMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, KS_INIT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH );
GetThreadCap( &servcap, servthread );
_RegisterThread( servthread, servmsg, servport, servcap );
Resume( servthread );

/* start Terminal Server for terminal on serial port 3 */
# ifdef DEBUG
StatMsg("Starting Local Terminal Server for 'tty3'\n");
# endif
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_TTY3, servport );
servthread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
servstack = Kmalloc( 512 );
InitThreadDesc( servthread, kernelAddrSpace, TtyServer,
                AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_DEVICE_SERVER, servstack,
                512, "Tty3Server");
ttyptr = (Void *) &ttyTable[1];
servsp=InitStack( servstack, 512, servport, (MsgBuffer *) NULL, 1,
                ttyptr);
servthread->reg [AS_REG_SP] = servsp;
Resume( servthread );

/* start Terminal Server for terminal on serial port 2 */
# ifdef DEBUG
StatMsg("Starting Local Terminal Server for 'tty2'\n");
# endif
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_TTY2, servport );
servthread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
servstack = Kmalloc( 512 );
InitThreadDesc( servthread, kernelAddrSpace, TtyServer,
                AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_DEVICE_SERVER, servstack,
                512, "Tty2Server");
ttyptr = (Void *) &ttyTable[2];
servsp=InitStack( servstack, 512, servport, (MsgBuffer *) NULL, 1,
                ttyptr);
servthread->reg [AS_REG_SP] = servsp;
Resume( servthread );

/* start Boot Disk File Server */
# ifdef DEBUG
StatMsg("Starting Local Boot Disk File Server\n");
# endif
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_BOOT_DISK, servport );

```

```
SetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_PREFIX_SERVER, servport );
servthread = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
servstack = Kmalloc( 512 );
InitThreadDesc( servthread, kernelAddrSpace, BootServer,
                AS_REG_KERNEL_PSR, AS_PRIORITY_DEVICE_SERVER, servstack,
                512, "BootServer");
servsp=InitStack( servstack, 512, servport, (MsgBuffer *) NULL, 0 );
servthread->reg [AS_REG_SP] = servsp;
/* register the thread for syscall library */
CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &servport );
servmsg = CreateMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, KS_INIT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH );
GetThreadCap( &servcap, servthread );
_RegisterThread( servthread, servmsg, servport, servcap );
Resume( servthread );
}

/*-----*\
* END OF MODULE: initserver.c
/*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  initsys.c    1.4    92/08/30    22:33:21
 *
 * This module implements the code for initializing the kernel address space
 * creation message that is used by the system call library.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitKernelSystemCalls(); /*( )*/
void InitAmsg();             /*( asCreationMsg, as, th, initMsgSize )*/
void InitKernelFileEntries(); /*( asCreationMsg )*/

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void CreatePort();
extern MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern AddrSpace *currentThread;
extern Port kernelServerPort;

/*=====*\
 * Get and initialize the kernel address space creation message buffer.
 * (This is not done by the kernel server since the kernel address space
 * already exists when the operating system starts.)
 *=====*/

void InitKernelSystemCalls()
{
    CreateAddrSpaceMsg *amsg;

#ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf("Initializing Kernel Address Space system call library...\n");
#endif

    /* have to create kernel service port now for making capabilities */
    CreatePort( kernelAddrSpace, &kernelServerPort );

    /* create the creation message and make sure it gets mapped in */
    /* at the correct fixed address */
    amsg = (CreateAddrSpaceMsg *) CreateMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace,
        sizeof(CreateAddrSpaceMsg) );
    if ((Cpint)amsg != KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG) {
        Panic("KernSyscalls: amsg did not map in at 0xFE0000");
    }
}

```

```

/* initialize the creation message buffer */
InitAmsg( amsg, kernelAddrSpace, currentThread,
          KS_INIT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH );
InitKernelFileEntries( amsg );
#   ifdef DEBUG
#       kprintf("finished initializing kernel sys calls\n");
#   endif
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize an address space creation message buffer.
 *=====*/

void InitAmsg( amsg, as, th, initMsgSize )
    CreateAddrSpaceMsg *amsg;
    AddrSpace *as;
    Thread *th;
    Ulong    initMsgSize;
{
    Port port;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    ThreadEntry *the;
    Ulong i;

    GetAddrSpaceCap( &(amsg->addrSpaceCap), as );

    /* initialize thread table */
    for (i=1; i<KS_MAX_THREADS; i++) {
        amsg->threadtab[i].used = FALSE;
    }
    the = &(amsg->threadtab[0]);

    /* register the boot thread for syscall library usage */
    the->used = TRUE;
    the->threadID = (Ulong) th;
    GetThreadCap( &(the->threadCap), th );
    the->threadMsgBuffer = CreateMsgBuffer( as, initMsgSize );
    CreatePort( as, &(the->threadPort) );
    the->threadErrno = 0;
    amsg->initThreadStackLength = AS_DEFAULT_STACK_LENGTH;

    /* initialize inherited file table */
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_PREFIX_SERVER, &(amsg->rootSearchCap.port) );
    amsg->currentSearchCap = amsg->rootSearchCap;
    for (i=0; i<KS_MAX_FILES; i++) {
        amsg->filetab[i].fileMsgBuffer = (MsgBuffer *) NULL;
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the kernel address space as having already opened its "std"
 * files to the console.  Initializes the inherited "SearchCap" current
 * and root directories to the boot disk server.
 *=====*/

void InitKernelFileEntries( amsg )

```

```

CreateAddrSpaceMsg *amsg;
{
    FileEntry *file;
    Ulong i;

    /* initialize file table */
    for (i=0; i<KS_MAX_FILES; i++) {
        amsg->filetab[i].used = FALSE;
    }
    file = &(amsg->filetab[0]);
    file->used = TRUE;
    file->fileMsgBuffer = (MsgBuffer *) NULL;
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_CONSOLE, &(file->fileCap.port) );
    amsg->filetab[1] = *file;
    amsg->filetab[2] = *file;

    /* initialize directory capabilities */
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_PREFIX_SERVER, &(amsg->rootSearchCap) );
    amsg->currentSearchCap = amsg->rootSearchCap;
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  initSYS.c
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: kernlib.c 1.10 92/08/30 22:33:45
*
* This module implements library-type functions used throughout the kernel.
/*-----*/

```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <syslib.h>
#include <server.h>

```

```

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

```

```

int Kprintf(); /*( fmt, ... ) : charCount */
void InitKmalloc(); /*( )*/
Void *Kmalloc(); /*( size ) : ptr */
void Kfree(); /*( ptr, size ) */
Ulong Align(); /*( address, boundary ) : alignedAddress */
Ulong GetPageCount(); /*( byteCount ) : pageCount */
Ulong GetRand(); /*( ) : randNum */
void SetCap(); /*( cap, port, object, rights, check )*/

```

```

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

```

```

LOCAL void Kputc();

```

```

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

```

```

extern int _DoPrint(); /* strlib/doprint.c */
extern Void *_rawMalloc(); /* syslib/malloc.c */
extern void _rawFree(); /* syslib/malloc.c */
extern Void *GetPages(); /* pageframe.c */

```

```

/*----- External Variables -----*/

```

```

extern Ulong randSeed;
extern Void *kernelAddrSpace;
extern MemBlock mallocMasterBlock;
extern Semaphore *kmallocSem;

```

```

/*=====*/
* Polled printf function.
/*=====*/

```

```

int Kprintf( format, args )
    char format[];
    Ulong args;
{
    int charCount;
    Boolean intsave;

```

```

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    charCount = _DoPrint( Kputc, 0, format, &args );
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    return( charCount );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the dynamically allocated memory for the kernel address space.
\*=====*/

void InitKmalloc()
{
    Queue *kmallocQueue;

    mallocMasterBlock.nextBlock = NULL;
    mallocMasterBlock.blockLength = 0;
    kmallocSem = (Semaphore *) ADDR_SEM_KMALLOC;
    kmallocQueue = (Queue *) ADDR_SEM_KMALLOC_QUEUE;
    QueueInit( kmallocQueue );
    SemInit( kmallocSem, kmallocQueue, 1, SEM_PRIORITY_MALLOC );
#   ifdef DEBUG_KMALLOC
    Kprintf("InitKmalloc completed\n");
#   endif
}

/*=====*\
 * Dynamically allocate memory for kernel structures. This routine differs
 * from the system call library malloc function in that a semaphore is used
 * for locking and the kernel server cannot be called to map new pages
 * into the address space (pages are mapped directly).
\*=====*/

Void *Kmalloc( size )
    Ulong size;
{
    Void *p;
    Ulong npages;

#   ifdef DEBUG_KMALLOC
    Kprintf("Kmalloc( size=%d )\n", size);
#   endif
    SemWait( kmallocSem );
    p = _rawMalloc( size );
    SemSignal( kmallocSem );
    if( p == NULL ) {
        npages = GetPageCount(
            (size > MALLOC_GETMEM_SIZE) ? size : MALLOC_GETMEM_SIZE );
        p = GetPages( kernelAddrSpace, npages, VM_SUPER_VRW_MASK );
        SemWait( kmallocSem );
        _rawFree( p, npages * VM_PAGE_LENGTH );
        p = _rawMalloc( size );
        SemSignal( kmallocSem );
#   ifdef DEBUG_KMALLOC
        Kprintf("Kmalloc: got %d more pages\n", npages);
#   endif
    }
}

```

```

#   ifdef DEBUG_KMALLOC
Kprintf("Kmalloc: finished: p=0x%X, size=%d\n",p, size);
#   endif
return( p );
}

/*=====*\
 * Dynamically deallocate memory for kernel structures.
\*=====*/

void Kfree( p, size )
    Void    *p;
    Ulong    size;
{
#   ifdef DEBUG_KMALLOC
Kprintf("Kfree( p=0x%X, size=%d )\n", p, size );
#   endif
SemWait( kmallocSem );
_rawFree( (Void*)p, size );
SemSignal( kmallocSem );
#   ifdef DEBUG_KMALLOC
Kprintf("Kfree exiting\n");
#   endif
}

/*=====*\
 * Return the given address aligned (with round-up) to the given boundary.
\*=====*/

Ulong Align( address, boundry )
    Ulong    address;
    Ulong    boundry;
{
    if (address % boundry == 0) return (address);
    return( (address / boundry + 1) * boundry );
}

/*=====*\
 * Return the number of pages (with round-up) specified by the given number
 * of bytes.
\*=====*/

Ulong GetPageCount( byteCount )
    Ulong    byteCount;
{
    return( (byteCount + (VM_PAGE_LENGTH - 1)) / VM_PAGE_LENGTH );
}

/*=====*\
 * Return a 32-bit random number. Used for manufacturing secret numbers.
\*=====*/

Ulong GetRand()
{
    randSeed = randSeed * SYSLIB_RAND_MULT + SYSLIB_RAND_ADD;
    return( randSeed );
}

```

```

}

/*=====*\
 * Print a single character to the console in polled mode.
/*=====*/

LOCAL void Kputc (c)
    char c;
{
    if (c == '\n') Kputc( '\r' );
    while ( (* (Uchar*) (ADDR_CONSOLE_STAT_REG) & ARTTXRDY)==0 ) ;
    * (Uchar*) (ADDR_CONSOLE_DATA_REG) = c;
}

/*=====*\
 * Set the fields for manufacturing a capability.
/*=====*/

void SetCap( cap, port, object, rights, check )
    Capability *cap;
    Port      port;
    Ulong      object, rights, check;
{
    cap->port = port;
    cap->object = object;
    cap->rights = rights;
    cap->check = check;
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: kernlib.c
/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: kernserver.c    1.5    92/08/30    22:34:21
*
* This module implements most of the kernel server functions. Note that
* some of the kernel server calls are not implemented (since they are not
* needed by the rest of the system).
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void      AddrSpaceServer();

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL void  ReqCreatePort();
LOCAL void  ReqCreateMsgBuffer();
LOCAL void  ReqRemoveThread();
LOCAL void  ReqCreateMemory();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern MsgBuffer *ReqCreateAddrSpace();
extern void      ReqRemoveAddrSpace();
extern AddrSpace *CheckAddrSpaceCap();
extern Thread    *CheckThreadCap();
extern MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer();
extern void      CreatePort();
extern Errcode   RemoveAddrSpace();
extern void      Kill();
extern Ulong     GetPageCount();
extern Void      *GetPages();
extern Void      *GetPageFrame();
extern void      GetVaddrPages();

/*=====*\
* Main routine of the kernel server. Accept request, process, and reply.
/*=====*/

void AddrSpaceServer( port )
    Port port;
{
    MsgBuffer *request;

    #   ifdef DEBUG
        StatMsg("Kernel Server ready.\n");
    #   endif
    while( TRUE ) {
        request = Receive( port );

```

```

request->destPort = request->replyPort;
request->errorCode = ERR_OK;
switch (request->operationCode) {
case KS_CREATE_ADDR_SPACE:
    request = ReqCreateAddrSpace( request );
    break;
case KS_REMOVE_ADDR_SPACE:
    ReqRemoveAddrSpace( request );
    break;
case KS_REMOVE_THREAD:
    ReqRemoveThread( request );
    break;
case KS_CREATE_MEMORY:
    ReqCreateMemory( request );
    break;
case KS_CREATE_PORT:
    ReqCreatePort( request );
    break;
case KS_CREATE_MSG_BUFFER:
    ReqCreateMsgBuffer( request );
    break;
default:
    request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_UNKNOWN_OPCODE;
}
Send( request );
}
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Handle request for the creation of a port.
 \*=====*/

```

```

LOCAL void ReqCreatePort( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Errcode error;
    AddrSpace *as;

    as = CheckAddrSpaceCap( request->capability );
    if( as != (AddrSpace *) NULL ) {
        CreatePort( as, &(request->capability.port) );
    } else {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
    }
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Handle request for the creation of a message buffer.
 \*=====*/

```

```

LOCAL void ReqCreateMsgBuffer( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Errcode error;
    AddrSpace *as;
    MsgBuffer *msg;

```

```

as = CheckAddrSpaceCap( request->capability );
if( as != (AddrSpace *) NULL ) {
    msg = CreateMsgBuffer( as, request->data[0] );
    request->data[0] = (Ulong) msg;
} else {
    request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
}
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle request for the removal of a thread.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqRemoveThread( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Thread *th;

    th = CheckThreadCap( request->capability );
#   ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
    StatMsg("KernServ: RemoveThread: th=0x%X\n", th);
#   endif
    if( th != NULL ) {
        request->errorCode = RemoveThread( th );
    } else {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle request for the allocation and mapping of memory into an
 * address space.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqCreateMemory( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong pages;
    Void *start;

    as = CheckAddrSpaceCap( request->capability );
    if( as == (AddrSpace *) NULL ) {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
        return;
    }
    pages = GetPageCount( request->data[0] );
    start = GetPages( as, pages, VM_USER_VRW_MASK );
#   ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
    StatMsg("%s CreateMemory: as=0x%X, rqlen=%d; gave %i pages from 0x%X\n",
        "KernServ:", as, request->data[0], pages, start);
#   endif
    request->data[0] = (Ulong) start;
    request->data[1] = pages * VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
}

```

```
/*-----*\n * END OF MODULE: kernserver.c\n *-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: kernservpr.c      1.2      92/08/30      22:35:24
 *
 * This module implements the kernel server functions for creating and
 * removing user processes.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <debug.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <pageframe.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

MsgBuffer *ReqCreateAddrSpace();
void ReqRemoveAddrSpace();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern AddrSpace *CheckAddrSpaceCap();
extern Thread *CheckThreadCap();
extern MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer();
extern void CreatePort();
extern Errcode RemoveAddrSpace();
extern void Kill();
extern Ulong GetPageCount();
extern Void *GetPages();
extern Void *GetPageFrame();
extern void GetVaddrPages();
extern AddrSpace *CreateAddrSpace();
extern char *Kmalloc();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Thread *currentThread;
extern Void *kernelInfoPageAddr;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern char end;

/*=====*\
 * Handle kernel server request for the creation of a user process.
 *=====*/

MsgBuffer *ReqCreateAddrSpace( inRequest )
    MsgBuffer *inRequest;
{
    register CreateAddrSpaceMsg *request;
    Errcode error;
    AddrSpace *as;
    Thread *th;
    Ulong stack, stacklen;

```

```

Ulong pageValue;
MsgBuffer *reply;
Ulong startPage, virtPage, realPage, pageCount, i;
Void *startAddr, *virtAddr, *realAddr;

request = (CreateAddrSpaceMsg *) inRequest;
#   ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
StatMsg("KernServ: create: received message at 0x%X\n", request);
#   endif

/* create addr space and set notification of death port */
as = CreateAddrSpace( request->requestedPriority );
as->notificationPortMachineID = request->notificationPort.machineID;
as->notificationPortPortDesc = request->notificationPort.portDesc;
as->notificationPortPortCheck = request->notificationPort.portCheck;
#   ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
StatMsg("%s: new addr space 0x%X, pagetab=0x%X, priority=%d\n",
        "KernServ: create", as, as->pageTable,
        request->requestedPriority);
#   endif

/* map in the bootstrapping code. Only eight pages (4K) is mapped */
/* so the bootstrapping code cannot be longer than that (without */
/* modifying this code */
for( i=0; i<VM_PAGE_LENGTH * 8; i+=VM_PAGE_LENGTH ) {
    MapPage( as, (Void*) (ADDR_USER_BOOTSTRAP_CODE + i),
              (Void*) (ADDR_BOOTSTRAP_CODE + i),
              VM_USER_VR_MASK | VM_SHARED_PAGE_MASK );
}

/* map in the gosh darned mod table - unutilized but must be present */
MapPage( as, (Void*) ADDR_USER_MOD_TABLE, (Void*) ADDR_MOD_TABLE,
          VM_USER_VR_MASK | VM_SHARED_PAGE_MASK );

/* reserve zero page as unaccessible */
MapPage( as, (Void*) ADDR_USER_ZERO_PAGE, (Void*) ADDR_MOD_TABLE,
          VM_SUPER_VR_MASK | VM_SHARED_PAGE_MASK );

/* map in the system status page */
MapPage( as, (Void*) KS_ADDR_INFO_PAGE, kernelInfoPageAddr,
          VM_USER_VR_MASK | VM_SHARED_PAGE_MASK );

/* create initial thread */
th = (Thread *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Thread) );
stacklen = Align( request->initThreadStackLength, VM_PAGE_LENGTH );
request->initThreadStackLength = stacklen;
stack = KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG - stacklen;
startAddr = (Void *) ADDR_USER_BOOTSTRAP_ENTRY;
InitThreadDesc( th, as, startAddr, AS_REG_USER_PSR,
                request->requestedPriority, stack, stacklen,
                request->argv[0] - KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG + (Cint)request );
th->reg[AS_REG_MOD] = ADDR_USER_MOD_TABLE;
#   ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
StatMsg("KernServ: create: th=0x%X, stack=0x%X, stacklen=%d\n",
        th, stack, stacklen);
#   endif
endif

```

```

/* map in initial thread stack */
pageCount = stacklen / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
GetVaddrPages( as, (Void*) stack, pageCount, VM_USER_VRW_MASK );

/* mark creating msg buffer area as reserved */
RealMemPoke( &(((PageTable *) as->pageTable)->entry
             [KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG / VM_PAGE_LENGTH /
              VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT]),
             VM_NULL_RESERVED_ENTRY );

/* initialize message buffer contents */
InitAmsg( request, as, th, KS_BOOT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH );
request->initThreadStackPtr = (char *) stack;
# ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
StatMsg("KernServ: create: called InitAmsg\n");
# endif

/* create and fill in reply message */
reply = CreateMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, KS_SMALL_MSG_LENGTH );
# ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
StatMsg("KernServ: create: got reply message buffer at 0x%X\n", reply);
# endif
reply->destPort = request->replyPort;
reply->capability = request->addrSpaceCap;
reply->requestNumber = request->requestNumber;
reply->errorCode = ERR_OK;

/* map in the creation message buffer */
pageValue = UnmapMsgBuffer( kernelAddrSpace, request );
MapMsgBuffer( as, KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG, pageValue );

/* finish up */
Resume( th );
return( reply );
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle kernel server request for the removal of a user process.
\*=====*/

void ReqRemoveAddrSpace( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Errcode error;
    AddrSpace *as;
    Thread *th;

    as = CheckAddrSpaceCap( request->capability );
# ifdef DEBUG_KERN_SERVER
StatMsg("KernServ: RemoveAddrSpace: as=0x%X\n", as);
# endif
    if( as != NULL ) {
        request->errorCode = RemoveAddrSpace( as );
    } else {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
    }
}

```

}
}

```
/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: kernservpr.c
\*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: lock.c 1.5 92/08/30 22:36:09
*
* This module implements the functions for locking various structures.
* These functions should probably have been included in other modules.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <port.h>
#include <vm.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void LockAddrSpace();
void UnlockAddrSpace();
void LockPortDesc();
void UnlockPortDesc();
Ulong LockPointerTable();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;

/*=====*\
* Lock an address space. Should load it if it is not swapped in.
*=====*/

void LockAddrSpace( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    if (!as->swappedIn) {
        Panic ("LockAddrSpace: addr space is swapped out!");
    }
    SemWait( as->lockingSem );
}

/*=====*\
* Unlock an address space.
*=====*/

void UnlockAddrSpace( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    SemSignal( as->lockingSem );
}

/*=====*\
* Lock a port descriptor.
*=====*/

void LockPortDesc (port)
    PortDesc *port;
{

```

```

    SemWait( port->lockingSem );
}

/*=====*\
 * Unlock a port descriptor.
/*=====*/

void UnlockPortDesc (port)
    PortDesc *port;
{
    SemSignal( port->lockingSem );
}

/*=====*\
 * Lock a pointer table. Makes sure it is loaded into memory and returns
 * the value in corresponding the page table entry. The page frame
 * containing the pointer table is put into "unready" state so it cannot
 * be paged out.
 * ASSUMES THE ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
/*=====*/

Ulong LockPointerTable( as, pageEntry )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong pageEntry;
{
    PageTable *pageTable;
    Ulong pageValue;
    Void *pointerTable;

    pageTable = (PageTable*) as->pageTable;
    LockPageFrameTable();
    pageValue = RealMemPeek( &(amp;pageTable->entry[pageEntry]) );
    if (!(pageValue & VM_PAGE_VALID_MASK) && pageValue != VM_NULL_ENTRY) {
        /* load the stupid thing into memory */
        Kprintf("pageValue=0x%X\n", pageValue);
        Panic("LockPointerTable: pointer table is paged out");
    }
    pointerTable = (Void*) (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
    if( pageValue != VM_NULL_ENTRY ) {
        UnreadyPageFrame( pointerTable );
    }
    UnlockPageFrameTable();
    return( pageValue );
}

/*=====*\
 * Unlock a pointer table.
/*=====*/

void UnlockPointerTable( realAddr, modified )
    Void *realAddr;
    Boolean modified;
{
    ReadyPageFrame( realAddr, modified );
}

```

```
/*-----*\
* END OF MODULE: lock.c
\*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: msgbuf.c      1.6    92/08/30    22:36:21
 *
 * This module implements all of the operations on message buffers except
 * message passing.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <port.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <errcode.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

MsgBuffer      *CreateMsgBuffer();
void           RemoveMsgBuffer();
MsgBuffer      *FindMsgBufferSpot();
Ulong          UnmapMsgBuffer();
Ulong          MapMsgBuffer();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern MsgBuffer *FindMsgBufferSpot();
extern Ulong     GetPageCount();
extern Void      *Kmalloc();
extern Void      *GetPageFrame();
extern Ulong     GetRand();
extern AddrSpace *CreateAddrSpace();
extern Ulong     LockPointerTable();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Queue      *addrSpaceList;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Port       portAliasTable[];
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern PageFrameTableEntry pageFrameTable[];

/*=====*\
 * Create and map a message buffer into an address space.
 *=====*/

MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer( as, byteCount )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Ulong      byteCount;
{
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    Ulong pageCount;
    Ulong vpage, rpage, spage;
    Void *vaddr, *raddr;

```

```

    pageCount = GetPageCount( byteCount );
    LockAddrSpace( as );

    /* find a free page table entry */
    msg = FindMsgBufferSpot( as );
    if (msg == (MsgBuffer *) NULL) {
        Panic("CreateMsgBuffer: no free page table entries");
        return( msg );
    }

    /* allocate and map pages at that point */
    GetVaddrPages( as, (Void*) msg, pageCount,
        (VM_USER_VRW_MASK | VM_MSG_BUFFER_MASK) );
    UnlockAddrSpace( as );
    return( msg );
}

/*=====*\
 * Remove a message buffer from an address space.
 *=====*/

void RemoveMsgBuffer( as, addr )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void      *addr;
{
    Ulong    pageEntry;

    pageEntry = (CPtr)addr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH / VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    LockAddrSpace( as );
    FreePointerTable( as, pageEntry );
    UnlockAddrSpace( as );
}

/*=====*\
 * Search for a free page table entry to put the message buffer at.
 * Searches from high addresses to low addresses.
 *=====*/

MsgBuffer *FindMsgBufferSpot( as )
    AddrSpace *as;
{
    register PageTable *pt;
    register long int pte;

    pt = (PageTable *) as->pageTable;
    for ( pte = VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT - 1;
        pte >= 0 && RealMemPeek( &(pt->entry[pte]) ) != VM_NULL_ENTRY;
        pte-- );
    if (pte < 0) {
        return( (MsgBuffer *) NULL );
    }
    return( (MsgBuffer *) (pte * VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT
        * VM_PAGE_LENGTH) );
}

/*=====*\

```

```

* Unmaps a message buffer from an address space. The value in the page
* table entry is returned.
* ASSUMES THE ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
/*=====*/

Ulong UnmapMsgBuffer( as, msg )
    AddrSpace *as;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
{
    PageTable *pgt;
    PointerTable *ptt;
    register Ulong pte;
    Ulong pageValue;
    register Ulong pointerValue;
    register Ulong oldaddr, pageFrame;

    /* locate and lock the pointer table of the message buffer */
    pgt = (PageTable *) as->pageTable;
    pte = (Ulong)msg / VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pageValue = LockPointerTable( as, pte );

    /* unmap the message buffer */
    RealMemPoke( &(pgt->entry[pte]), VM_NULL_ENTRY );

    /* update the page frame table entries to be temporarily unpagable */
    LockPageFrameTable();
    pageFrame = (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK) / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pageFrameTable[pageFrame].pagable = FALSE;

    ptt = (PointerTable *) (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
    for (pte=0, oldaddr=(Ulong)msg;
        pte<VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT
        && (pointerValue = RealMemPeek( &(ptt->entry[pte]) ))
        != VM_NULL_ENTRY;
        pte++, oldaddr += VM_PAGE_LENGTH) {

        if (pointerValue & VM_PAGE_VALID_MASK) {
            pageFrame = (pointerValue & VM_PAGE_MASK)
                / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
            pageFrameTable[pageFrame].pagable = FALSE;
            /* invalidate kernel addresses */
            if (as == kernelAddrSpace) {
                InvalidateKernelAddr( oldaddr );
            }
        }
    }
    UnlockPageFrameTable();
    return( pageValue );
}

/*=====*/
* Map a message buffer into an address space. The number of pages in the
* message buffer is returned.
* ASSUMES THE ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
/*=====*/

```

```

Ulong MapMsgBuffer (as, msg, pageValue)
    AddrSpace *as;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    Ulong pageValue;
{
    PageTable      *pgt;
    PointerTable    *ptt;
    register PageFrameTableEntry *pfte;
    register Ulong  pte;
    register Ulong  pointerValue;
    register Ulong  pageFrame;
    Ulong           newpage;

    /* locate the page table entry and map the message buffer */
    pgt = (PageTable *) as->pageTable;
    pte = (Ulong)msg / VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    RealMemPoke( &(pgt->entry[pte]), pageValue );

    /* update the page frame table information */
    LockPageFrameTable();
    pageFrame = (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK) / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pageFrameTable[pageFrame].pagable = as->swappable;
    pageFrameTable[pageFrame].virtualPage = pte*VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    pageFrameTable[pageFrame].addrSpace = as;
    ptt = (PointerTable *) (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
    for (pte=0, newpage=(Ulong)msg / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
        pte<VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT
            && (pointerValue = RealMemPeek( &(ptt->entry[pte]) ))
            != VM_NULL_ENTRY;
        pte++, newpage++) {

        if (pointerValue & VM_PAGE_VALID_MASK) {
            pageFrame = (pointerValue & VM_PAGE_MASK) / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
            pfte = &( pageFrameTable[pageFrame] );
            pfte->pagable = as->swappable;
            pfte->virtualPage = newpage;
            pfte->wsDelta = PFT_WSDelta_START;
            pfte->addrSpace = as;
        }
    }
    UnlockPageFrameTable();
    return( pte * VM_PAGE_LENGTH );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: msgbuf.c
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: msgpass.c 1.6 92/08/30 22:36:35
*
* This routine implements the functions for sending and receiving messages.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <port.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <trap.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

Errcode KernSend();
Errcode KernReceive();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern Ulong UnmapMsgBuffer();
extern Ulong MapMsgBuffer();
extern Errcode VerifyPort ();
extern MsgBuffer *FindMsgBufferSpot();
extern void MakeReady();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Port portAliasTable[];

/*=====*\
* Send a message buffer to a port or to a receiving thread.
/*=====*/

Errcode KernSend (as, msgBuffer, portName)
    AddrSpace *as;
    MsgBuffer *msgBuffer;
    Port portName;
{
    PortDesc *port;
    Thread *th;
    Errcode error;
    MsgBuffer *receiveMsgBuffer;
    Ulong msgLength;
    Ulong msgSlot;
    Ulong pageValue;
    Ulong alias;
    Boolean intsave;

    /* if the destination port name is an alias, translate it */
    if (portName.machineID == SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE) {
        /*look up proper port in translation table*/
        alias = portName.portDesc;
    }
}

```

```

        if (alias >= SERV_PORT_ALIAS_COUNT ||
            portAliasTable[alias].machineID == SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE) {
            Panic("KernSend: invalid port alias");
        }
        portName = portAliasTable[portName.portDesc];
    }

    /* if dest port is not on this machine, panic */
    if (portName.machineID != KERN_MACHINE_ID) {
        Kprintf("KernSend( as=0x%X, msg=0x%X, port=[%d 0x%X %d] )\n",
            as, msgBuffer, portName );
        Panic ("Send: message destined for some other machine");
        /* should use the message forwarding server's port name */
    }
    if (error = VerifyPort(portName)) return( error );

    /* grab the message buffer */
    port = (PortDesc *) portName.portDesc;
    LockPortDesc( port );
    LockAddrSpace( as );
    pageValue = UnmapMsgBuffer( as, msgBuffer );
    if( !(pageValue & VM_MSG_BUFFER_MASK) ) {
        Panic("KernSend: Attempt to pass regular pointer table as msg buffer!");
    }
    UnlockAddrSpace( as );

    if (QueueCount( port->waitingThreadList ) > 0) {
        /* give message buffer directly to a waiting thread */
        intsave = DisableInterrupts();
        th = (Thread *) QueueGetHead( port->waitingThreadList );
        th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_BUSY;
        RestoreInterrupts( intsave );

        /* map in the message buffer */
        LockAddrSpace( th->ownerAddrSpace );
        receiveMsgBuffer = FindMsgBufferSpot( th->ownerAddrSpace );
        msgLength = MapMsgBuffer( th->ownerAddrSpace, receiveMsgBuffer,
            pageValue );
        UnlockAddrSpace( th->ownerAddrSpace );

        /* wake up the receiving thread */
        th->reg[SVC_REG_RETURN] = (Ulong) receiveMsgBuffer;
        th->reg[SVC_REG_MSG_LENGTH] = msgLength;
        th->reg[SVC_REG_ERRCODE] = ERR_OK;
        intsave = DisableInterrupts();
        MakeReady( th );
        RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    } else {
        /* move message into port */

        /* get slot to map message buffer in at */
        if (port->waitingMsgCount == 0) {
            msgSlot = port->firstMsgSlot = port->lastMsgSlot = 0;
        } else {
            if ( port->waitingMsgCount > VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT ) {
                Panic("KernSend: port store addr space full");
            }

```

```

    }
    msgSlot = port->lastMsgSlot = (port->lastMsgSlot+1)
                                % VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
}

/* map in the message buffer */
LockAddrSpace( port->storeAddrSpace );
MapMsgBuffer( port->storeAddrSpace,
              (MsgBuffer *) (msgSlot * SERV_MAX_MSG_LENGTH),
              pageValue );
UnlockAddrSpace( port->storeAddrSpace );
(port->waitingMsgCount)++;
}
UnlockPortDesc( port );
return( ERR_OK );
}

/*=====*\
 * Receive a message buffer from a port.
\*=====*/

Errcode KernReceive (th, portName, wait, outAddress, outPhysicalLength)
    Thread      *th;
    Port        portName;
    Boolean      wait;
    MsgBuffer    **outAddress;
    Ulong        *outPhysicalLength;
{
    PortDesc *port;
    AddrSpace *as;
    Errcode error;
    MsgBuffer *msgBuffer;
    Ulong msgLength;
    Ulong pageValue;

    /* check port */
    *outAddress = (MsgBuffer *) NULL;
    if (portName.machineID != KERN_MACHINE_ID) {
        return (ERR_MSG_PORT_NOT_OWNED);
    }
    if (error = VerifyPort(portName)) return( error );
    port = (PortDesc *) portName.portDesc;
    LockPortDesc( port );

    /* port must be owned by receiving address space */
    as = th->ownerAddrSpace;
    if (port->ownerAddrSpace != as) {
        UnlockPortDesc( port );
        return( ERR_MSG_PORT_NOT_OWNED );
    }

    if (port->waitingMsgCount > 0) {
        /* message waiting in port - give to thread */

        /* unmap from port address space and into receiver addr space */
        LockAddrSpace( port->storeAddrSpace );

```

```

    pageValue = UnmapMsgBuffer( port->storeAddrSpace,
        (MsgBuffer *) (port->firstMsgSlot * SERV_MAX_MSG_LENGTH));
    UnlockAddrSpace( port->storeAddrSpace );
    LockAddrSpace( th->ownerAddrSpace );
    msgBuffer = FindMsgBufferSpot( th->ownerAddrSpace );
    msgLength = MapMsgBuffer( th->ownerAddrSpace, msgBuffer,
        pageValue );
    UnlockAddrSpace( th->ownerAddrSpace );

    /* finish up */
    (port->waitingMsgCount)--;
    port->firstMsgSlot = (port->firstMsgSlot + 1)
        % VM_PAGE_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT;
    *outAddress = msgBuffer;
    *outPhysicalLength = msgLength;
    error = ERR_OK;
} else {
    /* no messages in port - thread must wait for one */
    if (!wait) return( ERR_MSG_NO_MESSAGE );
    QueueInsert( port->waitingThreadList, (QueueEntry *) th );
    th->portWaitingOn = (Void *) port;
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_PORT;
    error = ERR_MSG_RECEIVE_WAIT;
}
UnlockPortDesc( port );
return( error );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: msgpass.c
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: pageframe.c    1.9    92/08/30    22:36:49
 *
 * This module implements the functions for maintaining the page frame
 * table (which is meant to be used for demand disk paging). The term
 * "unready" means that the page frame has its "busy" flag set. The busy
 * should be set when a page frame is not in the free list nor the LRU list.
 * When a page frame is "unready", the demand paging system is not meant to
 * page it out.
\*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitPageFrameTable(); /*( kernAddrSpace, kernLimit )*/
Void *GetPageFrame(); /*( as, virtAddr, pageType ) : realAddr */
void FreePageFrame(); /*( realAddr )*/
void ReadyPageFrame(); /*( realAddr, modified )*/
void UnreadyPageFrame(); /*( realAddr )*/
void LockPageFrameTable(); /*( )*/
void UnlockPageFrameTable(); /*( )*/

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL void PrintPftAddr();
LOCAL Void *GetPageTableFrames();
LOCAL void SubFreePageFrame();
LOCAL void InitPageFrame();
LOCAL void UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry();
LOCAL void InsertPageFrameTableEntry();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern PageFrameTableEntry pageFrameTable [VM_PAGE_COUNT];
extern Ulong freePageFrameCount;
extern Ulong lruPageFrameCount;
extern Semaphore *pageFrameSem;
extern Boolean kernellIsReady;

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the page frame table with the static kernel pages already
 * allocated as being unpagable.
\*=====*/

void InitPageFrameTable( kernelAddrSpace, kernelAddrLimit )
    AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
    Void *kernelAddrLimit;
{

```

```

register PageFrameTableEntry *p;
register Ulong i;
Ulong kernelPageTableFrame;
Ulong kernelPageFrameLimit;

#   ifdef DEBUG
Kprintf ("Initializing page frame table...\n");
#   endif

/* reserve page frames that kernel occupies */
kernelPageFrameLimit = GetPageCount( (CPint)kernelAddrLimit );
p = &(pageFrameTable[0]);
for( i=0; i<kernelPageFrameLimit; i++, p++ ) {
    p->pagable      = FALSE;
    p->busy         = TRUE;
    p->type         = PFT_TYPE_REGULAR;
    p->status       = PFT_STATUS_IN_CLEAN;
    p->wsDelta      = PFT_WSDelta_START;
    p->virtualPage  = i;
    p->addrSpace    = kernelAddrSpace;
    p->diskBlock    = PFT_DISK_BLOCK_NULL;
}

/* re-do the page frames for the kernel page table */
kernelPageTableFrame =
    (CPint)kernelAddrSpace->pageTable / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
pageFrameTable[kernelPageTableFrame].type = PFT_TYPE_PAGE_TABLE;
pageFrameTable[kernelPageTableFrame].virtualPage = 0;
pageFrameTable[kernelPageTableFrame+1].type = PFT_TYPE_PAGE_TABLE;
pageFrameTable[kernelPageTableFrame+1].virtualPage = 0;

/* set rest of page frames as free and linked into free list */
p = &(pageFrameTable[kernelPageFrameLimit]);
for( i=kernelPageFrameLimit; i<VM_PAGE_COUNT; i++, p++ ) {
    p->type = PFT_TYPE_FREE;
    p->busy = FALSE;
    p->nextPage = i + 1;
    p->prevPage = i - 1;
}
pageFrameTable[kernelPageFrameLimit].prevPage = PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME;
pageFrameTable[VM_PAGE_COUNT-1].nextPage = PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME;

/* initialize free and lru page frame lists */
pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage = kernelPageFrameLimit;
pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].prevPage = VM_PAGE_COUNT - 1;
freePageFrameCount = VM_PAGE_COUNT - kernelPageFrameLimit;
pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME].nextPage = PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME;
pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME].prevPage = PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME;
lruPageFrameCount = 0;

#   ifdef DEBUG_INITPFT
PrintPftAddr ("kernelPageTableFrame", kernelPageTableFrame);
PrintPftAddr ("kernelPageFrameLimit", kernelPageFrameLimit);
PrintPftAddr ("pageFrameFreeHead",
    pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage);
PrintPftAddr ("pageFrameFreeTail",

```

```

        pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].prevPage);
#    endif
}

/*=====*\
 * Take a free page frame. Puts it into "unready" state for manipulating.
\*=====*/

Void *GetPageFrame( as, virtAddr, pageType )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void *virtAddr;
    Ulong pageType;
{
    Ulong p;

    if( pageType == PFT_TYPE_PAGE_TABLE ) {
        return( GetPageTableFrames( as, virtAddr, pageType ) );
    }

    LockPageFrameTable();
    if( freePageFrameCount > 0 ) {
        /* there are free page frames; grab the first of those */
        p = pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage;
        UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry( p, PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME,
                                   &freePageFrameCount );
    } else {
        /* there are no free page frames; we will have to steal */
        /* one from the LRU list by paging one out */
        Panic("GetPageFrame: no free page frames");
        /* THIS IS WHERE A PAGE FRAME GETS PAGED OUT */
        return( NULL );
    }

    InitPageFrame( p, as, virtAddr, pageType );
    UnlockPageFrameTable();
    (as->memoryPageCount)++;
    return( (Void *) (p * VM_PAGE_LENGTH) );
}

/*=====*\
 * Link the given page frame into the free list. Also handles page table
 * frame pairs.
 * ASSUMES THE PAGE FRAME TABLE ENTRY IS ALREADY IN "UNREADY" STATE.
\*=====*/

void FreePageFrame( realAddr )
    Void *realAddr;
{
    Ulong p;
    Ulong diskBlock0, diskBlock1;

    p = (Cint)realAddr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    LockPageFrameTable();
    if( pageFrameTable[p].type == PFT_TYPE_PAGE_TABLE ) {
        SubFreePageFrame( p+1 );
    }
    SubFreePageFrame( p );
}

```

```

    UnlockPageFrameTable();
}

/*=====*\
 * Link a page frame table entry into the LRU list and make it available
 * for paging. Changes status to "in dirty" if the modified flag is true.
 * ASSUMES PAGE FRAME IS IN "UNREADY" STATE.
 *=====*/

void ReadyPageFrame( realAddr, modified )
    Void    *realAddr;
    Boolean modified;
{
    Ulong p;
    PageFrameTableEntry *pe;

    /* if page frame modified, release disk block and mark dirty */
    p = (CPint) realAddr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pe = &(pageFrameTable[p]);
    if( modified ) {
        if( pe->diskBlock != PFT_DISK_BLOCK_NULL ) {
            ReleaseVmDiskBlock( pe->diskBlock );
        }
        pe->status = PFT_STATUS_IN_DIRTY;
    }

    LockPageFrameTable();
    if( pe->pagable ) {
        /* only put it into LRU list if it is pagable */
        InsertPageFrameTableEntry( p, PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME,
                                   &lruPageFrameCount);
        pe->busy = FALSE;
    }
    UnlockPageFrameTable();
}

/*=====*\
 * Unlink a page frame table entry from the LRU list to for manipulation.
 * ASSUMES THE PAGE FRAME TABLE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

void UnreadyPageFrame( realAddr )
    Void    *realAddr;
{
    Ulong p;
    PageFrameTableEntry *pe;

    p = (CPint)realAddr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pe = &(pageFrameTable[p]);
    if( !pe->busy ) {
        UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry( p, PFT_MASTER_LRU_FRAME,
                                   &lruPageFrameCount );
        pe->busy = TRUE;
    }
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Lock the page frame table.
/*=====*/

void LockPageFrameTable()
{
    SemWait( pageFrameSem );
}

/*=====*\
 * Unlock the page frame table.
/*=====*/

void UnlockPageFrameTable()
{
    SemSignal( pageFrameSem );
}

/*=====*\
 * For debugging, display the address of an important page frame table
 * entry.
/*=====*/

#ifdef DEBUG_INITPFT
LOCAL void PrintPftAddr (str, entry)
    char *str;
    Ulong entry;
{
    Kprintf ("%s = [%d] = &0x%X for virt addr 0x%X.\n",str,entry,
        &pageFrameTable[entry], entry*VM_PAGE_LENGTH);
}
#endif

/*=====*\
 * Reserve two correctly aligned page frame table entries for a page table.
/*=====*/

LOCAL Void *GetPageTableFrames( as, virtAddr, pageType )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void *virtAddr;
    Ulong pageType;
{
    Ulong p, pOther;
    PageFrameTableEntry *poe;

    LockPageFrameTable();

    #ifdef DEBUG_VERIFY_MUCH
    /* for heavy verification, verify that the free list is correct */
    for(pOther=0,p=pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage;
        p != PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME;
        p = pageFrameTable[p].nextPage) {
        pOther++;
    }
    Kprintf("PFT: Count=%d, check=%d\n", freePageFrameCount, pOther);
    if(freePageFrameCount != pOther) Panic("They don't match!");
    #endif
}

```

```

#     endif

/* try to search free list for acceptable pair of page frames */
if( freePageFrameCount > 0 ) {
    p = pageFrameTable[PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME].nextPage;
    while( p != PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME ) {
        /* figure whether the other page of the pair */
        /* is the next or previous physical one */
        if( p % 2 == 0 ) {
            pOther = p+1;
        } else {
            pOther = p-1;
        }
        poe = &(pageFrameTable[pOther]);
        if( !poe->busy && poe->type == PFT_TYPE_FREE ) {
            /* we have found a good pair; get them */
            UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry( p,
                                       PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME,
                                       &freePageFrameCount );
            UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry( pOther,
                                       PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME,
                                       &freePageFrameCount );
            InitPageFrame( p, as, virtAddr, pageType );
            InitPageFrame( pOther, as, virtAddr, pageType );
            if( pOther < p ) p = pOther;
            UnlockPageFrameTable();
            (as->memoryPageCount) += 2;
            return( (Void*) (p * VM_PAGE_LENGTH) );
        }
        p = pageFrameTable[p].nextPage;
    }

    /* should search LRU list for page frame pair */
    Panic("GetPageTableFrames: cannot find acceptable pair of frames");

    UnlockPageFrameTable();
}

/*=====*\
 * Link the given page frame table entry into the free list.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void SubFreePageFrame( p )
    Ulong    p;
{
    PageFrameTableEntry *pe;

    pe = &(pageFrameTable[p]);
#   ifdef DEBUG_VERIFY
    if( pe->type == PFT_TYPE_FREE ) {
        Kprintf("SubFreePageFrame: p=%d, raddr=0x%X\n", p,
               p*VM_PAGE_LENGTH);
        Panic("Attempt to free already free page frame");
    }
    if( !pe->busy ) {

```

```

        Kprintf("SubFreePageFrame: p=%d, raddr=0x%X\n", p,
                p*VM_PAGE_LENGTH);
        Panic("Attempt to free page frame in LRU list");
    }
#   endif
    (pe->addrSpace->memoryPageCount)--;
    pe->busy = FALSE;
    pe->type = PFT_TYPE_FREE;
    if( pe->diskBlock != PFT_DISK_BLOCK_NULL ) {
        UnlockPageFrameTable();
        ReleaseVmDiskBlock( pe->diskBlock );
        LockPageFrameTable();
    }
    InsertPageFrameTableEntry( p, PFT_MASTER_FREE_FRAME,
                               &freePageFrameCount );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize fields of a page frame table entry. Called by the
 * GetPageFrame() functions. Puts the page frame into "unready" state.
 * ASSUMES THE PAGE FRAME TABLE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void InitPageFrame( p, as, virtAddr, pageType )
    Ulong    p;
    AddrSpace *as;
    Void     *virtAddr;
    Ulong    pageType;
{
    PageFrameTableEntry *pe;

    pe = &(pageFrameTable[p]);
    pe->pagable = as->swappable;
    pe->busy    = TRUE;
    pe->type    = pageType;
    pe->status  = PFT_STATUS_IN_CLEAN;
    pe->virtualPage = (Cint)virtAddr / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
    pe->wsDelta  = PFT_WSDelta_START;
    pe->addrSpace = as;
    pe->diskBlock = PFT_DISK_BLOCK_NULL;
}

/*=====*\
 * Ulink a page frame table entry from the list that it is currently in.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry( p, master, countPtr )
    Ulong    p;
    Ulong    master;
    Ulong    *countPtr;
{
    register PageFrameTableEntry *pe;

    pe = &(pageFrameTable[p]);
    pageFrameTable[pe->nextPage].prevPage = pe->prevPage;
    pageFrameTable[pe->prevPage].nextPage = pe->nextPage;

```

```

        (*countPtr)--;
/*      Kprintf("%s: m=%d, p=%d, raddr=0x%X, cnt=%d, vaddr=0x%X\n",
            "UnlinkPageFrameTableEntry", master, p, p*512, *countPtr,
            (pe->virtualPage)*512 );*/
    }

/*=====*\
 * Link a page frame into the tail position of the specified list.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void InsertPageFrameTableEntry( p, master, countPtr )
    Ulong    p;
    Ulong    master;
    Ulong    *countPtr;
{
    register PageFrameTableEntry *mpe, *pe;
    Ulong    oldLast;

    mpe = &(pageFrameTable[master]);
    oldLast = mpe->prevPage;
    pageFrameTable[oldLast].nextPage = p;
    mpe->prevPage = p;
    pe = &(pageFrameTable[p]);
    pe->nextPage = master;
    pe->prevPage = oldLast;
    (*countPtr)++;

/*      Kprintf("%s: m=%d, p=%d, raddr=0x%X, cnt=%d, vaddr=0x%X\n",
            "InsertPageFrameTableEntry", master, p, p*512, *countPtr,
            (pe->virtualPage)*512 );*/
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  pageframe.c
 *-----*/

```

```

#/*-----*\
# * MODULE:  panic.s    1.9    92/09/30    22:37:10
# *
# * This module implements the panic function which is called when a fatal
# * internal error is detected. This module is implemented in assembler
# * so it can preserve the processor registers (as well as possible) for
# * the return to the ROM monitor.
#\*-----*/

#/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

    .globl _Panic

#/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

    .set    MSRMASK,      0xffff8ffff

#/*----- Static Variables -----*/

    .comm   PANIC_TEMP,4
    .text

#/*=====*\
# * Function.
#\*=====*/

_Panic: #( panicMessage )
    enter   [r0,r1,r2,r3,r4,r5,r6,r7],0
    jsr     _DeviceShutdown      # shut down devices
    jsr     _IcuShutdown
    lprd    intbase, _romMonIntbase # restore the
    movd    8(fp),tos             # get panic message
    movd    4(fp),tos             # get caller's address
    movd    $_PanicTitle,tos     # printf the panic message
    jsr     _Kprintf
    adjspb  $-12
    movqd   0,r0                  # count to 10000 to wait for the
_rep: addqd 1,r0                  # console to stop printing
    cmpd    r0,$10000
    blt     _rep
    exit    [r0,r1,r2,r3,r4,r5,r6,r7]
    smr     msr, PANIC_TEMP       # turn off virtual memory mapping
    andd    $MSRMASK, PANIC_TEMP
    lmr     msr, PANIC_TEMP
    bpt
    ret     0

_PanicTitle:
    .ascii  "PANIC (0x%X): %s\n\0"

#/*-----*\
# * END OF MODULE:  panic.s
#\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: port.c      1.8    92/08/30    22:37:19
 *
 * This module implements functions for manipulating port control blocks
 * (except for message passing).
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <port.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <trap.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void CreatePort();
void RemovePort();
void InitPortAliasTable();
void SetPortAlias();
Errcode VerifyPort();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern MsgBuffer *FindMsgBufferSpot();
extern Ulong GetPageCount();
extern Void *Kmalloc();
extern Void *GetPageFrame();
extern Ulong GetRand();
extern AddrSpace *CreateAddrSpace();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Queue *portDescList;
extern Queue *addrSpaceList;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Port portAliasTable[];

/*=====*\
 * Dynamically allocate and initialize a port control block. Returns the
 * port name.
 *=====*/

void CreatePort( as, outPortName )
    AddrSpace *as;
    Port *outPortName;
{
    PortDesc *port;
    AddrSpace *storeAddrSpace;

    port = (PortDesc *) Kmalloc( sizeof(PortDesc) );
    port->priority = 0;

```

```

    port->portMagicNumber    = PORT_MAGIC_NUMBER;
    port->ownerAddrSpace      = as;
    port->portCheck           = GetRand();
    port->lockingSem          = SemCreate( 1, SEM_PRIORITY_PORT );
    port->waitingThreadList   = QueueCreate();
    port->storeAddrSpace      = CreateAddrSpace( port->priority );
    port->waitingMsgCount     = 0;
    port->firstMsgSlot        = 0;
    port->lastMsgSlot         = 0;
    SemWait( as->lockingSem );
    QueueInsert( as->ownedPortList, (QueueEntry *) port );
    SemSignal( as->lockingSem );
    outPortName->machineID = KERN_MACHINE_ID;
    outPortName->portDesc  = (Ulong) port;
    outPortName->portCheck = port->portCheck;
}

/*=====*\
 * Removes a port control block (and the address space it contains). This
 * routine is called as part of removing an address space (which makes the
 * process recursive).
 * ASSUMES THAT THE OWNER ADDRESS SPACE IS *NOT* ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

void RemovePort( port )
    PortDesc *port;
{
    Thread *awaken;
    Boolean intsave;
    AddrSpace *pas;

#   ifdef DEBUG_PORT
#   Kprintf("RemovePort: entering for port = 0x%X\n", port);
#   endif
    SemWait( port->lockingSem );

    /* remove port storage address space (recursive call) */
    RemoveAddrSpace( port->storeAddrSpace );

    /* wake up all waiting threads with an error */
    while( QueueCount(port->waitingThreadList) > 0 ) {
        awaken = (Thread*) QueueGetHead( port->waitingThreadList );
        intsave = DisableInterrupts();
        awaken->reg[SVC_REG_ERRCODE] = ERR_MSG_BAD_PORT_DESC;
        MakeReady( awaken );
        RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    }

    /* finish up */
    QueueRemove( port->waitingThreadList );
    port->portMagicNumber = KERN_UNMAGIC_NUMBER;
    SemSignal( port->lockingSem );
    SemRemove( port->lockingSem );
    Kfree( (Void*) port, sizeof(PortDesc) );
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the port alias table to all empty. The port alias table
 * translated between aliases and actual port names. A port alias has a
 * special machine number, and the "portDesc" field of the port name gives
 * the index to look up in the port alias table.
/*=====*/

void InitPortAliasTable()
{
    Ulong i;
    for (i=0; i<SERV_PORT_ALIAS_COUNT; i++) {
        portAliasTable[i].machineID = SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE;
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Sets the given port alias number to the given port name.
/*=====*/

void SetPortAlias( alias, port )
    Port    port;
    Ulong    alias;
{
    if (alias >= SERV_PORT_ALIAS_COUNT)
        Panic("SetPortAlias: alias out of range");
    if (portAliasTable[alias].machineID != SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE)
        Panic("SetPortAlias: alias already taken");
    portAliasTable[alias] = port;
}

/*=====*\
 * Verifies that a port name is valid.
/*=====*/

Errcode VerifyPort( portName )
    Port portName;
{
    PortDesc *port;

    port = (PortDesc *) portName.portDesc;
    /* if ( !Mapped( (Void *) port, sizeof(PortDesc) ) ) {
        return( ERR_MSG_BAD_PORT_DESC );
    } */

    /* should do a real memory peek here */
    if (port->portMagicNumber != PORT_MAGIC_NUMBER) {
        return( ERR_MSG_BAD_PORT_DESC );
    }
    if (portName.portCheck != port->portCheck) {
        return( ERR_MSG_BAD_PORT_CHECK );
    }
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*=====*\
 * END OF MODULE: port.c

```

-----/

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: queue.c      1.7      92/08/30      22:37:33
 *
 * Implements all code for creating, destroying, and manipulating round-
 * robin priority queues.
 *-----*/

```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <queue.h>

```

```

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

```

```

Queue      *QueueCreate();           /*( ) : queue */
void        QueueRemove();           /*( queue )*/
void        QueueInit();             /*( queue )*/
void        QueueInsert();           /*( queue, queueEnt )*/
void        QueueUnlink();           /*( queue, queueEnt )*/
Ulong       QueueCount();            /*( queue ) : count */
Ulong       QueueHeadPriority();     /*( queue ) : priority */
QueueEntry  *GetQueueHead();         /*( queue ) : queueEnt */
QueueEntry  *QueueHead();            /*( queue ) : queueEnt */

```

```

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

```

```

extern Void   *Kmalloc();
extern void    Kfree();

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Allocate and initialize a queue structure.
 *=====*/

```

```

Queue *QueueCreate()
{
    Queue *queue;

    queue = (Queue *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Queue) );
    QueueInit( queue );
    return( queue );
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Deallocate a queue structure.
 *=====*/

```

```

void QueueRemove( queue )
    Queue *queue;
{
    queue->queueMagicNumber = KERN_UNMAGIC_NUMBER;
    Kfree( (Void *) queue, sizeof(Queue) );
}

```

```

/*=====*\
 * Initialize a queue structure to empty.
 *=====*/

```

```

void QueueInit( queue )

```

```

    Queue *queue;
{
    queue->head = (QueueEntry *) queue;
    queue->tail = (QueueEntry *) queue;
    queue->lowpriority = QUEUE_LOWEST_PRIORITY;
    queue->count = 0;
    queue->queueMagicNumber = QUEUE_MAGIC_NUMBER;
}

/*=====*\
 * Insert a new entry into a queue, in round-robin priority order.
/*=====*/

void QueueInsert( queue, entry )
    Queue      *queue;
    QueueEntry *entry;
{
    register QueueEntry *p;
    register Ulong epri;

    epri = entry->priority;
    for (p = queue->head; p->priority <= epri; p = p->next) ;
    entry->next = p;
    entry->prev = p->prev;
    p->prev->next = entry;
    p->prev = entry;
    queue->count++;
}

/*=====*\
 * Unlink a queue entry from the queue it is in.
/*=====*/

void QueueUnlink( queue, entry )
    Queue      *queue;
    QueueEntry *entry;
{
    entry->prev->next = entry->next;
    entry->next->prev = entry->prev;
    queue->count--;
}

/*=====*\
 * Return the number of entries in a queue.
/*=====*/

Ulong QueueCount( queue )
    Queue *queue;
{
    return( queue->count );
}

/*=====*\
 * Return the priority of the highest priority entry in a queue (the head
 * entry) (priority is in reverse numerical order).
/*=====*/

```

```

Ulong QueueHeadPriority( queue )
    Queue *queue;
{
    return( QueueHead(queue)->priority );
}

/*=====*\
 * Unlink and return the head entry of a queue.
\*=====*/

QueueEntry *QueueGetHead( queue )
    Queue *queue;
{
    QueueEntry *qe;

    qe = QueueHead( queue );
    QueueUnlink( queue, qe );
    return( qe );
}

/*=====*\
 * Return pointer to the highest priority entry of a queue. This routine
 * implements the queuing discipline.
\*=====*/

QueueEntry *QueueHead( queue )
    Queue *queue;
{
    return( queue->head );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: queue.c
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: ready.c      1.6      92/08/30      22:37:44
 *
 * This module implements functions for manipulating the ready list and the
 * current thread.
 */

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

Errcode Resume();
Errcode Suspend();
void MakeReady();
void Reschedule();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern Boolean DisableInterrupts();
extern void RestoreInterrupts();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Thread *currentThread, *previousThread;
extern Queue *readyList;

/*=====*\
 * Resume the given thread. The thread must be in suspended state.
 */
/*=====*/

Errcode Resume( th )
    Thread *th;
{
    Boolean intsave;

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    if (th->state != AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED) {
        return( ERR_TH_RESUME );
    }
    /* check if thread has valid magic number ??? */
    MakeReady (th);
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*=====*\
 * Suspend the given thread. The thread must either be current or ready.
 * A better scheme would have been to use a "suspend count".
 */
/*=====*/

Errcode Suspend( th )
    Thread *th;

```

```

{
    Boolean intsave;

    /* make sure the thread is current or ready */
    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    if (th->state != AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT &&
        th->state != AS_THREAD_STATE_READY) {
        return( ERR_TH_SUSPEND );
    }

    /* suspend the thread */
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED;
    if (th->state == AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT) {
        Reschedule();
    } else {
        QueueUnlink( readyList, (QueueEntry *) th );
    }
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*=====*\
 * Puts the given thread into the ready list and does a reschedule.
 * ASSUMES THAT INTERRUPTS ARE DISABLED.
\*=====*/

void MakeReady( th )
    Thread *th;
{
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_READY;
    QueueInsert( readyList, th );
    Reschedule();
}

/*=====*\
 * Makes sure the highest priority ready thread is made current.
\*=====*/

void Reschedule ()
{
    Thread *oldcurr;

#   ifdef DEBUG_VERIFY
    /* if verifying, verify that interrupts are indeed disabled; */
    /* we get into deep trouble if interrupts are not disabled */
    Boolean intsave;
    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    if( intsave ) {
        Panic("Reschedule: somebody called me with interrupts active!");
    }
#   endif

    /* if the current thread is the highest priority (and is indeed still */
    /* current) then exit immediately */
    previousThread = currentThread;
    if (currentThread->state == AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT &&

```

```

        currentThread->priority < QueueHeadPriority(readyList) ) {
            return;
        }

    /* put the current thread into the ready list (if it is still in */
    /* "current" state) */
    if (currentThread->state == AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT) {
        currentThread->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_READY;
        QueueInsert( readyList, currentThread );
    }

    /* get the new current thread and do a context switch to it */
    oldcurr = currentThread;
    currentThread = (Thread *) QueueGetHead( readyList );
    currentThread->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT;
    ContextSwitch( &(amp;oldcurr->reg[0]) );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: ready.c
/*-----*/

```

```

#/*-----*\
# * MODULE: realmem.s      1.4      92/08/30      22:37:56
# *
# * This module implements the assembler functions for accessing physical
# * memory addresses (for changing memory mapping).
#/*-----*/

```

```

#/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

```

```

.globl      _RealMemPeek
.globl      _RealMemPoke
.globl      _RealMemFill

```

```

#/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

```

```

.set  MAPON,  0x70000
.set  MAPOFF, 0x00000
.set  INTBIT, 0x800
.text

```

```

#/*=====*\
# * Return the double word value at the given physical memory address
# * (as opposed to virtual address).
#/*=====*/

```

```

_RealMemPeek: # ( address ) : value
    enter    [r5,r6,r7],0
    movd     8(fp),r5      # get the address parameter
    sprw     psr, r7       # save the interrupt status
    bicpsrw  $INTBIT      # disable interrupts
    smr      msr, r6       # save the memory management status register
    lmr      msr, $MAPOFF  # turn off virtual memory mapping
    movd     0(r5),r0      # get the value from the address
    lmr      msr, r6       # restore virtual memory mapping
    lprw     psr, r7       # restore interrupts
    exit     [r5,r6,r7]
    ret      0             # return the peek value in register 0

```

```

#/*=====*\
# * Store a double word value at a physical memory address.
#/*=====*/

```

```

_RealMemPoke: # ( address, value )
    enter    [r0,r5,r6,r7],0
    movd     8(fp),r5      # get the address parameter
    movd     12(fp),r0     # get the poke value parameter
    sprw     psr, r7       # save the interrupt status
    bicpsrw  $INTBIT      # disable interrupts
    smr      msr, r6       # save the memory status register
    lmr      msr, $MAPOFF  # turn virtual memory mapping off
    movd     r0,0(r5)      # poke the value
    lmr      msr, r6       # restore virtual memory mapping
    lprw     psr, r7       # restore interrupts
    exit     [r0,r5,r6,r7]
    ret      0

```

```

/*=====*\
# * Fill physical memory from the given address for the specified number of
# * double words with the given double word value.
# \*=====*/

```

```

_RealMemFill: #( pageAddr, dwords, value )
    enter    [r0,r4,r5,r6,r7],0
    movd     8(fp),r4           # get real address parameter
    movd     12(fp),r0         # get fill count parameter
    movd     16(fp),r5         # get fill value (double word) parameter
    sprw     psr, r6           # save interrupt enable status
    bicpsrw  $INTBIT           # disable interrupts
    smr      msr, r7           # save memory management status register
    lmr      msr, $MAPOFF      # turn off memory mapping

repeat:     movd     r5,0(r4)   # fill memory
            addqd    $4,r4
            subd     $1,r0
            cmpqd    $0,r0
            bne      repeat

            lmr      msr, r7     # restore memory mapping
            lprw     psr, r6     # restore interrupts
            exit     [r0,r4,r5,r6,r7]
            ret      0

```

```

/*-----*\
# * END OF MODULE: realmem.s
# \*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
# * MODULE: regwork.s      1.2    92/08/30    22:38:09
# *
# * This module implements some assembler functions for accessing the
# * processor and MMU registers.
# \*-----*/

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

.globl    _DisableInterrupts    #( ) : oldEnableFlag
.globl    _RestoreInterrupts    #( enableFlag )
.globl    _InvalidateKernelAddr #( addr )

.text

/*=====*\
# * Disables interrupts and returns the old interrupt setting in a boolean
# * variable.
# \*=====*/

_DisableInterrupts: #( ) : oldEnableFlag
    enter    [],0
    sprd     psr,r0          # get current psr value
    lshd     $-11,r0         # shift the interrupt mask to bit0 position
    andd     $1,r0           # zero the rest of the bits; got return value
    bicpsrw $0x800          # disable interrupts
    exit     []
    ret      0

/*=====*\
# * Sets the interrupts enable bit according to the boolean variable
# * parameter. Complement of DisableInterrupts.
# \*=====*/

_RestoreInterrupts: #( enableFlag )
    enter    [],0
    cmpd     $0,8(fp)        # check "enableFlag"
    beq      _RestoreIntOff
    bispsrw $0x800           # if TRUE, enable interrupts
    br       _RestoreIntExit
_RestoreIntOff:
    bicpsrw $0x800           # if FALSE, disable interrupts
_RestoreIntExit:
    exit     []
    ret      0

/*=====*\
# * Invalidates the given address of the kernel address space by loading the
# * address into the MMU's EIA register. The address is invalidated for
# * the PTB0 address space and also for the PTB1 address space if PTB1 also
# * points to the kernel address space page table (like it will for kernel
# * threads). User address space addresses do not have to be invalidated
# * since the loading of the page table address into PTB1 on a context
# * switch will invalidate all cached addresses.
# \*=====*/

```

```

_InvalidateKernelAddr: #( addr )
    enter    [r0,r1],0
    movd     8(fp),r0          # get the addr parameter
    andd     $0x00ffffff,r0    # extract only the 24-bit address
    lmr      eia,r0            # invalidate PTB0 address
    smr      ptb1,r1           # check if PTB1 points to kernel a.s.
    cmpd     r1,$0x8000
    bne      _InvalidateKernelAddrExit
    ord      $0x80000000,r0     # if so, set address for PTB1 and
    lmr      eia,r0            # invalidate
_InvalidateKernelAddrExit:
    exit     [r0,r1]
    ret      0

```

```

#/*-----*\
# * END OF MODULE: regwork.s
#/*-----*/

```

```

#/*-----*\
# * MODULE: saveregs.s      1.13    92/08/30    22:38:17
# *
# * This module implements the functions for register saving and restoring
# * during context switching. It is suspected that this module houses the
# * infamous "0x100 PSR" context switching bug.
#\*-----*/

#/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

.globl      _ContextSwitch
.globl      _SaveThreadRegs
.globl      _RestoreThreadRegs

#/*----- Static Variables -----*/

.comm _userStackRestore,4
.comm _reg0save,4
.comm _psrwork,4

#/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

.set SPOFF_PSR,      10      # offset from SP of interrupted thread's PSR
.set SPOFF_MOD,      8       # offset from SP of MOD
.set SPOFF_PC,       4       # offset from SP of PC
.set TRAP_STACK_BIT, 9       # PSR bit that selects SP0/SP1
.set SELECT_SP1,     0x200   # PSR pattern that selects SP0/SP1
.set THOFF_ADDRSP,   6*4     # offset from thread descriptor of addr. space
.set THOFF_USERPTR,   7*4     # offset from TD of "user pointer" (unused)
.set THOFF_REG_SET,   8*4     # offset from TD of register set array
.set ADOFF_PTB1,      4*4     # offset from addr.space descr. of page table
.set REGOFF_R0,       0*4     # offset from TD register set of R0
.set REGOFF_R1,       1*4     # etc.
.set REGOFF_R2,       2*4
.set REGOFF_R3,       3*4
.set REGOFF_R4,       4*4
.set REGOFF_R5,       5*4
.set REGOFF_R6,       6*4
.set REGOFF_R7,       7*4
.set REGOFF_PC,       8*4
.set REGOFF_PSR,      9*4
.set REGOFF_SP,       10*4
.set REGOFF_FP,       11*4
.set REGOFF_MOD,      12*4
.set ADDR_LAST_THREAD_RESTORED, 0xFFFC00      #last thread completely restored
.text

#/*=====*\
# * Perform a demand context switch from one thread to another.
#\*=====*/

_ContextSwitch: #( &oldRegset )
    sprw    psr, _psrwork      #context switch only if persis. thread
    tbitw    $TRAP_STACK_BIT, _psrwork
    bfc      _exitContextSwitch
    sprw     psr, tos          #save registers as if interrupt occurred

```

```

sprw    mod, tos
addr    _exitContextSwitch, tos          #desired resume address
movd    12(sp), r0                      #register save area addr
movqd   $0, _reg0save                   #old thread return value
jsr     _SaveThreadRegsGotAddr          #save old thread registers
addr    8(sp), REGOFF_SP(12(sp))        #desired resume stack pointer
jsr     _RestoreThreadRegs
movd    r0, _reg0save
sprd    sp, r0                          #save old SP1
lprd    sp, _userStackRestore           #move to new SP1
bicpsrw $SELECT_SP1                    #switch to SP0 (trap stack)
lprd    sp, $0x8dfc
movw    6(r0), tos                      #put rett info onto SP0
movw    4(r0), tos
movd    0(r0), tos
movd    _reg0save, r0
movd    _previousTrapMod, _previousTrapModSave
movd    $0xCB1122CB, _previousTrapMod    #indicate cause of last rett

tbitw   $9, 6(sp)
bfc     badCtxsw

rett    0                               #pop rett information from SP0
_exitContextSwitch:
ret     0

badCtxsw:
addr    badCtxswMsg, tos
jsr     _Panic
badCtxswMsg:
.ascii  "ContextSwitch: cannot resume SP0 thread!\0"

#/*=====*\
# * Save the processor registers into the current thread control block
# * after an interrupt occurs and before processing the interrupt.
#/*=====*/

__SaveThreadRegs:
tbitw   $TRAP_STACK_BIT, SPOFF_PSR(sp)  # check if we interrupted an
bfc     _SaveTrapOnTrap                  # interrupt
movd    r0, _reg0save
movd    _currentThread, r0               # get register set address within
add     $THOFF_REG_SET, r0               # the current thread

__SaveThreadRegsGotAddr:
movd    _reg0save, REGOFF_R0(r0)         # save registers into currentThread
movd    r1, REGOFF_R1(r0)
movd    r2, REGOFF_R2(r0)
movd    r3, REGOFF_R3(r0)
movd    r4, REGOFF_R4(r0)
movd    r5, REGOFF_R5(r0)
movd    r6, REGOFF_R6(r0)
movd    r7, REGOFF_R7(r0)
sprd    fp, REGOFF_FP(r0)
movd    SPOFF_PC(sp), REGOFF_PC(r0)      # take these ones off the
movw    SPOFF_PSR(sp), REGOFF_PSR(r0)    # trap stack
movw    SPOFF_MOD(sp), REGOFF_MOD(r0)

```

```

    sprw    psr, r1                # select SP1 and save its
    bispsrw $SELECT_SP1           # value into the current
    sprd    sp, REGOFF_SP(r0)     # thread
    lprw    psr, r1
    ret     0

_SaveTrapOnTrap:
    addr    _SaveTotMsg, tos
    jsr     _Panic
_SaveTotMsg:
    .ascii  "SaveRegs: Invalid PSR value on interrupt stack!\0"

/*=====*\
# * Restore the register values in the current thread control block into
# * the processor registers.
# \*=====*/

_RestoreThreadRegs:
    movd    _currentThread, r0     #restore registers from currentThread
    addd    $THOFF_REG_SET, r0
    movd    REGOFF_R2(r0), r2
    movd    REGOFF_R3(r0), r3
    movd    REGOFF_R4(r0), r4
    movd    REGOFF_R5(r0), r5
    movd    REGOFF_R6(r0), r6
    lprd    fp, REGOFF_FP(r0)
    movd    REGOFF_PC(r0), SPOFF_PC(sp) # restore these onto the trap
    movw    REGOFF_PSR(r0), SPOFF_PSR(sp) # stack
    movw    REGOFF_MOD(r0), SPOFF_MOD(sp)

    #restore the stack pointer
    sprw    psr, r1                # check if SP0 is selected
    tbitw   $TRAP_STACK_BIT, r1
    bfs     _RestoreSP1
    bispsrw $SELECT_SP1           # if so, then select SP1 and
    lprd    sp, REGOFF_SP(r0)     # restore the value from the
    bicpsrw $SELECT_SP1           # current thread into it, and
    br      _RestoreCont          # reselect SP0
_RestoreSP1:
    movd    REGOFF_SP(r0), _userStackRestore # otherwise, put into temp. var

_RestoreCont:
    movd    REGOFF_R1(r0), r1     #restore parameter registers
    movd    REGOFF_R7(r0), r7
    movd    REGOFF_R0(r0), _reg0save
    movd    _currentThread, r0    #set PTB1 register
    movd    THOFF_ADDRSP(r0), r0
    lmr     ptb1, ADOFF_PTBI(r0)
    movd    _reg0save, r0
    movd    _currentThread, ADDR_LAST_THREAD_RESTORED

    tbitw   $TRAP_STACK_BIT, SPOFF_PSR(sp) # check if we interrupted an
    bfc     _RestoreTrapOnTrap          # interrupt

    ret     0

```

```
_RestoreTrapOnTrap:
    addr    _RestoreTotMsg,tos
    jsr     _Panic
```

```
_RestoreTotMsg:
    .ascii  "RestoreRegs: Invalid PSR value on interrupt stack!\0"
```

```
/*-----*\
* * END OF MODULE: saveregs.s
*\*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: sem.c      1.9      92/08/30      22:38:32
 *
 * This module implements the functions for manipulating counting semaphores.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

Semaphore *SemCreate();           /*( count, priority ) : sem */
void SemInit();                  /*( sem, queue, count, semPriority )*/
void SemRemove();                /*( sem )*/
void SemWait();                  /*( sem )*/
void SemSignal();                /*( sem )*/
void SemRestart();               /*( sem, count )*/

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern Void      *Kmalloc();      /* kernlib.c */
extern void      Kfree();         /* kernlib.c */

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Thread *currentThread;

/*=====*\
 * Dynamically allocate and initialize a semaphore.
/*=====*/

Semaphore *SemCreate( count, semPriority )
    Ulong count;
    Ulong semPriority;
{
    Semaphore *sem;
    Queue *queue;

    sem = (Semaphore *) Kmalloc( sizeof(Semaphore) );
    queue = QueueCreate();
    SemInit( sem, queue, count, semPriority );
    return( sem );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize an existing semaphore control block.
/*=====*/

void SemInit( sem, queue, count, semPriority )
    Semaphore *sem;
    Queue *queue;
    Ulong count;
    Ulong semPriority;
{

```

```

    sem->semMagicNumber = SEM_MAGIC_NUMBER;
    sem->count = count;
    sem->semPriority = semPriority;
    sem->waitingThreadList = queue;
}

/*=====*\
 * Remove a semaphore control block.
\*=====*/

void SemRemove( sem )
    Semaphore *sem;
{
    Boolean intsave;
    Thread *awaken;

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    while (QueueCount(sem->waitingThreadList) > 0) {
        awaken = (Thread *) QueueGetHead( sem->waitingThreadList );
        MakeReady( awaken );
    }
    QueueRemove( sem->waitingThreadList );
    sem->semMagicNumber = KERN_UNMAGIC_NUMBER;
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    Kfree( (Void *) sem, sizeof(Semaphore) );
}

/*=====*\
 * Wait on a semaphore.
\*=====*/

void SemWait (sem)
    Semaphore *sem;
{
    Boolean intsave;

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    if (sem->semPriority != SEM_PRIORITY_NULL &&
        currentThread->semMaxPriority >= sem->semPriority) {
        Kprintf("SemWait: th=%x, sem=%x\n",currentThread,sem);
        Panic("SemWait: attempt to wait on lower priority semaphore");
    }
    currentThread->semMaxPriority := sem->semPriority;
    if (sem->count > 0) {
        (sem->count)--;
    } else {
        currentThread->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_SEM;
        currentThread->semWaitingOn = (Void *) sem;
        QueueInsert(sem->waitingThreadList, (QueueEntry*)currentThread);
        Reschedule();
    }
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
}

/*=====*\
 * Signal a semaphore.
\*=====*/

```

```

\*****/

void SemSignal (sem)
    Semaphore *sem;
{
    Thread *awakened;
    Boolean intsave;

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    currentThread->semMaxPriority &= ~(sem->semPriority);
    if (QueueCount(sem->waitingThreadList) == 0) {
        (sem->count)++;
    } else {
        awakened = (Thread *) QueueGetHead( sem->waitingThreadList );
        MakeReady( awakened );
    }
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
}

\*****\
* Restarts a semaphore from a given non-negative count:
* All waiting threads are awakened.
\*****/

void SemRestart (sem, value)
    Semaphore *sem;
    Ulong value;
{
    Thread *awakened;
    Boolean intsave;

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    while (QueueCount(sem->waitingThreadList) > 0) {
        awakened = (Thread *) QueueGetHead( sem->waitingThreadList );
        MakeReady( awakened );
    }
    sem->count = value;
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
}

\-----*\
* END OF MODULE: sem.c
\-----*/

```

```

#/*-----*\
# * MODULE: startup.s      1.11    92/08/30    22:38:44
# *
# * UNBOS main function.
#\*-----*/

#/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

.globl _start

#/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

.set TOS,      0x8dfc      # startup/interrupt stack pointer
.set MAPON,    0x70000     # pattern for enabling virtual memory mapping
.set MSRRESET, 0x2A       # pattern for resetting MMU's MSR
.set INITPSR, 0x000       # initial PSR value
.set INTBIT,   0x800       # PSR interrupt bit
.set PTBO,     0x8000     # address of kernel address space page table
.set DISPATCH, 0x8600     # address of dispatch table
.set OFFPSR,   9 * 4      # offset to PSR register in thread control block
.set OFFSP,    10 * 4     # stack pointer register
.set OFFFP,    11 * 4     # frame pointer register
.set OFFMOD,   12 * 4     # module table pointer register
.text

#/*=====*\
# * Start.
#\*=====*/

_start:
    lprw    psr, $INITPSR      # set the initial PSR
    lprd    sb, 0              # for GCC which assumes SB is 0
    sprd    intbase, _romMonIntbase # save the ROM monitor's intbase
    lprd    fp, $TOS           # use the startup stack
    lprd    sp, $TOS
    movqd   $0, _kernelIsReady # set flag
    jsr     _InitKernelAddrSpace # initialize page table
    lmr     ptbo, $PTBO        # enable virtual memory mapping
    lmr     msr, $MSRRESET
    lmr     msr, $MAPON
    jsr     _InitTraps         # initialize interrupts
    lprd    intbase, $DISPATCH # use the dispatch table
    jsr     _InitKernelThreads # r0 contains addr of boot thread reg set
    lprw    psr, OFFPSR(r0)    # get boot thread register settings
    lprd    sp, OFFSP(r0)      # from boot thread control block
    lprd    fp, OFFFP(r0)
    lprw    mod, OFFMOD(r0)
    jsr     _IcuInit           # initialize ICU
    bisprw  $INTBIT            # enable interrupts
    jsr     _IcuClockStart     # start ICU clock interrupts
    jsr     _InitDevices       # devices before device servers start
    jsr     _InitKernelSystemCalls
    jsr     _StartLocalServers
    jsr     _Banner            # print the startup banner
    jsr     _Getty             # start user processes; new main

```

```

bicpsrw $INTBIT                # shut down the system:
jsr      _DeviceShutdown        # shut down interrupt sources
jsr      _IcuShutdown
lprd     intbase, _romMonIntbase # restore ROM monitor intbase
lmr      msr, $MSRRESET         # disable memory mapping
movqd    0,r7                   #delay to let UART finish printing
_wait:   addqd    1,r7
cmpd     r7,$10000
blt      _wait
bpt                               # exit to ROM monitor

#/*-----*\
# * END OF MODULE: startup.s
#/*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: svchandler.c    1.6    92/08/30    22:38:55
*
* This module implements the SVC trap handler and the SVC server.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <trap.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <errcode.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void SvcTrapProcessor();
void SvcPickup();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void Reschedule();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Thread *currentThread;
extern Queue *svcWaitingList;
extern Semaphore *svcPickupSem;

/*=====*\
* Put the current thread into the SVC server waiting line.
/*=====*/

void SvcTrapHandler()
{
    currentThread->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_SVC;
    QueueInsert( svcWaitingList, (QueueEntry *) currentThread );
    Reschedule();
    SemSignal( svcPickupSem );
}

/*=====*\
* SVC server: get the next requesting thread and carry out its SendMessage
* or ReceiveMessage request. Parameters are passed in the registers set
* of the current thread control block.
/*=====*/

void SvcPickup()
{
    Thread *th;
    Ulong i;
    Port port;
    Boolean wait, intsave;
    MsgBuffer *msgBuffer;
    Errcode err;
    Ulong length;

```

```

while( TRUE ) {
    /* wait for a request from a thread */
    SemWait( svcPickupSem );

    /* put the thread into "busy" state */
    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
    th = (Thread *) QueueGetHead( svcWaitingList );
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_BUSY;
    RestoreInterrupts( intsave );

    /* carry out request */
    if (th->reg[SVC_REG_OPERATION] == SVC_OP_SEND) {
        /* SendMessage: extract parameters & call */
        port.machineID = th->reg[SVC_REG_PORT_MACHINE];
        port.portDesc = th->reg[SVC_REG_PORT_DESC];
        port.portCheck = th->reg[SVC_REG_PORT_CHECK];
        msgBuffer = (MsgBuffer *) th->reg[SVC_REG_MSG_BUFFER];
        /*
        Kprintf("SvcSEND: MsgBuffer=0x%X Port=[%d 0x%X %d]\n",
            msgBuffer, port.machineID, port.portDesc,
            port.portCheck); */
        err = KernSend(th->ownerAddrSpace, msgBuffer, port);
        th->reg[SVC_REG_RETURN] = (Ulong) err;
    } else if (th->reg[SVC_REG_OPERATION] == SVC_OP_RECEIVE) {
        port.machineID = th->reg[SVC_REG_PORT_MACHINE];
        /* ReceiveMessage: extract parameters & call */
        port.portDesc = th->reg[SVC_REG_PORT_DESC];
        port.portCheck = th->reg[SVC_REG_PORT_CHECK];
        wait = th->reg[SVC_REG_WAIT_FLAG];
        /*
        Kprintf("SvcRECEIVE: Port=[%x %x %x] Wait=%i\n",
            port.machineID, port.portDesc, port.portCheck, wait); */
        err = KernReceive(th, port, wait, &msgBuffer, &length);
        if (err != ERR_MSG_RECEIVE_WAIT) {
            /* if the thread did not have to wait on an */
            /* empty port, fill in the return parameters */
            th->reg[SVC_REG_RETURN] = (Ulong) msgBuffer;
            th->reg[SVC_REG_MSG_LENGTH] = length;
            th->reg[SVC_REG_ERRCODE] = (Ulong) err;
        }
    } else {
        /* unknown request code */
        Kprintf("SvcPickedup UNKNOWN (0x%X)\n",
            th->reg[SVC_REG_OPERATION]);
        err = ERR_OK;
        th->reg[SVC_REG_RETURN] = NULL;
    }

    /* if the requesting thread did not have to wait on a port, */
    /* then awaken it */
    if (err != ERR_MSG_RECEIVE_WAIT) {
        intsave = DisableInterrupts();
        MakeReady( th );
        RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
    }
}

```

```
/*-----*\
* END OF MODULE: svchandler.c
*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: thread.c      1.12      92/08/30      22:39:06
 *
 * This module implements functions for manipulating thread control blocks
 * and thread stacks.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <port.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <pageframe.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitThreadDesc();
void InitThreadStack();
void GetThreadCap();
void SetCap();
Thread *CheckThreadCap();
Boolean RemoveThread();
void Suicide();
void SubRemoveThread();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern Ulong GetRand();
extern Void *Kmalloc();
extern Void *GetPageFrame();
extern void Kfree();
extern MsgBuffer *CreateMsgBuffer();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Queue *addrSpaceList;
extern Port kernelServerPort;
extern Queue *svcWaitingList;
extern Semaphore *svcPickupSem;
extern Thread *currentThread;
extern AddrSpace *kernelAddrSpace;
extern Queue *addrSpaceList;

/*=====*\
 * Initialize an exisiting thread descriptor.
 *=====*/

void InitThreadDesc (th, as, initPC, initPSR, priority, stackAddr, stackLength,
                    name)
    Thread      *th;
    AddrSpace    *as;

```

```

    Ulong          initPC;
    Ulong          initPSR;
    Ulong          priority;
    char           *stackAddr;
    Ulong          stackLength;
    char           name[];

(
    Ulong          i;

    th->nextThread = NULL;
    th->prevThread = NULL;
    if (priority >= as->priority) {
        th->priority = priority;
    } else {
        th->priority = as->priority;
    }
    th->threadMagicNumber = AS_MAGIC_NUM_THREAD;
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED;
    th->threadCapabilityCheck = GetRand();
    th->ownerAddrSpace = as;
    th->userPtr = NULL; /*TODO- accept as parameter*/
    if (as->ownedThreadList != NULL) {
        th->nextThreadInAddrSpace = as->ownedThreadList;
    } else {
        th->nextThreadInAddrSpace = (Thread *) NULL;
    }
    as->ownedThreadList = th;
    th->semWaitingOn = NULL;
    th->portWaitingOn = NULL;
    th->semMaxPriority = 0;

    /* set the initial register values */
    for (i=0; i<AS_REG_GPR_COUNT; i++) {
        th->reg[AS_REG_R0+i] = 0;
    }
    th->reg[AS_REG_PC] = initPC;
    th->reg[AS_REG_FP] =
    th->reg[AS_REG_SP] = (Ulong)stackAddr + stackLength;
    th->reg[AS_REG_PSR] = initPSR;
    th->reg[AS_REG_MOD] = ADDR_MOD_TABLE;
    strcpy( th->name, name );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize a kernel thread's initial stack contents. It will contain
 * a message buffer pointer, a port, and a variable number of other
 * arguments (this routine is used for initializing kernel and device
 * server threads).
 *=====*/

Ulong InitStack( base, length, port, msgBuffer, argc, args )
    Ulong    base;
    Ulong    length;
    Port     port;
    MsgBuffer *msgBuffer;
    Ulong    argc;

```

```

    Ulong    args;

{
    Ulong *sp, *inarg;
    Ulong i;
    void (*suptr)();

    sp = (Ulong *) (base + length);

    /* push port and message buffer onto stack */
    *(--sp) = (Ulong) msgBuffer;
    *(--sp) = port.portCheck;
    *(--sp) = port.portDesc;
    *(--sp) = port.machineID;

    /* push initial arguments onto stack and set up frame */
    inarg = (Ulong *) ((Ulong)&args + argc * sizeof(Ulong));
    for (i=0; i<argc; i++) {
        *(--sp) = *(--inarg);
    }

    /* push address of Suicide() as last return address */
    suptr = Suicide;
    *(--sp) = (Ulong) suptr;
    return( (Ulong) sp );
}

/*=====*\
 * Manufacture a capability for a thread.
\*=====*/

void GetThreadCap( cap, th )
    Capability *cap;
    Thread     *th;
{
    SetCap( cap, kernelServerPort, (Ulong) th, SERV_CAP_RIGHTS_OWNER,
            th->threadCapabilityCheck );
}

/*=====*\
 * Verify a thread capability.
\*=====*/

Thread *CheckThreadCap( cap )
    Capability cap;
{
    Thread *th;

    th = (Thread *) cap.object;
    if( /*Mapped(th)*/ TRUE ) {
        if( th->threadMagicNumber == AS_MAGIC_NUM_THREAD ) {
            if( cap.check == th->threadCapabilityCheck ) {
                return( th );
            }
        }
    }

    return( (Thread *) NULL );
}

```

```

}
/*=====*\
 * This is the return address pushed onto the stack for a kernel or device
 * server thread. This routine should never be called as servers never
 * exit.
 *=====*/

void Suicide()
{
    Panic("Suicide: The current thread has attempted to kill itself\n");
}

/*=====*\
 * Remove a thread.
 *=====*/

Boolean RemoveThread( th )
    Thread *th;
{
    AddrSpace *as;

    /* check for thread killing itself */
    if (th == currentThread) {
        Suicide();
        return;
    }

    /* lock the owner address space & remove thread */
    as = th->ownerAddrSpace;
    LockAddrSpace( as );
    if (th->threadMagicNumber != AS_MAGIC_NUM_THREAD) {
        UnlockAddrSpace( as );
        return( ERR_INVALID_OBJECT );
    }
    SubRemoveThread( th );
    UnlockAddrSpace( as );

    /* if we just removed the last thread of the address space, */
    /* then remove that too */
    if( as->ownedThreadList == NULL ) {
        RemoveAddrSpace( as );
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Take the thread to be removed out of whatever state it is in and kill it.
 * ASSUMES OWNER ADDRESS SPACE IS ALREADY LOCKED.
 *=====*/

void SubRemoveThread( th )
    Thread *th;
{
    Thread *p;
    AddrSpace *as;
    Boolean intsave;

```

```

#   ifdef DEBUG_THREAD
StatMsg("SubRemoveThread( th=0x%X )\n", th);
#   endif
intsave = DisableInterrupts();

/* get thread out of whatever list it is in into suspended state */
switch( th->state ) {
case AS_THREAD_STATE_CURRENT:
case AS_THREAD_STATE_READY:
    Suspend( th );
    break;
case AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_PORT:
    /* remove from the port it is waiting on */
    QueueUnlink( (Queue *)
        ((PortDesc *) th->portWaitingOn)->waitingThreadList,
        (QueueEntry *) th );
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED;
    break;
case AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_SVC:
    /* remove from svc list */
    QueueUnlink( svcWaitingList, (QueueEntry *) th );
    SemWait( svcPickupSem );
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED;
    break;
case AS_THREAD_STATE_WAIT_SEM:
    /* remove from semaphore - cheat: manipulate sem */
    QueueUnlink( (Queue *)
        ((Semaphore *) th->semWaitingOn)->waitingThreadList,
        (QueueEntry *) th );
    th->state = AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED;
    break;
case AS_THREAD_STATE_BUSY:
    /* wait for state to become un-busy */
    /* - wait-forever possibility if higher server priority */
    /* - should do something to eliminate this state */
    Panic("RemoveThread: not yet able to remove busy thread");
    break;
case AS_THREAD_STATE_SUSPENDED:
    /* do nothing */
    break;
}
RestoreInterrupts( intsave );

/* remove thread from address space thread list */
as = th->ownerAddrSpace;
if( as->ownedThreadList == th ) {
    as->ownedThreadList = th->nextThreadInAddrSpace;
} else {
    for( p = as->ownedThreadList;
        p->nextThreadInAddrSpace != th && p != NULL;
        p = p->nextThreadInAddrSpace );
    if( p == NULL ) {
        Panic("RemoveThread: th not in owned list");
    }
    p->nextThreadInAddrSpace = th->nextThreadInAddrSpace;
}

```

```
/* remove thread descriptor */
th->threadMagicNumber = KERN_UNMAGIC_NUMBER;
Kfree( (Void *) th, sizeof(Thread) );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: thread.c
\*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE: trap.c      1.8    92/08/30    22:39:26
 *
 * This module implements functions for initializing trap and interrupts
 * and handling invalid ones.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <trap.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitTraps();           /*( )*/
void DefaultTrapHandler(); /*( trapNumber )*/

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void DefaultTrapCatcher();
extern void ClockIntCatcher();
extern void SvcTrapCatcher();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Thread *currentThread;

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the dispatch and module tables for interrupts and traps.
 *=====*/

void InitTraps()
{
    ModTable      *modTable;
    DispatchTable *dispatchTable;
    Ulong          i;

#   ifdef DEBUG
#   kprintf ("Initializing mod & dispatch tables...\n");
#   endif
    modTable = (ModTable *) ADDR_MOD_TABLE;
    dispatchTable = (DispatchTable *) ADDR_DISPATCH_TABLE;

    /* initialize the dispatch and module tables */
    for (i=0; i < TRAP_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT; i++) {
        modTable->entry[i].staticBase = TRAP_STATIC_BASE_DEFAULT_VALUE;
        /* set the link base value to the trap number */
        /* so we can tell what trap happened later */
        modTable->entry[i].linkBase = i;
        modTable->entry[i].programBase = (char *) DefaultTrapCatcher;
        modTable->entry[i].reserved = TRAP_RESERVED_DEFAULT_VALUE;

        dispatchTable->entry[i].offset = 0;
        dispatchTable->entry[i].modTablePointer =
            (unsigned short){&modTable->entry[i]};
    }
}

```

```

3

/* set the traps and interrupts that the kernel knows how to handle */
modTable->entry[TRAP_SVC].programBase = (Void *) SvcTrapCatcher;
modTable->entry[TRAP_CLOCK].programBase = (Void *) ClockIntCatcher;
3

/*=====*\
 * High-level routine for handling unknown traps. Prints debugging
 * information.
\*=====*/

void DefaultTrapHandler( trapNum )
    Ulong    trapNum;
{
    Thread *th;

    th = currentThread;
    Kprintf("\nTrap #%d (0x%X) captured by default trap handler.\n",
        trapNum, trapNum);
    Kprintf("CurrentThread=0x%X (%s)", AddrSpace=0x%X (PageTable=0x%X)\n"
        ,th, th->name, th->ownerAddrSpace,
        th->ownerAddrSpace->pageTable );
    Kprintf("thread PC=0x%X, FP=0x%X, SP=0x%X, PSR=0x%X\n",
        th->reg[AS_REG_PC], th->reg[AS_REG_FP], th->reg[AS_REG_SP],
        th->reg[AS_REG_PSR] );
3

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: trap.c
\*-----*/

```

```

#/*-----*\
# * MODULE: trapcatch.s    1.10    92/08/30    22:39:37
# *
# * This module implements the low-level routines which catch traps and
# * interrupts for the kernel and then call the higher-level C functions
# * (if any) after the C environment has been established.
#/*-----*/

#/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

.globl    _ClockIntCatcher
.globl    _SvcTrapCatcher
.globl    _DefaultTrapCatcher

#/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

.set INTBIT,    0x800    #interrupt enable flag in PSR
.set LINK_BASE_OFF, 4    #link base field offset in mod table entry
.set PSR_STACK_OFF, 6    #offset of PSR on the stack at entry
.text

#/*=====*\
# * Clock interrupt catcher. Backs off if it is interrupting a trap.
#/*=====*/

_ClockIntCatcher:
    #first check if we should back off
    tbitw    $9,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp)    #check if SPO was selected before int
    bfs      _ClockIntOk              #if not, then ok
    bicw     $INTBIT,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp) #clear the interrupt bit for the trap
    reti     #Acknowledge the interrupt; should find
            # a better way around this

_ClockIntOk:
    #process clock interrupt
    sprd     mod,_previousTrapMod
    jsr      _SaveThreadRegs
    jsr      _Reschedule
    jsr      _RestoreThreadRegs

    movd     4(sp),_previousRetiMP    # get debugging information
    movd     0(sp),_previousRetiPC
    reti

#/*=====*\
# * SuperVisor Call trap catcher.
#/*=====*/

_SvcTrapCatcher:
    bicpsrw $INTBIT                # interrupting interrupts will back off
    sprd     mod,_previousTrapMod
    addqd    1, 0(sp)              # increment return pc
    jsr      _SaveThreadRegs
    jsr      _SvcTrapHandler
    jsr      _RestoreThreadRegs
    rett     0

```

```

/*=====*\
# * Unexpected trap and interrupt catcher - Panics
# \*=====*/

```

```

_DefaultTrapCatcher:

```

```

    bicpsrw $INTBIT           # interrupting interrupts will back off
    jsr      _SaveThreadRegs
    sprd     mod, r0           # pass trap number (in link base mod
    movd     LINK_BASE_OFF(r0), tos # entry) as C parameter
    jsr      _DefaultTrapHandler # print debugging information
    adjspb   $-4
    jsr      _RestoreThreadRegs
    movd     $_PanicString, tos  # panic
    jsr      _Panic
    rett     0

```

```

_PanicString: .ascii "Unable to handle exception!\007\0"

```

```

/*=====*\
# * END OF MODULE: trapcatch.s
# \*=====*/

```

```

AR      = /bin/ar
CC      = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS  = -I../h
AS      = /bin/as
ASFLAGS =
H       = ../h

```

```

.c.o:
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $<

.s.o:
    $(AS) $(ASFLAGS) -o $*.o $<

```

```

OBJFILES = devglobals.o ttyserver.o ttyinit.o ttyrcv.o ttyxmit.o artinit.o \
    artint.o arthandle.o bootserver.o diskserver.o diskops.o iocc.o \
    ioccint.o setvec.o

```

```

devlib.a: $(OBJFILES)
    rm -f devlib.a
    $(AR) cr devlib.a $(OBJFILES)

```

```

artint.o: artint.s
ioccint.o: ioccint.s
arthandle.o: arthandle.c $H/kernel.h $H/art.h $H/debug.h
artinit.o: artinit.c $H/kernel.h $H/art.h
bootserver.o: bootserver.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/fileserver.h \
    $H/errcode.h $H/debug.h
devglobals.o: devglobals.c $H/kernel.h $H/art.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/tty.h \
    $H/trap.h $H/iocc.h $H/xb1401.h $H/debug.h
diskops.o: diskops.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/errcode.h $H/iocc.h \
    $H/xb1401.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/fileserver.h $H/vm.h \
    $H/memmap.h
diskserver.o: diskserver.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/iocc.h $H/xb1401.h \
    $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/diskserver.h $H/errcode.h $H/debug.h
iocc.o: iocc.c $H/kernel.h $H/iocc.h $H/as.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/debug.h
setvec.o: setvec.c $H/kernel.h $H/memmap.h $H/trap.h
ttyinit.o: ttyinit.c $H/kernel.h $H/art.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/tty.h
ttyrcv.o: ttyrcv.c $H/kernel.h $H/art.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/tty.h \
    $H/debug.h
ttyserver.o: ttyserver.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/art.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h \
    $H/tty.h $H/errcode.h $H/fileserver.h $H/debug.h
ttyxmit.o: ttyxmit.c $H/kernel.h $H/art.h $H/queue.h $H/sem.h $H/tty.h

```

```

clean:
    rm -f *.o core a.out devlib.a

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Functions for handling ART interrupts.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void ArtReceiveHandler();
void ArtTransmitHandler();

/*=====*\
 * Handle an ART receive interrupt, given the ART descriptor.
 *=====*/

void ArtReceiveHandler( art )
    ArtDesc *art;
{
    unsigned char isr;

    #   ifdef DEBUG_TTY
    Kprintf("*** ArtReceiveHandler called (art 0x%X) ***\n", art);
    #   endif
    isr = art->iocaddr[ARTISR];

    /* determine which channel cause the interrupt and dispatch */
    if( isr & ARTRIENABLEA & art->imrValue ) {
        (art->receiveVectorA) ( art->channelParmA );
    } else if( isr & ARTRIENABLEB & art->imrValue ) {
        (art->receiveVectorB) ( art->channelParmB );
    } else {
        /* we have to panic here rather than merely print a message */
        /* since the interrupt will still be active after exiting */
        /* and we would go into an endless loop */
        Panic("ArtReceiveHandler: unexpected interrupt!\n");
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle an ART transmit interrupt, given the ART descriptor.
 *=====*/

void ArtTransmitHandler( art )
    ArtDesc *art;
{
    unsigned char isr;

    isr = art->iocaddr[ARTISR];

    /* determine which channel cause the interrupt and dispatch */
    if( isr & ARTTIENABLEA & art->imrValue ) {
        (art->transmitVectorA) ( art->channelParmA );
    }
}

```

```
    } else if( isr & ARTTIENABLEB & art->imrValue ) {  
        (art->transmitVectorB) ( art->channelParmB );  
    } else {  
        Panic("ArtTransmitHandler: unexpected interrupt");  
    }  
}  
  
/*-----*\  
* END OF MODULE:  %M%  
/*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Functions for initializing ART control blocks and hardware.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <art.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitArt();
void InitArtHardware();
void SetArtVectors();
void ArtEnable();
void ArtDisable();
Uchar *ArtGetChanRegs();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void DefaultTrapHandler();
extern void SetVector();
extern void ArtReceiveCatcher();
extern void ArtTransmitCatcher();

/*=====*\
 * Initialize an ART control block and hardware.
/*=====*/

void InitArt( art, ioaddr, receiveVecNum, transmitVecNum, imask )
    ArtDesc *art;
    unsigned char *ioaddr;
    Ulong receiveVecNum;
    Ulong transmitVecNum;
{
    /* set the dispatch vectors and parameters */
    art->receiveVectorA = DefaultTrapHandler;
    art->receiveVectorB = DefaultTrapHandler;
    art->transmitVectorA = DefaultTrapHandler;
    art->transmitVectorB = DefaultTrapHandler;
    art->channelParmA = 0;
    art->channelParmB = 0;

    /* set the hardware values */
    art->ioaddr = ioaddr;
    art->imrValue = ARTIMRCLEAR;
    InitArtHardware( ioaddr );

    /* set the interrupt vectors and enable the ART */
    SetVector( receiveVecNum, ArtReceiveCatcher, (Ulong) art );
    SetVector( transmitVecNum, ArtTransmitCatcher, (Ulong) art );
    IcuEnable( imask );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize an ART's hardware.

```

```

\*=====*/

void InitArtHardware( ioaddr )
    unsigned char *ioaddr;
{
    register unsigned char *art;

    art = ioaddr;

    /* transmit the hardware configuration to the uart. */
    art[ARTIMR] = ARTIMRCLEAR;
    art[ARTCRA] = ARTRESETMR;
    art[ARTMRA] = ARTMODE1;
    art[ARTMRA] = ARTMODE2;
    art[ARTCSRA] = ARTSPEED;
    art[ARTCRB] = ARTRESETMR;
    art[ARTMRB] = ARTMODE1;
    art[ARTMRB] = ARTMODE2;
    art[ARTCSR] = ARTSPEED;
    art[ARTOPCR] = ARTOPCONF;
    art[ARTACR] = ARTAUXVAL;
    art[ARTSOPBC] = ARTSOPBVAL;
    art[ARTCRA] = ARTTXENABLE | ARTRXENABLE | ARTCLEARERR;
    art[ARTCRB] = ARTTXENABLE | ARTRXENABLE | ARTCLEARERR;
}

\*=====*\
 * Set the dispatch vectors for an ART. These dispatch routines will
 * point to TTY interrupt handlers (or other serial line drivers).
\*=====*/

void SetArtVectors( art, channel, receiveVec, transmitVec, parmValue )
    ArtDesc *art;
    Ulong channel;
    void (*receiveVec)();
    void (*transmitVec)();
    Ulong parmValue;
{
    if (channel == ARTCHANA) {
        art->receiveVectorA = receiveVec;
        art->transmitVectorA = transmitVec;
        art->channelParmA = parmValue;
    } else {
        art->receiveVectorB = receiveVec;
        art->transmitVectorB = transmitVec;
        art->channelParmB = parmValue;
    }
}

\*=====*\
 * Enable transmit and/or receive interrupts for an ART channel.
\*=====*/

void ArtEnable( art, channel, mask )
    ArtDesc *art;
    Ulong channel;

```

```

    Ulong mask;
{
    /* modify the imrValue pseudo-register as well */
    art->imrValue |= (channel==ARTCHANA ? mask : mask << 4);
    art->iocaddr[ARTIMR] = art->imrValue;
}

/*=====*\
 * Disable transmit and/or receive interrupts for an ART channel.
\*=====*/

void ArtDisable( art, channel, mask )
    ArtDesc *art;
    Ulong channel;
    Ulong mask;
{
    /* modify the imrValue pseudo-register as well */
    art->imrValue &= ~(channel==ARTCHANA ? mask : mask << 4);
    art->iocaddr[ARTIMR] = art->imrValue;
}

/*=====*\
 * Return the address of the transmit/receive data register for the given
 * ART and channel.
\*=====*/

Uchar *ArtGetChanRegs( art, channel )
    ArtDesc *art;
    Ulong channel;
{
    if (channel == ARTCHANA) {
        return( &(art->iocaddr[ARTMRA]) );
    } else {
        return( &(art->iocaddr[ARTMRB]) );
    }
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
# * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
# *
# * Assembler functions for catching ART interrupts and calling the C
# * language interrupt handlers. This code is written in assembler since
# * the contents of the stack must be carefully manipulated for saving
# * and restoring the current thread's registers.
# \*-----*/

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

.globl    _ArtReceiveCatcher
.globl    _ArtTransmitCatcher

/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

.set  PSR_STACK_OFF,  6
.set  LINK_BASE_OFF,  4
.set  INTBIT,         0x800
.text

/*=====*\
# * Catch an ART receive interrupt. This function will abort if it
# * detects that it is interrupting a trap, and the ART interrupt will be
# * caught again after the trap has completed.
# \*=====*/

_ArtReceiveCatcher:
    #first check if we should back off
    tbitw    $9,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp)    #check if SPO was selected before int
    bfs     _ArtReceiveCatcherOk     #if not, then ok
    bicw    $INTBIT,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp) #clear the interrupt bit for the trap
    reti                    #interrupt source will still be active

_ArtReceiveCatcherOk:
    jsr     _SaveThreadRegs
    sprd    mod,_previousTrapMod
    sprd    mod,r0                #pass link base value of mod entry
    movd    LINK_BASE_OFF(r0),tos   # - it contains the ART descr addr
    jsr     _ArtReceiveHandler
    adjspb  $-4
    jsr     _RestoreThreadRegs
    reti

/*=====*\
# * Catch an ART transmit interrupt. Will back off if interrupting a trap.
# \*=====*/

_ArtTransmitCatcher:
    #first check if we should back off
    tbitw    $9,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp)    #check if SPO was selected before int
    bfs     _ArtTransmitCatcherOk     #if not, then ok
    bicw    $INTBIT,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp) #clear the interrupt bit for the trap
    reti                    #interrupt source will still be active

_ArtTransmitCatcherOk:

```

```
jsr      _SaveThreadRegs
sprd     mod,_previousTrapMod
sprd     mod, r0          #pass link base value of mod entry
movd     LINK_BASE_OFF(r0), tos # - it contains the ART descr addr
jsr      _ArtTransmitHandler
adjspb   $-4
jsr      _RestoreThreadRegs
movd     4(sp),_previousRetiMP # get debugging information
movd     0(sp),_previousRetiPC
reti
```

```
*/-----*\
# * END OF MODULE: %M%
# \-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %EX%    %UX%
 *
 * Functions implementing the Boot Disk Server.
\*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <fileserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <debug.h>
#include <memmap.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void      BootServer();

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL void  ReqOpen();
LOCAL void  ReqClose();
LOCAL void  ReqRead();
LOCAL void  ReqDup();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern int strcmp();

/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

typedef struct {
    char    filename[16];
    Ulong   startPos;
    Ulong   length;
} DirectoryEntry;

typedef struct {
    Ulong   bootDiskSize;
    Ulong   direntCount;
    DirectoryEntry direntTable[1]; /* variable sized array */
} BootDiskImage;

typedef struct {
    Boolean used;           /* flag */
    Ulong   dupCount;       /* duplicate open count */
    char    *dataPointer;   /* pointer to next byte of data to return */
    Ulong   dataCount;      /* number of data bytes remaining */
} FileControlBlock;

#define BOOT_FCB_COUNT      10
FileControlBlock fcbtable[BOOT_FCB_COUNT];

/*=====*\
 * Boot Server main control routine.
\*=====*/

```

```

void BootServer( port )
    Port port;
{
    MsgBuffer *request;
    Ulong i;
    char *name;

    for (i=0; i<BOOT_FCB_COUNT; i++) {
        fcetable[i].used = FALSE;
    }
#   ifdef DEBUG
    StatMsg("Boot Disk Server ready, %d FCBs free\n", BOOT_FCB_COUNT);
#   endif
    while( TRUE ) {
        request = Receive( port );
        request->destPort = request->replyPort;
        request->errorCode = ERR_OK;
        switch( request->operationCode ) {
            case FS_OPEN:
                name = (char *)request + request->msgStartOffset;
#               ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER
                StatMsg("BootDisk: open( filename=\"%s\" )\n",name);
#               endif
                ReqOpen( request, name );
#               ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER
                if (request->errorCode == ERR_OK) {
                    StatMsg("BootDisk: open succeeded: FCB=%d\n",
                        request->capability.object);
                } else {
                    StatMsg("BootDisk: open FAILED!!!\n");
                }
#               endif
                break;
            case FS_CLOSE:
#               ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER
                StatMsg("BootDisk: close( FCB=%d )\n",
                    request->capability.object);
#               endif
                ReqClose( request );
                break;
            case FS_READ:
#               ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER_MUCH
                StatMsg("BootDisk: read( FCB=%d, bytes=%d )\n",
                    request->capability.object, request->msgLength);
#               endif
                ReqRead( request );
                break;
            case FS_DUP:
#               ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER
                StatMsg("BootDisk: dup( FCB=%d )\n",
                    request->capability.object);
#               endif
                ReqDup( request );
                break;
            case FS_GET_DEVICE_TYPE:
#               ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER

```

```

        StatMsg("BootDisk: GetDevType( FCB=%d )\n",
            request->capability.object);
#       endif
        request->data[0] = FS_DEVICE_TYPE_CHAR;
        request->data[1] = 0;
        request->data[2] = 0;
        break;
    default:
#       ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER
        StatMsg("BootDisk: unknown request opcode\n");
#       endif
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_UNKNOWN_OPCODE;
        break;
    }
#   ifdef DEBUG_BOOT_DISK_SERVER_MUCH
    StatMsg("BootDisk: operation complete; errcode=%d\n",
        request->errorCode);
#   endif
    Send( request );
}

}

/*=====*\
 * Handle a request for opening a file.
\*=====*/

LOCAL void ReqOpen( request, searchFilename )
    MsgBuffer *request;
    char *searchFilename;
{
    Ulong    fcb, i;
    BootDiskImage *im;
    char *bufptr, *fileptr;

    /* find free file control block */
    for (fcb=0; fcb<BOOT_FCB_COUNT && fcbtable[fcb].used; fcb++);
    if (fcb >= BOOT_FCB_COUNT) {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_TOO_MANY_OPEN_FILES;
        return;
    }
    request->capability.object = fcb;

    /* search for file name */
    im = (BootDiskImage*) ADDR_BOOT_DISK_IMAGE;
    for( i=0;
        i<im->direntCount &&
        strcmp(searchFilename, im->direntTable[i].filename) != 0;
        i++ );

    /* get start, length parameters */
    if (i<im->direntCount) {
        fcbtable[fcb].used = TRUE;
        fcbtable[fcb].dupCount = 1;
        fcbtable[fcb].dataPointer = (char *) ADDR_BOOT_DISK_IMAGE
            + im->direntTable[i].startPos;
        fcbtable[fcb].dataCount = im->direntTable[i].length;
    }
}

```

```

    } else {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_FILE_NOT_FOUND;
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle request to close a file.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqClose( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Ulong fcb;

    fcb = request->capability.object;
    if (fcb >= BOOT_FCB_COUNT) {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
    } else {
        /* decrement the dup count and really close only */
        /* if dup count reaches zero */
        if ( (--fcbtable[fcb].dupCount) <= 0 ) {
            fcbtable[fcb].used = FALSE;
        }
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle request to duplicate a file descriptor.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqDup( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Ulong fcb;

    fcb = request->capability.object;
    if (fcb >= BOOT_FCB_COUNT) {
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_BAD_CAPABILITY;
    } else {
        /* simply increment the dup count */
        (fcbtable[fcb].dupCount)++;
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle request to read an open file's file data.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqRead( request )
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Ulong fcb;
    char *bufPtr;
    char *filePtr;
    Ulong readCount, fileCount, charCount, copyCount;

```

```

/* get the copying parameters */
fcb      = request->capability.object;
filePtr  = fcbtable[fcb].dataPointer;
bufPtr   = (char *) &(request->data[0]);
readCount = request->msgLength;
fileCount = fcbtable[fcb].dataCount;
request->msgStartOffset = (CPint)bufPtr - (CPint)request;
if( readCount > request->physicalLength - request->msgStartOffset ) {
    readCount = request->physicalLength - request->msgStartOffset;
}
copyCount = (readCount < fileCount) ? readCount : fileCount;

/* copy the data */
memcpy( (Void*)bufPtr, (Void*)filePtr, copyCount );

/* modify the fcb and message buffer data variables */
fcbtable[fcb].dataPointer = filePtr + copyCount;
fcbtable[fcb].dataCount -= copyCount;
request->msgLength = copyCount;

```

```

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE:  %MX      %IX      %EX      %UX
*
* Functions for initializing device hardware and interrupt routines and
* declaring global device variables.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <tty.h>
#include <trap.h>
#include <iocc.h>
#include <xbi401.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void      InitDevices();
void      DeviceShutdown();

/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

#define ART_COUNT      2
#define TTY_COUNT      3
#define FLOPPY_COUNT  1

/*----- Exported Variables -----*/

ArtDesc      artTable [ART_COUNT];
TtyDesc      ttyTable [TTY_COUNT];
Semaphore     *ioccSubchanSem [IOCC_NSC];
IoCCCommand   *ioccCmdPtrTable [IOCC_NSC];
IoCCCommand   ioccCommand[IOCC_NSC];
XebecAllocMap xebecAllocMap[ FLOPPY_COUNT ];

/*=====*/
* Initialize devices.
/*=====*/

void InitDevices ()
{
    register int i;
    Boolean intsave;

    intsave = DisableInterrupts();
#   ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf("Initializing ARTs and TTYs...\n");
#   endif
    for (i=0; i<10000; i++) ; /* wait for ART to finish printing */

    /* initialize ARTs */
    InitArt( &artTable[0], 0xA00020, TRAP_ART0_RECEIVE,
            TRAP_ART0_TRANSMIT, 0x0404 ); /* ports 1 & 2 */
    InitArt( &artTable[1], 0xA00040, TRAP_ART1_RECEIVE,

```

```

    TRAP_ART1_TRANSMIT, 0x1010 ); /* ports 3 & 4 */

/* initialize TTYS */
InitTty( &ttyTable[0], &artTable[1], 1 ); /* console = port 4 */
InitTty( &ttyTable[1], &artTable[1], 0 ); /* term port 3 */
InitTty( &ttyTable[2], &artTable[0], 1 ); /* term port 2 */

/* initialize IDCC */
IocccInit( 0xA000A0, TRAP_IDCC, 0x2000 );
RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
}

/*=====*\
 * Shutdown hardware devices.
 *=====*/

void DeviceShutdown()
{
    (&artTable[0])->iocaddr[ARTIMR] = 0;
    (&artTable[1])->iocaddr[ARTIMR] = 0;
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Functions for carrying out floppy disk server requests.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <iocc.h>
#include <xb1401.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <fileserv.h>
#include <vm.h>
#include <memmap.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void ReqDiskReadOrWrite();
void ReqDiskAllocate();
void ReqDiskFree();
Errcode DiskSync();
Errcode DiskFormat();
Errcode DiskMount();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void DiskServer();
extern void InitDrive();
extern void InitIocb();
extern void SetTpta();
extern Ulong ExecCommand();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Semaphore *iocbSubchanSem [IOCC_NSC];
extern IocbCommand iocbCommand[IOCC_NSC];

/*----- Local Static Variables -----*/

Uchar bitval[8] = { 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 };

/*=====*\
 * Handle floppy disk server request for reading or writing blocks. Read
 * and WriteBlocks can be combined since the commands are so similar.
/*=====*/

void ReqDiskReadOrWrite( request, channel, subchannel, operation )
    MsgBuffer *request;
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
    Uchar operation;
{
    Ulong currentAddr, startBlock;

```

```

register Ulong blockCount, curBlock, chunkSize, blockIndex;
Ulong ptable, ptableOffset, pgte, pageValue;
PageTable *kernPgTable;
IoctlCommand *iocb;

/* read/write the requested blocks into the given message buffer */
blockCount = request->data[0];
blockIndex = 1;
currentAddr = (Ulong)request + request->msgStartOffset;

/* set the iocb for the page table and offset */
pgte = currentAddr / VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT / VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
ptableOffset = currentAddr
    - pgte * VM_POINTER_TABLE_ENTRY_COUNT * VM_PAGE_LENGTH;
kernPgTable = (PageTable *) ADDR_PTBO_TABLE;
pageValue = RealMemPeek( &(kernPgTable->entry[pgte]) );
ptable = (pageValue & VM_PAGE_MASK);
SetTpta( channel, subchannel, (Ulong) ptable );

/* read/write the blocks */
while (blockCount > 0) {
    /* read/write a contiguous-sectors chunk */
    startBlock = curBlock = request->data[blockIndex++];
    chunkSize = 1;
    while (chunkSize < blockCount
        && request->data[blockIndex] == curBlock+1) {
        /* increase the chunk size */
        chunkSize++;
        curBlock = request->data[blockIndex++];
    }
    /* we must make sure right here that the memory for all */
    /* of the pages to be read/written are paged in */
    ExecCommand( channel, subchannel, operation, startBlock,
        chunkSize, ptableOffset );
    ptableOffset += chunkSize * XB_BLOCK_LENGTH;
    blockCount -= chunkSize;
}
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle floppy disk server request for allocating blocks. Only the
 * in-core block allocation map is updated.
 *=====*/

void ReqDiskAllocate( request, blockmap )
    MsgBuffer *request;
    XebecAllocMap *blockmap;
{
    register Ulong getcount, gotcount, block, freeCount, byte, bit;

    getcount = request->data[0];
    gotcount = 0;
    block = blockmap->firstFreeBlock;
    freeCount = blockmap->freeBlockCount;

    /* get the blocks one at a time */

```

```

while (getcount > 0) {
    if (freeCount == 0) {
        request->errorCode = ERR_DISK_FULL;
        /* should free the gotten blocks here */
        getcount = 0;
    } else {
        freeCount--;

        /* search for a byte in the bitmap with free bit flags*/
        while((blockmap->bitmap[block/8] & bitval[block%8])!=0){
            block++;
        }

        /* mark that bit as allocated and get it */
        blockmap->bitmap[block/8] &= ~(bitval[block%8]);
        request->data[++getcount] = block++;
        getcount--;
    }
}
blockmap->firstFreeBlock = block;
blockmap->freeBlockCount = freeCount;
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle floppy disk server request for freeing blocks.
/*=====*/

void ReqDiskFree( request, blockmap )
    MsgBuffer *request;
    XebecAllocMap *blockmap;
{
    register Ulong block, index, limit;
    register Uchar *bp;

    /* could have it range-check the blocks */
    /* and whether they are really allocated */
    limit = request->data[0];
    /* loop for all of the blocks to free */
    for( index=1; index <= limit; index++ ) {
        /* locate the bit corresponding to the current block */
        block = request->data[index];
        bp = &(blockmap->bitmap[block/8]);
        if (*bp & bitval[block%8]) {
            request->errorCode = ERR_DISK_BLOCK_ALREADY_FREE;
        }
        /* mark the block as free */
        *bp |= bitval[block%8];
        /* update the first block free pointer */
        if (block < blockmap->firstFreeBlock) {
            blockmap->firstFreeBlock = block;
        }
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle floppy disk server request for synchronizing the block. Write

```

```

* the block allocation map block out to disk.
\=====*/

Errcode DiskSync( channel, subchannel, blockmap )
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
    XebecAllocMap *blockmap;
{
    Errcode err;

    SetTpta( channel, subchannel, 0 );
    err = ExecCommand( channel, subchannel, XOWRITE,
                      XB_BITMAP_BLOCK, 1, blockmap );
    return( err );
}

\=====*/
* Handle floppy disk server request for formatting a disk. The floppy disk
* controller does all the hard work.
\=====*/

Errcode DiskFormat( channel, subchannel, blockmap, interleave )
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
    XebecAllocMap *blockmap;
    Ulong interleave;
{
    Errcode err;
    register Ulong i;

    /* physically format the disk */
    err = ExecCommand( channel, subchannel, XQFMTD, 0, interleave, blockmap );
    if (err == ERR_OK) {
        /* fill in and write the block-free bitmap */
        blockmap->magicNumber = XB_MAGIC_NUMBER;
        blockmap->firstFreeBlock = XB_FIRST_BLOCK;
        blockmap->freeBlockCount = XB_BLOCK_COUNT - 1;
        for( i=0; i<XB_BITMAP_LEN; i++ ) {
            blockmap->bitmap[i] = 0xFF;
        }
        for( i=0; i<XB_FILLER_LEN; i++ ) {
            blockmap->filler[i] = 0x00;
        }
        blockmap->bitmap[XB_BITMAP_BLOCK/8] ^=
            ~(bitval[XB_BITMAP_BLOCK/8]);
        err = DiskSync( channel, subchannel, blockmap );
    }
    return( err );
}

\=====*/
* Handle floppy disk server request for mounting a disk. Read the block
* allocation map block into memory.
\=====*/

Errcode DiskMount( channel, subchannel, blockmap )

```

```
Uchar *channel;
Uchar subchannel;
XebecAllocMap *blockmap;

{
    Errcode err;

    SetTpta( channel, subchannel, 0 );
    err = ExecCommand( channel, subchannel, XOREAD,
                      XB_BITMAP_BLOCK, 1, blockmap );
    if (err == 0 && blockmap->magicNumber != XB_MAGIC_NUMBER) {
        err = 0;          /* put appropriate error code here */
    }
    return( err );
}

/*-----*\
* END OF MODULE:  %M%
/*-----*/
```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Contains the floppy disk server main control fuction and some
 * hardware initialization and utility routines for the floppy disk drive.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <iocc.h>
#include <xb1401.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <diskserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void DiskServer();
void InitDrive();
void InitIocb();
void SetTpta();
Ulong ExecCommand();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void ReqDiskReadOrWrite();
extern void ReqDiskAllocate();
extern void ReqDiskFree();
extern Errcode DiskSync();
extern Errcode DiskFormat();
extern Errcode DiskMount();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Semaphore *iocbSubchanSem [IOCC_NSC];
extern IocbCommand iocbCommand[IOCC_NSC];

/*----- Static Local Variables -----*/

Uchar xebecDriveParms[8] =
    ( XFCYL, XFST, XFMT, XFDH, XFSize, XFUT, XFSECT, XFDEN );

/*=====*\
 * Floppy disk server main control routine.  A "blockmap dirty" flag is
 * maintained for knowing when the block allocation map needs to be
 * flushed to disk.
/*=====*/

void DiskServer( channel, subchannel, target, drive, blockmap, port )
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
    Uchar target;
    Uchar drive;

```

```

Port port;
XebecAllocMap *blockmap;
{
    MsgBuffer *request;
    Boolean blockmapDirty, diskMounted;
    Errcode err;
    Ulong floppy;

    /* initialize the drive */

    floppy = subchannel;
#   ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
    StatMsg(
        "Floppy#%d Disk Block Server: chan=%x, subch=%d, target=%d, drive=%d\n",
        floppy, channel, subchannel, target, drive);
#   endif
    InitIocb( subchannel, target, drive );
    InitDrive( channel, subchannel );

    diskMounted = FALSE;
    blockmapDirty = FALSE;

#   ifdef DEBUG
    StatMsg("Floppy#%d Disk Block Server ready\n", floppy);
#   endif

    /* start accepting requests */
    while( TRUE ) {
        request = Receive( port );
        request->destPort = request->replyPort;
        request->errorCode = ERR_OK;
        /* make sure the disk is mounted for some operations */
        if ( !diskMounted && request->operationCode != DS_MOUNT_DISK
            && request->operationCode != DS_FORMAT_DISK ) {
            request->errorCode = ERR_DISK_NOT_MOUNTED;
#           ifdef DEBUG
            StatMsg("Floppy#%d: Disk is not mounted error\n");
#           endif
        } else {
            switch( request->operationCode ) {
            case DS_READ_BLOCKS:
#               ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
                StatMsg("Floppy#%d: ReadBlocks(count=%d, block1=%d)\n",
                    floppy, request->data[0], request->data[1]);
#               endif
                ReqDiskReadOrWrite(request, channel, subchannel, XOREAD);
                break;
            case DS_WRITE_BLOCKS:
#               ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
                StatMsg("Floppy#%d: WriteBlocks(count=%d, block1=%d)\n",
                    floppy, request->data[0], request->data[1]);
#               endif
                ReqDiskReadOrWrite(request, channel, subchannel, XOWRITE);
                break;
            case DS_ALLOCATE_BLOCKS:
#               ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER

```

```

        StatMsg("Floppy#%d: %s( count=%d, closeTo=%d )\n",
                floppy, "AllocateBlocks", request->data[0],
                request->data[1] );
#       endif
        ReqDiskAllocate( request, blockmap );
        blockmapDirty = TRUE;
        break;
case DS_FREE_BLOCKS:
#       ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
        StatMsg("Floppy#%d: FreeBlocks(count=%d, block1=%d)\n",
                floppy, request->data[0], request->data[1]);
#       endif
        ReqDiskFree( request, blockmap );
        blockmapDirty = TRUE;
        break;
case DS_MOUNT_DISK:
#       ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
        StatMsg("Floppy#%d: MountDisk()\n", floppy);
#       endif
        if (diskMounted) {
            request->errorCode = ERR_DISK_MOUNTED;
        } else {
            err = DiskMount( channel, subchannel, blockmap);
            diskMounted = (err == ERR_OK);
            blockmapDirty = FALSE;
            request->errorCode = err;
        }
        request->data[0] = XB_BLOCK_LENGTH;
        request->data[1] = XB_FIRST_BLOCK;
        break;
case DS_UNMOUNT_DISK:
#       ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
        StatMsg("Floppy#%d: UnmountDisk()\n", floppy);
#       endif
        err = ERR_OK;
        if (blockmapDirty) {
            err = DiskSync( channel, subchannel, blockmap );
            blockmapDirty = (err != ERR_OK);
        }
        if (err == ERR_OK) {
            diskMounted = FALSE;
        }
        request->errorCode = err;
        break;
case DS_SYNC_DISK:
#       ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
        StatMsg("Floppy#%d: SyncDisk()\n", floppy);
#       endif
        err = ERR_OK;
        if (blockmapDirty) {
            err = DiskSync( channel, subchannel, blockmap );
            blockmapDirty = (err != ERR_OK);
        }
        request->errorCode = err;
        break;
case DS_FORMAT_DISK:

```

```

#         ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
StatMsg("Floppy#%d: FormatDisk(interleave=%d)\n",
        floppy, request->data[0]);
#     endif
    if (diskMounted) {
        request->errorCode = ERR_DISK_MOUNTED;
    } else {
        err=DiskFormat( channel, subchannel, blockmap,
            request->data[0] );
        blockmapDirty = FALSE;
        request->errorCode = err;
    }
    break;
default:
#     ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER
StatMsg("Floppy#%d: Received unknown request opcode\n",
        floppy);
#     endif
    request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_UNKNOWN_OPCODE;
    break;
}
}
Send( request );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the floppy disk controller hardware and set the disk format
 * parameters (standard 360K 5-1/4" floppy disk format).
/*=====*/

void InitDrive( channel, subchannel )
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
{
#     ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER_MUCH
    Ulong floppy;
    floppy = subchannel;
    StatMsg("Floppy#%d: Initializing subchannel=%i, parms=%x\n",
        floppy, subchannel, xebecDriveParms);
#     endif
    ExecCommand( channel, subchannel, XOINIT, 0, 1, xebecDriveParms );
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the IOCB that is used for all floppy disk commands for the
 * server.
/*=====*/

void InitIocb( subchannel, target, drive )
    Uchar subchannel;
    Uchar target;
    Uchar drive;
{
    IoccbCommand *iocb;

```

```

        iocb = &(iocccCommand[subchannel]);
        iocb->ioccode = 0x00;
        iocb->xunit = drive;
        iocb->xcntl = XRETRY | XLOGAD;
        iocb->iocdest = (target << 4) | subchannel;
        iocb->iocstarstat = 0;
        iocb->iocerrstat = 0;
        iocb->iocdata = (char *) 0;
        iocb->iocptpa = (char *) 0;      /* use real addresses */
        iocb->ioclimit = 0;
        iocb->ioclink = (char *) 0;
    }

/*=====*\
 * Set the translation pointer table address (pointer table address when
 * dealing with message buffers) for the IOCB.
\*=====*/

void SetTpta( channel, subchannel, tpta )
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
    Ulong tpta;
{
    IocccCommand *iocb;

    iocb = &(iocccCommand[subchannel]);
    iocb->iocptpa = (char *) tpta;
}

/*=====*\
 * Execute a floppy disk controller command. Uses semaphores for
 * communication with the IOCC.
\*=====*/

Ulong ExecCommand( channel, subchannel, operation, sector, sectorCount, buf )
    Uchar *channel;
    Uchar subchannel;
    char operation;
    Ulong sector;
    Ulong sectorCount;
    char *buf;
{
    IocccCommand *iocb;
    Ulong errcode;

#   ifdef DEBUG_DISK_BLOCK_SERVER_MUCH
    Ulong floppy;
    floppy = subchannel;
    StatMsg("Floppy#%d: IOCC command: op=0x%X, sector=%d, secCount=%d\n",
            floppy, operation, sector, sectorCount);
#   endif

    /* set the floppy disk controller command parameters in the IOCB */
    iocb = &(iocccCommand[subchannel]);
    iocb->xop = operation;
    iocb->xmaddr = (sector >> 8) & 0xFF;

```

```

iocb->xladdr = (sector & 0xFF);
iocb->xcount = sectorCount;
iocb->iocdata = buf;
iocb->ioclimit = sectorCount * XB_BLOCK_LENGTH;

/* wait for the floppy disk channel to be free */
SemWait( iocSubchanSem[subchannel] );
/* execute the command */
IocExec( channel, IOCC_SIO + subchannel );
/* wait for the command to complete */
SemWait( iocSubchanSem[subchannel] );
/* set the channel to free again */
SemSignal( iocSubchanSem[subchannel] );

/* check for errors */
errcode = iocb->iocerrstat;
if (errcode == 0) {
    errcode = iocb->iocstarstat;
}
/* could translate the error into some unbos code */
return( errcode );

```

```

}

```

```

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  XM%.
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Functions for using the I/O Channel Controller.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <iocc.h>
#include <as.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void IocclInit();
void IocclInitHardware();
void IocclIntHandler();
Uchar IocclStatus();
void IocclExec();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void IocclIntCatcher();

/*----- External Variables -----*/

extern Semaphore      *iocclSubchanSem[IOCC_NSC];
extern IocclCommand   *iocclCmdPtrTable[IOCC_NSC];
extern IocclCommand   iocclCommand[IOCC_NSC];

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the IOCC hardware and interrupt handling mechanism.
/*=====*/

void IocclInit( ioaddr, intvecnum, imask )
    char *ioaddr;
    Ulong intvecnum;
    Ulong imask;
{
    Ulong i;

    #   ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf("Initializing IOCC hardware, interrupts, and semaphores\n");
    #   endif

    /* initialize the hardware */
    IocclInitHardware( ioaddr );

    /* initialize the interrupt handler */
    SetVector( intvecnum, IocclIntCatcher, (Ulong) ioaddr );
    IcuEnable( imask );

    /* initialize the Sub-channel Ready semaphores and cmd ptrs*/
    for (i=0; i<IOCC_NSC; i++) {
        iocclSubchanSem[i] = SemCreate( 1, SEM_PRIORITY_NULL );
    }
}

```

```

        ioccCmdPtrTable[i] = &(ioccCommand[i]);
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Initialize the IOCC hardware. This initialization will cause a
 * spurious IOCC interrupt to happen later; ignore it.
 *=====*/

void IoccInitHardware( ioaddr )
    char *ioaddr;
{
    register Ulong i;
    Ulong cmdtable;

    /* reset I/O channel controller */
    IoccExec( ioaddr, IOCC_RSTIOC );
    for (i=0; ((IoccStatus(ioaddr, IOCC_BT2) & IOCC_SRRST) == 0)
           && (i<IOCC_BT2); i++) ;
    if (i >= IOCC_BT2) {
        Panic("IoccInitHardware: reset I/O channel timeout");
    }

    /* acknowledge I/O channel controller reset */
    IoccExec( ioaddr, IOCC_RSTA );
    for (i=0; ((IoccStatus(ioaddr, IOCC_BT1) & IOCC_SRRST) != 0)
           && (i<IOCC_BT1); i++) ;
    if (i >= IOCC_BT1) {
        Panic("IoccInitHardware: acknowledge reset IOCC timeout");
    }

    /* set command pointer table address */
    IoccExec( ioaddr, IOCC_WCTPA );
    for (i=0, cmdtable=(Ulong) ioccCmdPtrTable; i<3; i++, cmdtable>>=8) {
#       ifdef DEBUG_IOCC
#       Kprintf("cmdtable = 0x%X / %d\n", cmdtable, cmdtable);
#       endif
        IoccExec( ioaddr, (unsigned char) (cmdtable & 0xFF) );
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle an IOCC interrupt. Signal the subchannel's semaphore.
 *=====*/

void IoccIntHandler( ioaddr )
    char *ioaddr;
{
    unsigned char status;
    Ulong subch;

    /* determine which subchannel caused the interrupt */
    status = IoccStatus( ioaddr, IOCC_BT1 );
    if ((status & IOCC_SRINT) != 0) {
        /* signal the subchannel semaphore */
        subch = (status & IOCC_SRCHMASK);
    }
}

```

```

        SemSignal( ioccSubchanSem[subch] );
        IoccExec( ioaddr, IOCC_IA );
    } else {
        Kprintf("IoccIntHandler: sperrious interrupt!\n");
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Polled wait for the IOCC to become ready and return the IOCC status code.
\*=====*/

Uchar IoccStatus( ioaddr, maxwait )
    char *ioaddr;
    Ulong maxwait;
{
    register int i;

    for (i=0; ((*ioaddr & IOCC_SRBSY) != 0) && i<maxwait; i++) ;
    if (i>=maxwait) {
        Panic("IoccStatus: busy timeout");
    }
    return( *ioaddr );
}

/*=====*\
 * Polled wait for the IOCC to become ready and command it to execute a
 * command code.
\*=====*/

void IoccExec( ioaddr, command )
    char *ioaddr;
    unsigned char command;
{
    register int i;

    for (i=0; ((*ioaddr & IOCC_SRBSY) != 0) && i<IOCC_BT1; i++) ;
    if (i>=IOCC_BT1) {
        Panic("IoccExec: busy timeout");
    }
    *ioaddr = command;
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
\*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
# * MODULE: %M% %I% %E% %UX
# *
# * Assembler code to catch an IOCC interrupt and call the higher-level
# * C code interrupt handler routine.
# \*-----*/

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

.globl _IocccIntCatcher

/*----- Local Declarations -----*/

.set INTBIT, 0x800
.set LINK_BASE_OFF, 4
.set PSR_STACK_OFF, 6
.text

/*=====*\
# * Catch an IOCC interrupt; back off if interrupting a trap.
# \*=====*/

_IocccIntCatcher:
    #first check if we should back off
    tbitw $9,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp) #check if SPO was selected before int
    bfs _IocccIntCatcherOk #if not, then ok
    bicw $INTBIT,PSR_STACK_OFF(sp) #clear the interrupt bit for the trap
    reti #interrupt source will still be active

_IocccIntCatcherOk:
    jsr _SaveThreadRegs
    sprd mod,_previousTrapMod
    sprd mod,r0 #get link base value from mod descriptor
    movd LINK_BASE_OFF(r0),tos # and pass it as the ioccc address
    jsr _IocccIntHandler
    adjspb $-4
    jsr _RestoreThreadRegs
    reti

/*-----*\
# * END OF MODULE: %M%
# \*-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Function to set the address of an interrupt handler. This function would
 * probably have been better put into "trap.c" in the kernel directory.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <memmap.h>
#include <trap.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void SetVector();

/*=====*\
 * Set the interrupt catcher address for a given interrupt vector number.
 * Also allows you to set a parameter to be passed to the interrupt handler
 * code via the link base entry of a module table entry.
 *=====*/

void SetVector( vecnum, codeaddr, parmValue )
    Ulong    vecnum;
    Void     (*codeaddr)();
    Ulong    parmValue;
{
    ModTable *modtab;

    modtab = (ModTable *) ADDR_MOD_TABLE;
    modtab->entry[vecnum].programBase = (char *) codeaddr;
    /* the link base entry holds the parameter to pass to the ISR */
    modtab->entry[vecnum].linkBase = parmValue;
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Function to initialize a TTY.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <tty.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void InitTty();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern void    TtyReceive();
extern void    TtyTransmit();
extern unsigned char *ArtGetChanRegs();

/*=====*\
 * Initialize a TTY control block.
 *=====*/

void InitTty( tty, art, channel )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    ArtDesc *art;
    Ulong    channel;
{
    tty->myart = art;
    tty->artChannel = channel;
    tty->emitLinefeed = FALSE;
    tty->outbufEmptySem = SemCreate( 1, SEM_PRIORITY_NULL );
    tty->inbufHead = 0;
    tty->inbufTail = 0;
    tty->inbufCount = 0;
    tty->inbufReadySem = SemCreate( 0, SEM_PRIORITY_NULL );
    tty->echobufHead = 0; /* wrap-around buffer */
    tty->echobufTail = 0;
    tty->echobufCount = 0;
    tty->cookedMode = TRUE /*TRUE*/;
    tty->flowStopped = FALSE;
    tty->returnEof = FALSE;

    /* set the ART dispatch vectors for the TTY and enable interrupts */
    SetArtVectors( art, channel, TtyReceive, TtyTransmit, (Ulong) tty );
    ArtEnable( art, channel, ARTTIENABLE );
    ArtDisable( art, channel, ARTTIENABLE );
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
 *-----*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Functions to implement the TTY receive interrupt handling, including
 * handling cooked mode input.
 *-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <tty.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void      TtyReceive();

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL void  TtyReceiveCooked();
LOCAL void  TtyReceivePut();
LOCAL void  TtyEcho();
LOCAL void  TtyEchoDelete();
LOCAL void  TtyEchoPut();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern unsigned char *ArtGetChanRegs();

/*=====*\
 * TTY Receive interrupt handler (called by the ART interrupt handler).
 *=====*/

void TtyReceive( tty )
    TtyDesc *tty;
{
    unsigned char c;
    unsigned char *artch;

    /* get the character from the ART */
    artch = ArtGetChanRegs( tty->myart, tty->artChannel );
    c = artch[ARTRHR];
    c &= TTY_CH_MASK;

    /* halt the system on PANIC key */
    if (c == TTY_CH_PANIC) {
        Panic("TtyReceive: user hit the PANIC button");
    }

    /* dispatch to cooked or raw mode handler */
    if (tty->cookedMode) {
        TtyReceiveCooked( tty, c );
    } else {
        TtyReceivePut( tty, c );
        SemSignal( tty->inbufReadySem );
    }
}

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}

/* allow further interrupts if not in flow stoped mode */
if (!tty->flowStopped) {
    ArtEnable( tty->myart, tty->artChannel, ARTTIENABLE );
}

}

/*=====*\
 * Process a received character for cooked mode.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void TtyReceiveCooked( tty, c )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    unsigned char c;
{
    Ulong    prevptr;
    char     prevc;
    Boolean more;

    switch( c ) {
    case TTY_CH_FLOW_STOP:
        ArtDisable( tty->myart, tty->artChannel, ARTTIENABLE );
        tty->flowStopped = TRUE;
        c = TTY_CH_NONE;
        break;
    case TTY_CH_FLOW_RESTART:
        tty->flowStopped = FALSE;
        c = TTY_CH_NONE;
        break;
    case TTY_CH_BACKSPACE:
        prevptr = (tty->inbufTail - 1) % TTY_INBUF_LENGTH;
        prevc = tty->inbuf[prevptr];
        if (tty->inbufCount > 0 && prevc != '\n') {
            tty->inbufTail = prevptr;
            (tty->inbufCount)--;
            TtyEchoDelete( tty, prevc );
        }
        c = TTY_CH_NONE;
        break;
    case TTY_CH_KILL_LINE:
        more = TRUE;
        while (more) {
            /* move back to the beginning of the current line */
            prevptr = (tty->inbufTail - 1) % TTY_INBUF_LENGTH;
            prevc = tty->inbuf[prevptr];
            if (tty->inbufCount > 0 && prevc != '\n') {
                tty->inbufTail = prevptr;
                (tty->inbufCount)--;
            } else {
                more = FALSE;
            }
        }
        /* move cursor to a new line */
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_RETURN );
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_LINEFEED );
    }
}

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```

        c = TTY_CH_NONE;
        break;
    case TTY_CH_RETURN:
    case TTY_CH_LINEFEED:
        c = '\n';
        break;
    }

    if (c != TTY_CH_NONE) {
        /* put character into receive buffer */
        if (tty->inbufCount >= TTY_INBUF_LENGTH
            || (tty->inbufCount == TTY_INBUF_LENGTH-1 && c != '\n')) {
            /* receive buffer full - ring bell */
            TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_BELL );
        } else {
            /* echo character */
            TtyEcho( tty, c );
            TtyReceivePut( tty, c );
            if (c == TTY_CH_EOF) {
                TtyEcho( tty, '\n' );
            }
            /* signal "input line ready" semaphore on end of line */
            if (c == '\n' || c == TTY_CH_EOF) {
                SemSignal( tty->inbufReadySem );
            }
        }
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Put a cooked mode character into the echo buffer. Control characters
 * are prefixed with a "^" and new lines are translated to CrLf.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void TtyEcho( tty, c )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    unsigned char c;
{
    if (c == '\n') {
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_RETURN );
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_LINEFEED );
    } else if (c < TTY_CH_SPACE || c == TTY_CH RUBOUT) {
        TtyEchoPut( tty, '^' );
        if (c != TTY_CH RUBOUT) {
            TtyEchoPut( tty, (c + '@') );
        } else {
            TtyEchoPut( tty, '?' );
        }
    } else {
        TtyEchoPut( tty, c );
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * Put characters into echo buffer to rub out the given cooked mode
 * character. Cooked mode characters prefixed with a "^" cause the

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```

* "^" character to be rubbed out too.
/*=====*/

LOCAL void TtyEchoDelete( tty, c )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    unsigned char c;
{
    Ulong limit, i;

    if (c < TTY_CH_SPACE) {
        limit = 2;
    } else {
        limit = 1;
    }
    for (i=0; i<limit; i++) {
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_BACKSPACE );
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_SPACE );
        TtyEchoPut( tty, TTY_CH_BACKSPACE );
    }
}

/*=====*\
* Physically put a character into the echo buffer.
/*=====*/

LOCAL void TtyEchoPut( tty, c )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    unsigned char c;
{
    if (tty->echobufCount < TTY_ECHOBUF_LENGTH) {
        tty->echobuf[tty->echobufTail] = c;
        tty->echobufTail = (tty->echobufTail + 1) % TTY_ECHOBUF_LENGTH;
        (tty->echobufCount)++;
    }
}

/*=====*\
* Put a received character into the circular receive buffer.
/*=====*/

LOCAL void TtyReceivePut( tty, c )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    unsigned char c;
{
    tty->inbuf[tty->inbufTail] = c;
    tty->inbufTail = (tty->inbufTail + 1) % TTY_INBUF_LENGTH;
    (tty->inbufCount)++;
#   ifdef  DEBUG_TTY
    Kprintf("TtyRcv: c=%c, xc=0x%X, head=%d, tail=%d, count=%d\n",c,c,
            tty->inbufHead, tty->inbufTail, tty->inbufCount);
#   endif
}

/*=====*\
* END OF MODULE:  XM%
/*=====*/

```

```

/*-----*\
 * MODULE:  %M%    %I%    %E%    %U%
 *
 * Functions implementing the TTY server proper.
\*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <tty.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <fileserver.h>
#include <debug.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void      TtyServer();

/*----- Local Functions -----*/

LOCAL void  ReqWrite();
LOCAL void  ReqRead();
LOCAL void  ReqIoctl();
LOCAL Ulong TtyGetCooked();
LOCAL char  TtyInbufGet();

/*=====*\
 * TTY server main control routine.
\*=====*/

void TtyServer( tty, port )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    Port port;
{
    MsgBuffer *request;

#   ifdef DEBUG
    Kprintf("Terminal Server ready for TTY=0x%X\n",tty);
#   endif
    while( TRUE ) {
        request = Receive( port );
        request->destPort = request->replyPort;
        request->errorCode = ERR_OK;
        switch (request->operationCode) {
            case FS_READ:
                ReqRead( tty, request );
                break;
            case FS_WRITE:
                ReqWrite( tty, request );
                break;
            case FS_OPEN:
            case FS_CLOSE:
            case FS_DUP:
                /* do nothing in these cases */
        }
    }
}

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        break;
    case FS_IOCTL:
        ReqIoctl( tty, request );
        break;
    case FS_GET_DEVICE_TYPE:
        request->data[0] = FS_DEVICE_TYPE_TTY;
        request->data[1] = 80;
        request->data[2] = 24;
        break;
    default:
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_UNKNOWN_OPCODE;
    }
    Send( request );
}

}

/*=====*\
 * Handle a TTY server write request.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqWrite( tty, request )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    char *cpt;

    /* should load and lock message buffer "request" */
    SemWait( tty->outbufEmptySem );

    /* set data pointer and count to message buffer data */
    cpt = (char *)request + request->msgStartOffset;
    tty->outbufPtr = cpt;
    tty->outbufCount = request->msgLength;
    if (request->msgLength > 0) {
        /* send data and wait for completion */
        if (!tty->flowStopped) {
            ArtEnable( tty->myart, tty->artChannel, ARTTIENABLE );
        }
        SemWait( tty->outbufEmptySem );
    }
    SemSignal( tty->outbufEmptySem );
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle TTY server read request.
 *=====*/

LOCAL void ReqRead( tty, request )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Ulong inLength;
    char c;
    char *msgPtr;

    #ifdef DEBUG_TTY

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```

Kprintf("TTY: received READ request...waiting for data...\n");
# endif
if (tty->returnEof) {
#     ifdef DEBUG_TTY
#         Kprintf("TTY: Picked up EOF and returning 0 length message\n");
#     endif
    tty->returnEof = FALSE;
    request->msgLength = 0;
    return;
}
SemWait( tty->inbufReadySem );
# ifdef DEBUG_TTY
#     Kprintf("TTY: input line ready - getting it...\n");
# endif
msgPtr = (char *)request + request->msgStartOffset;
if (tty->cookedMode) {
    inLength = TtyGetCooked( tty, msgPtr, request->msgLength );
} else {
    c = TtyInbufGet( tty );
    *(msgPtr) = c;
    inLength = 1;
}
request->msgLength = inLength;
}

/*=====*\
 * Get a character from the TTY receive buffer for cooked mode. Handle
 * end of file.
\*=====*/

LOCAL Ulong TtyGetCooked( tty, msgPtr, maxlen )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    char *msgPtr;
    Ulong maxlen;
{
    Ulong inLength;
    char c;

    inLength = 0;
    do {
        c = TtyInbufGet( tty );
        *(msgPtr++) = c;
        inLength++;
    } while( inLength < maxlen && c != '\n' && c != TTY_CH_EOF );
    if (c == TTY_CH_EOF) {
#         ifdef DEBUG_TTY
#             Kprintf("TTY: Got EOF, adjusting message\n");
#         endif
        inLength--;
        if (inLength != 0) {
#             ifdef DEBUG_TTY
#                 Kprintf("TTY: Returned msg before EOF\n");
#             endif
            tty->returnEof = TRUE;
        }
    }
}

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        return( inLength );
    }

/*=====*\
 * Raw get a character from the TTY receive buffer.
/*=====*/

LOCAL char TtyInbufGet( tty )
    TtyDesc *tty;
{
    char c;

    c = tty->inbuf[ tty->inbufHead ];
    (tty->inbufCount)--; /* indivisible operation */
    tty->inbufHead = (tty->inbufHead + 1) % TTY_INBUF_LENGTH;
    return( c );
}

/*=====*\
 * Handle a TTY server ioctl request. Only SetMode is implemented.
/*=====*/

LOCAL void ReqIoctl( tty, request )
    TtyDesc *tty;
    MsgBuffer *request;
{
    Ulong newmode;
    Boolean intsave;

    switch( request->data[0] ) {
    case TTY_IOCTL_SET_MODE:
        newmode = request->data[0];
        request->data[0] = tty->cookedMode;
        if (newmode != TTY_MODE_SAME) {
            intsave = DisableInterrupts();
            /* change the TTY mode, clear received characters */
            tty->cookedMode = newmode;
            tty->inbufCount = 0;
            tty->inbufHead = tty->inbufTail;
            SemRestart( tty->inbufReadySem, 0 );
            RestoreInterrupts( intsave );
        }
        break;
    default:
        request->errorCode = ERR_SERVER_UNKNOWN_OPCODE;
    }
}

/*=====*\
 * END OF MODULE:  %M%
/*=====*/

```

```

/*-----*/
* MODULE: %M% %I% %E% %U%
*
* TTY transmit interrupt handler.
/*-----*/

#include <kernel.h>
#include <art.h>
#include <queue.h>
#include <sem.h>
#include <tty.h>

/*----- Exported Functions -----*/

void TtyTransmit();

/*----- Imported Functions -----*/

extern unsigned char *ArtGetChanRegs();

/*=====*/
* Transmit the next character in the TTY echo or transmit buffer. The
* echo buffer has priority.
/*=====*/

void TtyTransmit( tty )
    TtyDesc *tty;
{
    unsigned char *artch;
    char c;

    artch = ArtGetChanRegs( tty->myart, tty->artChannel );
    if (tty->echobufCount) {
        /* output an echo buffer character */
        c = tty->echobuf[tty->echobufHead];
        tty->echobufHead = (tty->echobufHead + 1) % TTY_ECHOBUF_LENGTH;
        (tty->echobufCount)--;
        if (tty->echobufCount == 0 && tty->outbufCount == 0) {
            ArtDisable( tty->myart, tty->artChannel, ARTTIENABLE );
        }
        artch[ARTTHR] = c;
    } else if (tty->outbufCount) {
        /* output a transmit buffer character */
        c = *( (tty->outbufPtr)++ );
        if (c == '\n') {
            /* for newline, send Cr and Lf next time */
            if (!tty->emitLinefeed) {
                c = TTY_CH_RETURN;
                (tty->outbufPtr)--;
                (tty->outbufCount)++;
                tty->emitLinefeed = TRUE;
            } else {
                c = TTY_CH_LINEFEED;
                tty->emitLinefeed = FALSE;
            }
        }
    }
}

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/* disable transmit interrupts if this is the last character */
if ( (--(tty->outbufCount)) == 0 ) {
    ArtDisable( tty->myart, tty->artChannel, ARTTIENABLE );
    SemSignal( tty->outbufEmptySem );
}
artch[ARTTHR] = c;
} else {
    /* nothing to transmit - shut off transmitter */
    ArtDisable( tty->myart, tty->artChannel, ARTTIENABLE );
}
}

/*-----*\
 * END OF MODULE: %M%
/*-----*/
```

```

CC      = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS  = -I../h
AS      = /bin/as
ASFLAGS =
H       = ../h
COREBLD = /unb1/cs4605/cmd/corebld
LD      = /bin/ld
XLINK   = xlink
XLINKFILE = xlink
LIBS    = ../syslib/syslib.a ../strlib/strlib.a

OBJFILES = bootentry.o userstart.o loadprog.o

userboot.im: $(XLINKFILE) userboot.o $(LIBS)
    $(LD) userboot.o $(LIBS) $(XLINK) -e _UserBootEntryPoint -o userboot.co
    $(COREBLD) <userboot.co >userboot.im
userboot.o: $(OBJFILES)
    $(LD) $(OBJFILES) -r -o userboot.co

bootentry.o: bootentry.s
loadprog.o: loadprog.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h $H/filesserver.h \
    $H/errcode.h
userstart.o: userstart.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/filesserver.h

clean:
    rm -rf *.o core a.out userboot.im userboot.co userboot.o

```

```
.globl      _UserBootEntryPoint
.text
    .double _end      # length of boot code

_UserBootEntryPoint:
    jump    _UserStartup    # 0xFF0004
```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>

char *LoadProgram();
Ulong BinaryRead();
void CloseProgFile();

extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();
extern char *strcpy();

/*****
char *LoadProgram()
{
    MsgBuffer      *kernmsg;
    ThreadEntry    *the;
    Capability      filecap;
    char           *entryPoint;
    Ulong           textlen, datalen, bsslen, imagelen, magic;
    Ulong           readlen;
    Ulong           progParms[5];
    char           *loadAddr;

    /* open the program file */
    the = &(KS_AMSG_PTR->threadtab[0]);
    kernmsg = the->threadMsgBuffer;
    kernmsg->operationCode = FS_OPEN;
    kernmsg->replyPort = the->threadPort;
    kernmsg->capability = KS_AMSG_PTR->currentSearchCap;
    kernmsg->destPort = kernmsg->capability.port;
    kernmsg->data[0] = 0_RDONLY;
    kernmsg->msgStartOffset = (Cint)&(kernmsg->data[2]) - (Cint)kernmsg;
    strcpy( (char *) &(kernmsg->data[2]), KS_AMSG_PTR->programFilename );
    Send( kernmsg );
    kernmsg = Receive( the->threadPort );
    if( kernmsg->errorCode ) {
        the->threadMsgBuffer = kernmsg;
        /* error code is returned in the errorCode field */
        return( NULL );
    }
    filecap = kernmsg->capability;

    /* get parameters from program file */
    readlen = BinaryRead( filecap, (char *)progParms, 5*sizeof(Ulong),
        &kernmsg, the->threadPort );
    magic     = progParms[0];
    entryPoint = (char *) progParms[1];
    textlen   = progParms[2];
    datalen   = progParms[3];
    bsslen    = progParms[4];
    imagelen  = textlen + datalen;
    if ( kernmsg->errorCode || readlen != 5*sizeof(Ulong)
        || magic != KS_EXEC_PROG_MAGIC_NUM ) {

```

```

        CloseProgFile( filecap, &kernmsg, the->threadPort );
        the->threadMsgBuffer = kernmsg;
        return( NULL );
    }

    /* allocate memory for program file */
    kernmsg->capability = KS_AMSG_PTR->addrSpaceCap;
    kernmsg->destPort = kernmsg->capability.port;
    kernmsg->operationCode = KS_CREATE_MEMORY;
    kernmsg->data[0] = textlen + datalen + bslen;
    Send( kernmsg );
    kernmsg = Receive( the->threadPort );
    loadAddr = (char *) kernmsg->data[0];

    /* load program file */
    readlen = BinaryRead( filecap, loadAddr, imagelen, &kernmsg,
        the->threadPort );
    if( kernmsg->errorCode || readlen != imagelen ) {
        entryPoint = NULL;
    }

    /* close program file and exit */
    CloseProgFile( filecap, &kernmsg, the->threadPort );
    the->threadMsgBuffer = kernmsg;
    return( entryPoint );
}

/*****/
void CloseProgFile( filecap, msgptr, replyPort )
    Capability    filecap;
    MsgBuffer     **msgptr;
    Port          replyPort;
{
    register MsgBuffer *msg;

    msg = *msgptr;
    msg->capability = filecap;
    msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
    msg->operationCode = FS_CLOSE;
    Send( msg );
    msg = Receive( replyPort );
    *msgptr = msg;
}

/*****/
Ulong BinaryRead( filecap, buf, bytes, msgptr, replyPort )
    Capability    filecap;
    register char *buf;
    Ulong         bytes;
    MsgBuffer     **msgptr;
    Port          replyPort;
{
    Ulong         maxChunkSize;
    register MsgBuffer *msg;
    register char *fileptr;
    register Ulong dataCount;
    Ulong         bytesRead;

```

```

msg = *msgptr;
maxChunkSize = KS_BOOT_MSG_BUFFER_LENGTH
               - ( (CPint)(msg->data) - (CPint)msg );
msg->capability = filecap;
msg->operationCode = FS_READ;
bytesRead = 0;
while (bytes > 0) {
    msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
    msg->msgLength = (bytes < maxChunkSize) ? bytes : maxChunkSize;
    Send( msg );
    msg = Receive( replyPort );
    dataCount = msg->msgLength;
    if( dataCount == 0 || msg->errorCode ) {
        bytes = dataCount = 0;
    }
    bytes -= dataCount;
    bytesRead += dataCount;
    fileptr = (char *)msg + msg->msgStartOffset;
    memcpy( (Void*) buf, (Void*) fileptr, dataCount );
    buf += dataCount;
}
*msgptr = msg;
return( bytesRead );

```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>

void UserStartup();

extern char *LoadProgram();
extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();

/*****
void UserStartup()
{
    int    argc;
    char **argv;
    char *envp;
    Port   port;
    MsgBuffer *kernmsg;
    int     (*entryPoint)();
    ThreadEntry *the;
    int     err;

    /* set up parameters and environment */
    argc = KS_AMSG_PTR->argc;
    argv = KS_AMSG_PTR->argv;
    envp = NULL;

    /* load user program */
    entryPoint = (int (*)( )) LoadProgram();

    /* call user program if loaded properly */
    if ( entryPoint != NULL ) {
        (entryPoint) ( argc, argv, envp );
    } else {
        /* should exit() here with error code */
        /* error code will be in initial message buffer */
    }

    /* kill initial thread */
    the = &(KS_AMSG_PTR->threadtab[0]);
    kernmsg = the->threadMsgBuffer;
    kernmsg->operationCode = KS_REMOVE_THREAD;
    kernmsg->replyPort.machineID = SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE;
    kernmsg->replyPort.portDesc = SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER;
    kernmsg->capability = the->threadCap;
    kernmsg->destPort = kernmsg->capability.port;
    Send( kernmsg );
    kernmsg = the->threadMsgBuffer = Receive( the->threadPort );
    /* should never reach this point */
    asm("bpt");
}

```

```
/* xlink 1.2 92/08/31.12:03:31 */
```

```
MEMORY {  
    bootmem : o=0xFF0000 l=1536  
}
```

```
SECTIONS {  
    .text : { userboot.o(.text) }  
    .data : { userboot.o(.data) }  
    .bss : { userboot.o(.bss) }  
}
```

```
AR    = /bin/ar
CC    = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS    = -I../h
H      = ../h
```

```
.c.o:
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $<
```

```
OBJFILES = doprint.o strfuncs.o convert.o memcpy.o memfuncs.o charfuncs.o atou.o
```

```
strlib.a: $(OBJFILES)
    rm -rf strlib.a
    $(AR) cr strlib.a $(OBJFILES)
```

```
clean:
    rm -rf *.o core a.out strlib.a
```

```
atou.o: atou.c
charfuncs.o: charfuncs.c
convert.o: convert.c
doprint.o: doprint.c
memcpy.o: memcpy.c
memfuncs.o: memfuncs.c $H/stdio.h
strfuncs.o: strfuncs.c $H/stdio.h
```

```
/* atou.c 1.3 92/08/31 12:09:38 */

unsigned long int atou();

/*****
unsigned long int atou( s )
    register char *s;
{
    register unsigned long val;
    register unsigned char c;

    val = 0;
    while ( (c = *s++) != '\0' ) {
        val = val * 10 + c - '0';
    }
    return( val );
}
*****/
```

```
/* charfuncs.c 1.3 92/08/31 12:09:44 */  
  
char tolower();  
  
char _ctype[256] = { 0 };  
  
/*****  
char tolower( c )  
    char c;  
{  
    return( c - 'A' + 'a' );  
}
```

```
/* convert.c 1.5 92/08/31 12:09:50 */
/* written 03-JUN-91 by Craig Bruce */
```

```
void utoa();
```

```
/******
```

```
void utoa (n, a)
```

```
    unsigned long  n;
    char           a[];
```

```
{
```

```
    register unsigned long  i, num;
    register long           j;
    char                    trans[20];
```

```
    if (n==0) {
```

```
        a[0] = '0';
        a[1] = '\0';
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        trans[0] = '\0';
        num = n;
        for (i=1; num != 0; i++) {
            trans[i] = '0' + (char)(num % 10);
            num /= 10;
        }
```

```
        for (j=i-1, i=0; j>=0; j--, i++) {
            a[i] = trans[j];
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
/******
```

```
void htoa (n, a)
```

```
    unsigned long n;
    char a[];
```

```
{
```

```
    static char hexdigits [] =
```

```
        {'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','A','B','C','D','E','F'};
```

```
    register unsigned long  i, num;
```

```
    register long           j;
```

```
    char                    trans[20];
```

```
    if (n==0) {
```

```
        a[0] = '0';
        a[1] = '\0';
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        trans[0] = '\0';
        num = n;
        for (i=1; num != 0; i++) {
            trans[i] = hexdigits[num % 16];
            num /= 16;
        }
```

```
        for (j=i-1, i=0; j>=0; j--, i++) {
            a[i] = trans[j];
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
/* doprint.c 1.5 92/08/31 12:09:57 */
```

```
int      _DoPrint();
static int _DoPuts();
```

```
extern void utoa();
extern void htoa();
```

```
/******
```

```
int _DoPrint (func, stream, f, args)
```

```
    int      (*func)();
    unsigned long stream;
    char      f[];
    unsigned long *args;
```

```
{
```

```
    unsigned long *ip;
    long i;
    char c;
    char a[20];
    int count;
```

```
    count = 0;
```

```
    ip = args;
```

```
    for (i=0; (c=f[i]) != '\0'; i++) {
```

```
        switch (c) {
```

```
            case '%':
```

```
                c=f[++i];
```

```
                switch (c) {
```

```
                    case 'i': case 'd':
```

```
                        utoa( *(ip++), a );
```

```
                        count += _DoPuts( func, stream, a );
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                    case 'x': case 'X':
```

```
                        htoa( *(ip++), a );
```

```
                        count += _DoPuts( func, stream, a );
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                    case 's':
```

```
                        count += _DoPuts( func, stream, *(ip++) );
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                    case 'c':
```

```
                        (*func)( (char) *(ip++), stream );
```

```
                        count++;
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                    case '%':
```

```
                        (*func)( '%', stream );
```

```
                        count++;
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                    case '\0':
```

```
                        i--;
```

```
                        break;
```

```
                }
```

```
                break;
```

```
            default:
```

```
                (*func)( c, stream );
```

```
                count++;
```

```
                break;
```

```

        }
    }
    return( count );
}

/*****/
static int _DoPuts (func, stream, s)
    int      (*func)();
    unsigned long stream;
    char      s[];
{
    register long i;
    register char c;

    for (i=0; (c=s[i]) != '\0'; i++) {
        (*func)( c, stream );
    }
    return( i );
}

```

```

/*  memcpy.c    1.2    92/08/31    12:10:05    */

#include <stdio.h>
#define NS32000

char *memcpy();

/*****
char *memcpy (dest, source, count)
    register char  *dest;
    register char  *source;
    register size_t count;
{
    long    longWordCount;
    char *ret;

    ret = dest;
#ifdef NS32000
    /* we don't have to preserve r0,r1,r2 for ns32k compiler or GCC */
    if( (unsigned)dest%4==0 && (unsigned)source%4==0 && count%4==0 ) {
        /* move all data as long words - more efficient */
        longWordCount = count / 4;
        asm("movd    -4(fp),r0");    /* r0 = longWordCount */
        asm("movd    12(fp),r1");    /* r1 = source */
        asm("movd    8(fp), r2");    /* r2 = dest */
        asm("movsd");    /* move long words */
    } else {
        asm("movd    16(fp),r0");    /* r0 = count */
        asm("movd    12(fp),r1");    /* r1 = source */
        asm("movd    8(fp), r2");    /* r2 = dest */
        asm("movsb");    /* move bytes */
    }
#else
    while( count-- ) {
        *dest++ = *source++;
    }
#endif
    return( ret );
}

```

```
/* memfuncs.c 1.4 92/08/31 12:10:24 */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
char *memset();
```

```
char *memchr();
```

```
/******
```

```
char *memset (dest, c, count)
```

```
    register char *dest;
```

```
    register char c;
```

```
    register size_t count;
```

```
{
```

```
    char *ret;
```

```
    ret = dest;
```

```
    while( count-- ) {
```

```
        *dest++ = c;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return( ret );
```

```
}
```

```
/******
```

```
char *memchr (dest, c, count)
```

```
    register char *dest;
```

```
    register char c;
```

```
    register size_t count;
```

```
{
```

```
    while( count-- && *dest != c && *dest ) {
```

```
        dest++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    if( ++count ) {
```

```
        return( dest );
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        return( (char *) NULL );
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
/* strfuncs.c 1.4 92/08/31 12:10:31 */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
char *strcpy();
char *strcat();
size_t strlen();
char *strchr();
int strcmp();
```

```
/******
```

```
char *strcpy (dest, source)
    register char *dest;
    register char *source;
```

```
{
    char *ret;

    ret = dest;
    while( *dest++ = *source++ );
    return( ret );
}
```

```
/******
```

```
char *strcat (dest, source)
    register char *dest;
    register char *source;
```

```
{
    char *ret;

    ret = dest;
    dest--;
    while( *++dest );
    while( *dest++ = *source++ );
    return( dest );
}
```

```
/******
```

```
size_t strlen (string)
    register char *string;
```

```
{
    char *original;

    original = string;
    while( *string++ );
    return( (size_t)string - (size_t)original );
}
```

```
/******
```

```
char *strchr (string, c)
    register char *string;
    register char c;
```

```
{
    while( *string != c && *string ) {
        string++;
    }
    if( *string ) {
```

```

        return( string );
    } else {
        return( (char *) NULL );
    }
}

/*****
int strcmp(s1, s2)
    register char *s1;
    register char *s2;
{
    s1--;
    s2--;
    while (*++s1 == *++s2 && *s1) ;
    if (*s1 < *s2) {
        /* string1 is less than string2 */
        return( -1 );
    } else if (*s1 > *s2) {
        /* string1 is greater than string2 */
        return( 1 );
    } else {
        /* strings are equal */
        return( 0 );
    }
}

```

```

AR      = /bin/ar
CC      = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS      = -I../h
AS      = /bin/as
ASFLAGS      =
H       = ../h

```

```

.c.o:
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $<
.s.o:
    $(AS) $(ASFLAGS) -o $*.o $<

```

```

OBJFILES = callsoc.o callsrw.o fexec.o callutil.o threadlib.o msglib.o \
    threadtab.o abort.o userpanic.o statmsg.o svc.o malloc.o

```

```

syslib.a: $(OBJFILES)
    rm -f syslib.a
    $(AR) cr syslib.a $(OBJFILES)

```

```

clean:
    rm -f *.o core a.out syslib.a

```

```

svc.o: svc.s
abort.o: abort.c
callsoc.o: callsoc.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h $H/fileserver.h \
    $H/errcode.h $H/debug.h
callsrw.o: callsrw.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h $H/fileserver.h \
    $H/errcode.h
callutil.o: callutil.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h $H/fileserver.h
fexec.o: fexec.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h $H/errcode.h
malloc.o: malloc.c $H/kernel.h $H/syslib.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h
msglib.o: msglib.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h
statmsg.o: statmsg.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h $H/fileserver.h
threadlib.o: threadlib.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h
threadtab.o: threadtab.c $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h
userpanic.o: userpanic.c $H/kernel.h

```

```
/* abort.c 1.4 92/08/31 12:13:49 */

void abort();
void exit();

/*****/
void abort()
{
    UserPanic("library call: abort");
}

/*****/
void exit( status )
    int status;
{
    StatMsg("*** UserExit: status=%d\n", status);
    asm("bpt");
}
```

```

/*  callsoc.c    1.2    92/08/31    12:13:53    */

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>
#include <debug.h>

int open();
int creat();
int close();

extern void SetFileBuffer();
extern MsgBuffer *GetFileBuffer();
extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();

/*****
int open( name, mode, perms )
    char *name;
    Ulong mode;
    Ulong perms; /* optional */
{
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    Port replyPort;
    Ulong fd;
    FileEntry *fent;

    /* search for free file descriptor */
    for (fd=0; fd<KS_MAX_FILES && KS_AMSG_PTR->filetab[fd].used; fd++) ;
    if (fd >= KS_MAX_FILES) {
        SetErrno( EMFILE );
        return( -1 );
    }
    fent = &(KS_AMSG_PTR->filetab[fd]);
    fent->used = TRUE;
    fent->fileMsgBuffer = NULL;
#   ifdef DEBUG_SYSCALL_OPEN
    StatMsg("SCOpen: got file descriptor %d, addr 0x%X\n", fd, fent);
#   endif

    /* set up open call to server */
    SetKernMsg( &msg, &replyPort );
    msg->data[0] = mode;
    if (mode & O_CREAT) {
        msg->data[1] = perms;
    }
    msg->capability = KS_AMSG_PTR->currentSearchCap;
    msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
    msg->replyPort = replyPort;
    msg->msgStartOffset = (CPint)&(msg->data[2]) - (CPint)msg;
    msg->operationCode = FS_OPEN;
    strcpy( (char *) &(msg->data[2]), name );

    /* send message and handle reply */

```

```

msg = SendKernMsg( msg, replyPort );
if (msg->errorCode == ERR_OK) {
    fent->fileCap = msg->capability;
} else {
    fent->used = FALSE;
    SetErrno( msg->errorCode );
    return( -1 );
}

/* exit */
#   ifdef DEBUG_SYSCALL_OPEN
StatMsg("SCLopen: open ok, returning fd=%d\n", fd);
#   endif
return( fd );
}

/*****/
int creat( name, perms )
    char *name;
    Ulong perms;
{
    return( open( name, O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, perms ) );
}

/*****/
int close( fd )
    int fd;
{
    FileEntry *fent;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    Port replyPort;

#   ifdef DEBUG_SYSCALL_OPEN
StatMsg("SCLclose: fd=%d\n", fd);
#   endif
fent = &(KS_AMSG_PTR->filetab[fd]);
if (! fent->used) {
    SetErrno( EBADF );
    return( -1 );
}
if ((msg = fent->fileMsgBuffer) != NULL) {
    /* dispose of file message buffer */
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER, &(msg->destPort) );
    Send( msg );
    fent->fileMsgBuffer = NULL;
}

/* set up close call to server */
SetKernMsg( &msg, &replyPort );
msg->capability = fent->fileCap;
msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
msg->replyPort = replyPort;
msg->operationCode = FS_CLOSE;

/* send message and handle reply */
msg = SendKernMsg( msg, replyPort );

```

```
    fent->used = FALSE;
    if( msg->errorCode != ERR_OK ) {
        SetErrno( msg->errorCode );
        return( -1 );
    }
    return( 0 );
}

/*****
int dup( fd )
    int    fd;
{
    UserPanic("Syscall dup called");
}
*****/
```

```

/* callsrw.c 1.4 92/08/31 12:14:00 */

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>

int write();
int read();
int isatty();
off_t lseek();

Ulong errno = 0;

extern void SetFileBuffer();
extern MsgBuffer *GetFileBuffer();
extern void GetThreadPort();

/*****
int read( fd, buf, n)
    int fd;
    char *buf;
    int n;
{
    Port replyPort;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    long bytes;

    /* StatMsg("read( fd=%i, buf=%x, n=%i )\n", fd,buf,n);*/
    bytes = (n <= KS_FILE_DATA_LENGTH) ? n : KS_FILE_DATA_LENGTH;
    msg = GetFileBuffer( fd );
    GetThreadPort( &replyPort );
    msg->msgLength = bytes;
    msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
    msg->operationCode = FS_READ;
    msg->replyPort = replyPort;
    Send( msg );
    msg = Receive( replyPort );
    SetFileBuffer( fd, msg );
    bytes = msg->msgLength;
    memcpy( buf, (Void *) ((Cpint)msg + msg->msgStartOffset), bytes );
    if (msg->errorCode) {
        SetErrno( msg->errorCode );
        bytes = -1;
    }
    return( bytes );
}

/****
int write( fd, buf, n),
    int fd;
    char *buf;
    int n;
{
    Port replyPort;

```

```

MsgBuffer *msg;
Ulong bytes, written;

/* StatMsg("write( fd=%i, buf=%x, n=%i )... \n", fd,buf,n);*/
GetThreadPort( &replyPort );
written = 0;
while (written < n) {
/* StatMsg("written=%i, buf=%x... ", written, buf);*/
bytes = (n - written) <= KS_FILE_DATA_LENGTH
        ? (n - written) : KS_FILE_DATA_LENGTH;
msg = GetFileBuffer( fd );
/* StatMsg("msg=%x, port=%x\n",msg,port.portDesc);*/
msg->msgStartOffset = KS_FILE_DATA_OFFSET;
msg->msgLength = bytes;
msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
msg->operationCode = FS_WRITE;
msg->replyPort = replyPort;
memcpy( (Void *) ((Ulong)msg + msg->msgStartOffset),
        buf, bytes );
Send( msg );
msg = Receive( replyPort );
SetFileBuffer( fd, msg );
written += msg->msgLength;
buf += bytes;
if ((errno = msg->errorCode) != ERR_OK) {
    SetErrno( msg->errorCode );
    n = 0;
}
}
return( written );
}

/*****
int isatty( fd )
    int fd;
{
    Port port;
    MsgBuffer *msg;

    if (fd < KS_MAX_FILES) {
        msg = GetFileBuffer( fd );
        GetThreadPort( &port );
        msg->operationCode = FS_GET_DEVICE_TYPE;
        msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
        msg->replyPort = port;
        Send( msg );
        msg = Receive( port );
        SetFileBuffer( fd, msg );
        return( msg->data[0] == FS_DEVICE_TYPE_TTY );
    } else {
        return( 0 );
    }
}

/*****/
off_t lseek( fd, offset, origin )

```

```
int    fd;
off_t  offset;
int     origin;
{
    UserPanic("Syscall: lseek called");
}
```

```

/*  callutil.c  1.3  92/08/31  12:14:06  */

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>

MsgBuffer *GetFileBuffer();
void SetFileBuffer();

extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();

/*****
MsgBuffer *GetFileBuffer( fd )
    int    fd;
{
    MsgBuffer *msg, *kernmsg;
    FileEntry *file;
    Port port;

    file = &(KS_AMSG_PTR->filetab[ fd ]);
    msg = file->fileMsgBuffer;
    if (msg == (MsgBuffer *) NULL) {
        /*Kprintf("forced to create file message buffer\n");*/
        /* create a new message buffer */
        SetKernMsg( &kernmsg, &port );
        kernmsg->operationCode = KS_CREATE_MSG_BUFFER;
        kernmsg->data[0] = KS_FILE_BUFFER_LENGTH;
        kernmsg = SendKernMsg( kernmsg, port );
        /* should check error code */
        msg = (MsgBuffer *) kernmsg->data[0];
        msg->capability = file->fileCap;
        msg->msgStartOffset = (Ulong)&msg->data[0] - (Ulong)msg;
        file->fileMsgBuffer = msg;
    }
    return( msg );
}

/*****/
void SetFileBuffer( fd, msg )
    Ulong    fd;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
{
    (KS_AMSG_PTR->filetab[fd]).fileMsgBuffer = msg;
}

```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <errcode.h>

int fexec();

char *_PlaceFexecString();

extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();

/*****
int fexec(progfile, argc, argv, envp, stdinCap, stdoutCap, stderrCap,
        priority, async)
    char *progfile;
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
    char *envp[];
    Capability stdinCap, stdoutCap, stderrCap; /*change to fd's*/
    Ulong priority;
    Ulong async;
{
    CreateAddrSpaceMsg *msg;
    MsgBuffer *replymsg;
    Port port;
    MsgBuffer *kernmsg;
    Ulong i;
    Errcode retcode;
    char *cptr;

    /* get create addr space message buffer */
    SetKernMsg( &kernmsg, &port );
    kernmsg->operationCode = KS_CREATE_MSG_BUFFER;
    kernmsg->data[0] = sizeof(CreateAddrSpaceMsg) + 1000;
    kernmsg = SendKernMsg( kernmsg, port );
    msg = (CreateAddrSpaceMsg *) kernmsg->data[0];

    /* fill in creation request message buffer */
    *msg = *KS_AMSG_PTR;
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_GLOBAL_AS_SERVER, &(msg->destPort) );
    msg->operationCode = KS_CREATE_ADDR_SPACE;
    msg->replyPort = port;
    if (async) {
        GetPortAlias(SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER,&(msg->notificationPort) );
    } else {
        msg->notificationPort = port;
    }
    msg->requestedPriority = priority;

    /* handle std files - change to use file numbers */
    msg->filetab[0].fileCap = stdinCap;
    msg->filetab[1].fileCap = stdoutCap;
    msg->filetab[2].fileCap = stderrCap;

    /* copy parameters and environment */

```

```

msg->argc = argc;
cptr = (char *) &(msg->argv[argc]);
for (i=0; i<argc; i++) {
    msg->argv[i] = _PlaceFexecString( argv[i], msg, &cptr );
}

/* copy program filename */
msg->programFilename = _PlaceFexecString( progfile, msg, &cptr );

/* send create addr space message buffer */
Send( msg );
replymsg = Receive( port );

/* check out reply */
retcode = (Errcode) replymsg->errorCode;

/* get rid of creation reply message */
GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER, &(replymsg->destPort) );
Send( replymsg );

/* if synchronous, wait for notification of death message */
if (retcode == ERR_OK && !async) {
    replymsg = Receive( port );
    retcode = (Errcode) replymsg->errorCode;
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_MSG_RECYCLER, &(replymsg->destPort) );
    Send( replymsg );
}
return( retcode );
}

/*****
char *_PlaceFexecString( str, msg, inCptr )
    char      *str;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    char      **inCptr;
{
    register char *cptr, *ret;

    /* check for problems? */
    cptr = *inCptr;
    ret = cptr - (Ulong)msg + KS_ADDR_ADDR_SPACE_MSG;
    strcpy( cptr, str );
    cptr += strlen( str ) + 1;
    *inCptr = cptr;
    return( ret );
}

```

```
/* Written 91/12/09 by Craig Bruce */
```

```
#include <kernel.h>
#include <syslib.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
```

```
Void    *malloc();
void    free();
Void    *_rawMalloc();
void    _rawFree();
```

```
LOCAL Void *_GetMoreCore();
MemBlock mallocMasterBlock = { NULL, 0 };
```

```
extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();
```

```
/******
```

```
Void *malloc( inputSize )
    Ulong    inputSize;
{
    Ulong    *p;
    Ulong    size, getmemSize;

    size = inputSize + 2 * sizeof(Ulong);
    p = (Ulong*) _rawMalloc( size );
    if( p == NULL ) {
        /* get pages from kernel server */
        getmemSize = size > MALLOC_GETMEM_SIZE ? size: MALLOC_GETMEM_SIZE;
        p = (Ulong*) _GetMoreCore( &getmemSize );
        _rawFree( (Void*)p, getmemSize );
        p = (Ulong*) _rawMalloc( size );
    }

    /* put in the block header */
    if( p != NULL ) {
        *p++ = MALLOC_MAGIC_NUMBER;
        *p++ = size;
    }
    return( (Void*) p );
}
```

```
/******
```

```
void free( inp )
    Void    *inp;
{
    Ulong    *p;
    Ulong    size;

    p = (Ulong*)inp - 2;
    if( *p != MALLOC_MAGIC_NUMBER ) return;
    size = *(p+1);
    _rawFree( (Void*)p, size );
}
```

```

/*****
Void *_rawMalloc( inputSize )
    Ulong inputSize;
{
    register Ulong size;
    register MemBlock *p, *q;
    MemBlock *leftover;

    /* align the request size to malloc-block-size multiple */
    size = ( (inputSize + sizeof(MemBlock) - 1) / sizeof(MemBlock) )
        * sizeof(MemBlock);

    /* search for a large enough block */
    q = &mallocMasterBlock;
    p = mallocMasterBlock.nextBlock;
    while (p != NULL && p->blockLength < size) {
        q = p;
        p = p->nextBlock;
    }

    if (p == NULL) {
        /* we are SOL (out of luck) */
        return( NULL );
    }

    if( p->blockLength == size ) {
        /* unlink the entire block */
        q->nextBlock = p->nextBlock;
    } else {
        /* link in leftover amount of block */
        leftover = (MemBlock *) ((CPint)p + size);
        q->nextBlock = leftover;
        leftover->nextBlock = p->nextBlock;
        leftover->blockLength = p->blockLength - size;
    }

    return( (Void *) p );
}

/*****/
void _rawFree( inputNew, inputSize )
    MemBlock *inputNew;
    Ulong inputSize;
{
    register MemBlock *q, *new, *p;
    register Ulong size;

    size = ( (inputSize + sizeof(MemBlock) - 1) / sizeof(MemBlock))
        * sizeof(MemBlock);
    new = inputNew;

    /* search for correct spot to put new block */
    q = &mallocMasterBlock;
    p = mallocMasterBlock.nextBlock;

    while( p != NULL && p < new ) {

```

```

        q = p;
        p = p->nextBlock;
    }

    /* at this point, q and p straddle the new block */

    /* try to coalesce q with new */
    if( (CPint)q + q->blockLength == (CPint)new ) {
        /* coalesce */
        new = q;
        size += q->blockLength;
    } else {
        /* link in as new block */
        q->nextBlock = new;
    }

    /* try to coalesce new with p */
    if (p != NULL && (CPint)new + size == (CPint)p) {
        /* coalesce */
        size += p->blockLength;
        new->nextBlock = p->nextBlock;
    } else {
        /* will not coalesce */
        new->nextBlock = p;
    }

    new->blockLength = size;
}

/*****
LOCAL Void *_GetMoreCore( inoutGetmemSize )
Ulong  *inoutGetmemSize;
{
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    Port replyPort;

    SetKernMsg( &msg, &replyPort );
    msg->operationCode = KS_CREATE_MEMORY;
    msg->data[0] = *inoutGetmemSize;
    msg = SendKernMsg( msg, replyPort );
    *inoutGetmemSize = msg->data[1];
    return( (Void*) msg->data[0] );
}

```

```
#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
```

```
void SetKernMsg();
MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();
void GetPortAlias();
```

```
extern void GetThreadPort();
extern ThreadEntry *GetThreadEntry();
extern MsgBuffer *GetThreadMsgBuffer();
```

```
/******
```

```
void SetKernMsg( outkernmsg, outport )
    MsgBuffer **outkernmsg;
    Port *outport;
{
    MsgBuffer *kernmsg;
    Port port;

    GetThreadPort( &port );
    kernmsg = GetThreadMsgBuffer();
    kernmsg->capability = KS_AMSG_PTR->addrSpaceCap;
    kernmsg->destPort = kernmsg->capability.port;
    kernmsg->msgStartOffset = 0;
    kernmsg->msgLength = 0;
    kernmsg->operationCode = 0;
    kernmsg->replyPort = port;
    kernmsg->requestNumber = 0;
    kernmsg->errorCode = 0;
    *outport = port;
    *outkernmsg = kernmsg;
}
```

```
/******
```

```
MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg( kernmsg, port )
    MsgBuffer *kernmsg;
    Port port;
{
    Send( kernmsg );
    kernmsg = Receive( port );
    GetThreadEntry()->threadMsgBuffer = kernmsg;
    return( kernmsg );
}
```

```
/******
```

```
void GetPortAlias( aliasid, outPortName )
    Ulong aliasid;
    Port *outPortName;
{
    outPortName->machineID = SERV_ALIAS_MACHINE;
    outPortName->portDesc = aliasid;
    outPortName->portCheck = 0;
}
```

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <fileserver.h>

void StatMsg();
int _StatMsgPutc();

extern void GetThreadPort();
extern MsgBuffer *GetThreadMsgBuffer();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();

/*****
void StatMsg( format, args )
    char    format[];
    CPint    args;
{
    MsgBuffer *msg;
    Port port;

    /* get msg and port from the thread table entry */
    GetThreadPort( &port );
    msg = GetThreadMsgBuffer();

    /* set up the message buffer */
    GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_KERN_STATUS, &(msg->destPort) );
    msg->msgStartOffset = (Ulong) &(msg->data[0]) - (Ulong)msg;
    msg->msgLength = 0;
    msg->operationCode = FS_WRITE;
    msg->replyPort = port;

    /* put in string and send */
    _DoPrint( _StatMsgPutc, (CPint)msg, format, &args );
    SendKernMsg( msg, port );
}

/*****/
int _StatMsgPutc( c, msg )
    char c;
    MsgBuffer *msg;
{
    char *cptr;

    cptr = (char *) ( (CPint)msg + msg->msgStartOffset + msg->msgLength );
    *cptr = c;
    (msg->msgLength)++;
    return( 0 );
}

```

```

.globl      _Send
.globl      _Receive
.globl      _ReceiveOpt
.set  NULLMSG,      0
.set  OPSEND,        0x53454E44
.set  OPRECEIVE,     0x52454356
.set  WAITTRUE,      1

```

```

# register usage:

```

```

#   r0 = operation (call)           r4 = message buffer pointer (call)
#   r1 = port.machine id           r5 = wait flag (call)
#   r2 = port.port descriptor       r6 = physical message length (return)
#   r3 = port.port check           r7 = error code (return)
#
# return r0:
#   send: r0 = error code
#   receive: r0 = message buffer pointer

```

```

.text

```

```

*****

```

```

_Send:      # ( msgBuffer )
    enter   [r1,r2,r3,r4],0 # preserve registers (not r0)
    movd    8(fp),r4        # get msgBuffer (parm 1)
    movd    0(r4),r1        # get port.machine from msgBuffer
    movd    4(r4),r2        # get port.portDesc from msgBuffer
    movd    8(r4),r3        # get port.check from msgBuffer
    movd    $OPSEND,r0      # set operation to Send
    svc     # call kernel
    exit    [r1,r2,r3,r4]   # restore registers (not r0)
    ret     0

```

```

*****

```

```

_Receive:   # ( port )
    enter   [r1,r2,r3,r5,r6,r7],0
    movd    $WAITTRUE,r5    # set wait flag to true
    movd    8(fp),r1        # get port.machine from parm 1
    movd    12(fp),r2       # get port.port desc from parm 1
    movd    16(fp),r3       # get port.check from parm 1
    movd    $OPRECEIVE,r0   # set Receive operation
    svc     # call kernel
    cmpd    $NULLMSG,r0     # check if message returned
    beq     _nomsg          #
    movd    r6,12(r0)       # set physical length of msgBuffer
_nomsg:
    exit    [r1,r2,r3,r5,r6,r7]
    ret     0

```

```

*****

```

```

_ReceiveOpt: # ( port, waitFlag, *outErrcode )
    enter   [r1,r2,r3,r5,r6,r7],0
    movd    20(fp),r5       # get wait flag from parm 2
    movd    8(fp),r1        # get port.machine id from parm 1
    movd    12(fp),r2       # get port.port desc from parm 1
    movd    16(fp),r3       # get port.check from parm 1
    movd    $OPRECEIVE,r0   # set Receive operation

```

svc		# call kernel
cmpd	\$NULLMSG,r0	# check if message actually received
beq	_nomsgopt	
movd	r6,12(r0)	# store physical length of msgBuffer
_nomsgopt:		
movd	r7,0(24(fp))	# store error code into parm 3
exit	[r1,r2,r3,r5,r6,r7]	
ret	0	

```

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>

void _RegisterThread();

extern void GetThreadPort();
extern MsgBuffer *GetThreadMsgBuffer();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();

/*****
void _RegisterThread( threadID, msgbuf, port, threadCap )
    Ulong threadID;
    MsgBuffer *msgbuf;
    Port port;
    Capability threadCap;
{
    ThreadEntry *the;
    Ulong i;

    /* should lock the thread table at this point */

    /* search for free thread table entry */
    for (i=0, the=KS_AMSG_PTR->threadtab;
        i<KS_MAX_THREADS && the->used;
        i++, the++) {

    if (i<KS_MAX_THREADS) {
        /* fill in thread info */
        the->used = TRUE;
        the->threadID = threadID;
        the->threadCap = threadCap;
        the->threadMsgBuffer = msgbuf;
        the->threadPort = port;
        the->threadErrno = 0;
    } else {
        UserPanic( "_RegisterThread: no free thread table entries" );
    }
}

```

```
#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
```

```
ThreadEntry *GetThreadEntry();
MsgBuffer *GetThreadMsgBuffer();
void GetThreadPort();
void GetThreadEntryCap();
int GetErrno();
void SetErrno();
```

```
extern int errno;
```

```
/******
ThreadEntry *GetThreadEntry()
```

```
{
    register Ulong i;
    register ThreadEntry *the;

    the = &(KS_AMSG_PTR->threadtab[0]);

    /* see if threadtab[0] is for current thread */
    if (the->threadID == KS_CURRENT_THREAD) {
        return( the );
    }

    /* look for current thread entry */
    for (i=0;
         i<KS_MAX_THREADS && the->threadID != KS_CURRENT_THREAD;
         i++, the++) ;
    if (i<KS_MAX_THREADS) {
        return( the );
    } else {
        UserPanic("GetThreadTableEntry: can't find current thread");
    }
}
```

```
/******
void GetThreadPort( outPort )
```

```
Port *outPort;
{
    *outPort = GetThreadEntry()->threadPort;
}
```

```
/******
MsgBuffer *GetThreadMsgBuffer()
```

```
{
    return( GetThreadEntry()->threadMsgBuffer );
}
```

```
/******
void GetThreadEntryCap( outCap )
```

```
Capability *outCap;
{
    *outCap = GetThreadEntry()->threadCap;
}
```

```

/*****/
int GetErrno()
{
    return( GetThreadEntry()->threadErrno );
}

/*****/
void SetErrno( errnoValue )
    int errnoValue;
{
    GetThreadEntry()->threadErrno = errnoValue;
    errno = errnoValue;
}

```

```
/* userpanic.c 1.2 92/08/31 12:15:02 */  
  
#include <kernel.h>  
  
void UserPanic();  
  
extern void exit();  
  
/*****  
void UserPanic( s )  
    char *s;  
{  
    StatMsg( "*** UserPanic: %s ***\n", s );  
    exit( 1 );  
}
```

```
# Makefile 1.2 92/08/31 12:18:57

USERFILES = shell hex
USERDEPS = shelldep hexdep
USERPROGS = shell/Userprog.unbos hex/Userprog.unbos

deps: $(USERDEPS) bootdisk.im
bootdisk.im: $(USERPROGS)
    mkboot $(USERFILES)

shelldep:
    -cd shell; make;
catdep:
    -cd cat; make;
datadep:
hexdep:
    -cd hex; make;

allclean: clean
    -cd shell; make clean;
    -cd cat; make clean;
    -cd hex; make clean;

clean:
    rm -f bootdisk.im
```

```
/* Userlink 1.2 92/08/31.12:19:02 */
```

```
MEMORY {  
    user : D=0x400 l=16000000  
}
```

```
SECTIONS {  
    .text : { Userprog.o(.text) }  
    .data : { Userprog.o(.data) }  
    .bss : { Userprog.o(.bss) }  
}
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define BUFLen      512
#define MAXFILES 100

int filelen[MAXFILES];

/*****
main( argc, argv )
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    FILE *in, *boot;
    char name[100];
    char buf[BUFLen];
    char direntName[16];
    int bytes, i, imagebytes, pos;

    if (argc > MAXFILES) {
        printf("Too many files for boot disk.\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    if (argc < 2) {
        printf("At least one file must be specified");
        exit(1);
    }
    imagebytes = 0;
    for (i=1; i<argc; i++) {
        strcpy( name, argv[i] );
        strcat( name, "/Userprog.unbos" );
        if( (in = fopen( name, "r")) == NULL) {
            printf("cannot open \"%s\".\n", name);
            exit(1);
        }
        fseek( in, 0, 2 );
        filelen[i] = ftell( in );
        fclose( in );
        imagebytes += filelen[i];
    }
    if( (boot = fopen( "bootdisk.im", "w")) == NULL) {
        printf("cannot open \"%s\".\n", "bootdisk.im");
        exit(1);
    }
    pos = 8 + (argc-1)*24;
    bytes = pos + imagebytes;
    printf("Bootdisk total length = %d, ", bytes);
    putlong( boot, bytes );
    printf("Number of directory entries = %d\n", (argc-1));
    putlong( boot, (argc-1) );
    for (i=1; i<argc; i++) {
        printf(" Dirent=%d, name=%s, start=%d, length=%d\n", i,
            argv[i], pos, filelen[i]);
        strcpy( direntName, argv[i] );
        fwrite( direntName, 1, 16, boot );
        putlong( boot, pos );
        putlong( boot, filelen[i] );
        pos += filelen[i];
    }
}
*****/

```

```

    }
    for (i=1; i<argc; i++) {
        strcpy( name, argv[i] );
        strcat( name, "/Userprog.unbos" );
        in = fopen( name, "r" );
        while( (bytes=fread(buf, 1, BUFLen, in)) > 0 ) {
            fwrite( buf, 1, bytes, boot );
        }
        fclose( in );
    }
    fclose( boot );
}

/*****
putlong( file, value )
    FILE *file;
    int value;
{
    unsigned char c;

    c = (value) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
    c = (value / 256) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
    c = (value / 65536) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
    c = (value / 16777216) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
}

```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define BUFLen      512

/*****
main( argc, argv )
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    FILE *in, *out;
    char name[100];
    char buf[BUFLen];
    int entryPoint, textlen, datalen, bsslen, imagelen;
    int bytes;

    if (argc != 2) {
        printf("wrong number of parameters.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    /* get this information from the .co file */
    strcpy( name, argv[1] );
    strcat( name, "/Userprog.co" );
    if( (in = fopen( name, "r")) == NULL) {
        printf("cannot open \"%s\".\n", name);
        exit(1);
    }
    fseek( in, 20+4, 0 );
    textlen = getlong( in );
    datalen = getlong( in );
    bsslen = getlong( in );
    fseek( in, 20+24, 0 );
    entryPoint = getlong( in );
    fclose( in );
    printf("EntryPoint=0x%x, TextLen=%d, DataLen=%d, BssLen=%d\n",
        entryPoint, textlen, datalen, bsslen);

    /* copy the .im file */
    strcpy( name, argv[1] );
    strcat( name, "/Userprog.im" );
    if( (in = fopen( name, "r")) == NULL) {
        printf("cannot open \"%s\".\n", name);
        exit(1);
    }
    fseek( in, 0, 2 );
    imagelen = ftell( in );
    fseek( in, 0, 0 );
    strcpy( name, argv[1] );
    strcat( name, "/Userprog.unbos" );
    if( (out = fopen( name, "w")) == NULL) {
        printf("cannot open \"%s\".\n", name);
        exit(1);
    }

    putlong( out, 666 );
    putlong( out, entryPoint );
    putlong( out, textlen );

```

```

    putlong( out, datalen );
    putlong( out, bsslen );
    while( (bytes=fread(buf, 1, BUFLen, in)) > 0 ) {
        fwrite( buf, 1, bytes, out );
    }
    fclose( out );
    fclose( in );
}

/*****
putlong( file, value )
    FILE *file;
    int value;
{
    unsigned char c;

    c = (value) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
    c = (value / 256) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
    c = (value / 65536) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
    c = (value / 16777216) % 256;
    fputc( c, file );
}

/*****/
int getlong( file )
    FILE *file;
{
    unsigned char c1, c2, c3, c4;

    c1 = fgetc( file );
    c2 = fgetc( file );
    c3 = fgetc( file );
    c4 = fgetc( file );
    return( c4*16777216 + c3*65536 + c2*256 + c1 );
}

```

```

CC      = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS  = -I../../h
H       = ../../h
COREBLD = /unb1/cs4605/cmd/corebld
LD      = /bin/ld
XLINK   = ../Userlink
XLINKDEP= ../Userlink
LIBS    = ../../estdio/stdio.a ../../syslib/syslib.a ../../strlib/strlib.a

OBJFILES = cat.o

```

```

Userprog.unbos: Userprog.im Userprog.co
    -cd ../; mkexec cat;
Userprog.im: $(XLINKDEP) $(LIBS) Userprog.o
    $(LD) Userprog.o $(LIBS) $(XLINK) -e _main -o Userprog.co
    $(COREBLD) <Userprog.co >Userprog.im
Userprog.o: $(OBJFILES)
    $(LD) $(OBJFILES) -r -o Userprog.co

```

```

cat.o: cat.c $H/stdio.h

```

```

clean:
    rm -rf *.o core a.out *.co *.oo *.im Userprog.unbos

```

```

/*  cat.c    1.2    92/08/31    12:21:36    */

#include <stdio.h>

#define DATABUF_LEN 1024
char databuf[DATABUF_LEN];

/*****/
int main( argc, argv )
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    FILE *f;
    int i;
    int fd, bytes;

    if (argc < 2) {
        CopyFile( 0, 1 );
    } else {
        for (i=1; i<argc; i++) {
            fd = open( argv[i], 0 );
            if( fd >= 0) {
                CopyFile( fd, 1 );
                close( fd );
            } else {
                fprintf(stderr, "cannot open file \"%s\"\n",
                    argv[i]);
            }
        }
    }
}

/*****/
int CopyFile( fdin, fdout )
    int fdin, fdout;
{
    int bytes;
    while( (bytes=read( fdin, databuf, DATABUF_LEN )) > 0 ) {
        write( fdout, databuf, bytes );
    }
}

```

Hello there
This is some user data.
Have a nice day.

```
CC      = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS      = -I../../h
H          = ../../h
COREBLD     = /umb1/cs4605/cmd/corebld
LD          = /bin/ld
XLINK       = ../Userlink
XLINKDEP= ../Userlink
LIBS        = ../../estdio/stdio.a ../../syslib/syslib.a ../../strlib/strlib.a
```

```
OBJFILES = hex.o
```

```
Userprog.unbos: Userprog.im Userprog.co
    -cd ../; mkexec hex;
Userprog.im: $(XLINKDEP) $(LIBS) Userprog.co
    $(LD) Userprog.co $(LIBS) $(XLINK) -e _main -o Userprog.co
    $(COREBLD) <Userprog.co >Userprog.im
Userprog.co: $(OBJFILES)
    $(LD) $(OBJFILES) -r -o Userprog.co
```

```
clean:
    rm -rf *.o core a.out *.co *.oo *.im Userprog.unbos.
```

```
hex.o: hex.c $H/stdio.h
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main();
```

```
void hexify();
```

```
void puthex();
```

```
char hexits[16] = {'0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7',
                  '8', '9', 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f'};
```

```
void main( argc, argv )
```

```
    int    argc;
```

```
    char   *argv[];
```

```
{
```

```
    int    i;
```

```
    FILE   *fin;
```

```
    if( argc == 1 ) {
```

```
        hexify( stdin );
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        for( i=1; i<argc; i++ ) {
```

```
            if( (fin = fopen(argv[i], "r")) != NULL ) {
```

```
                hexify( fin );
```

```
                fclose( fin );
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void hexify( fin )
```

```
    FILE   *fin;
```

```
{
```

```
    int     buf[80];
```

```
    int     buflen, filepos, c, i, chksum;
```

```
    filepos = 0;
```

```
    c = 1;
```

```
    while (c >= 0) {
```

```
        buflen = 0;
```

```
        while (buflen < 32 && c >= 0) {
```

```
            c =getc( fin );
```

```
            if (c >= 0) {
```

```
                buf[buflen] = c;
```

```
                buflen ++;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
        if (buflen > 0) {
```

```
            puthex( (filepos / 65536) % 256 );
```

```
            puthex( (filepos / 256) % 256 );
```

```
            puthex( filepos % 256 );
```

```
            putchar(':');
```

```
            chksum = 0;
```

```
            for (i=0; i<buflen; i++) {
```

```
                chksum += buf[i];
```

```
                puthex( buf[i] );
```

```
            }
```

```
            putchar(':');
```

```

        puthex( chksum % 256 );
        putchar( '\n' );
        filepos += buflen;
    }
}

void puthex( byte )
    int byte;
{
    putchar( hexits[byte/16] );
    putchar( hexits[byte%16] );
}

```

```
CC      = /usr/bin/scc
CFLAGS  = -I.../.../h
H       = .../.../h
COREBLD = /unb1/cs4605/cmd/corebld
LD      = /bin/ld
XLINK   = ../Userlink
XLINKDEP= ../Userlink
LIBS    = ../.../estdio/stdio.a ../.../syslib/syslib.a ../.../strlib/strlib.a
```

```
.C.o:
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $<
```

```
OBJFILES = shell.o builtin.o disk.o external.o
```

```
Userprog.unbos: Userprog.im
    -cd ..; mkexec shell;
Userprog.im: $(XLINKDEP) $(LIBS) Userprog.o
    $(LD) Userprog.o $(LIBS) $(XLINK) -e _main -o Userprog.co
    $(COREBLD) <Userprog.co >Userprog.im
Userprog.o: $(OBJFILES)
    $(LD) $(OBJFILES) -r -o Userprog.o
```

```
builtin.o: builtin.c $H/stdio.h shell.h
disk.o: disk.c $H/stdio.h $H/kernel.h $H/server.h $H/kernserver.h \
    $H/diskserver.h
external.o: external.c $H/stdio.h shell.h $H/kernel.h $H/server.h \
    $H/kernserver.h
shell.o: shell.c $H/stdio.h shell.h
```

```
clean:
    rm -f *.o core a.out Userprog.o Userprog.co Userprog.im Userprog.unbos
```

```

/*    builtin.c    1.2    92/08/31    12:23:21    */

#include <stdio.h>
#include "shell.h"

/*****
int CmdEcho(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    int i;

    for (i=1; i<argc; i++) {
        printf(argv[i]);
        putchar(' ');
    }
    putchar('\n');
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*****
int CmdArgs(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    int i;

    printf("Argument Count = %d\n", argc);
    for (i=0; i<argc; i++) {
        printf("*argv[%d] = \"%s\".\n", i, argv[i]);
    }
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*****
int CmdExit(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    return( ERR_EXIT );
}

/*****
int CmdBomb(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    StatMsg("shell: I am about to bomb on a NULL pointer fault!");
    * (char*) NULL = 'x';
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*****
int CmdCount(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];

```

```
{
    register int i;

    printf("Commencing to count to five million...\n");
    for( i=0; i<5000000; i++ ) ;
    printf("Finished counting to five million.\n");
    return( ERR_OK );
}
```

```

/*    disk.c    1.2    92/08/31    12:23:31    */

#include <stdio.h>
#undef NULL
#define ERR_OK    0

#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
#include <diskserver.h>

extern void SetKernMsg();
extern MsgBuffer *SendKernMsg();
extern Ulong atoi();

MsgBuffer *msg = (MsgBuffer *) 0;
Port msgport;

/*****
int CmdDisk(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    MsgBuffer *kernmsg;
    Port port;
    Ulong block;

    if (msg == (MsgBuffer *) 0) {
        SetKernMsg( &kernmsg, &port );
        kernmsg->operationCode = KS_CREATE_MSG_BUFFER;
        kernmsg->data[0] = 1024;
        kernmsg = SendKernMsg( kernmsg, port );
        msg = (MsgBuffer *) kernmsg->data[0];
        msgport = port;
        msg->replyPort = port;
        GetPortAlias( SERV_ALIAS_DISK_BLOCK, &(msg->capability.port) );
    }

    msg->destPort = msg->capability.port;
    msg->msgStartOffset = 512;
    msg->msgLength = 512;

    if (argc < 2) {
        printf("usage: disk cmd ...\n");
        return( ERR_OK );
    } else if (argc >= 3) {
        block = atoi( argv[2] );
    } else {
        block = 0;
    }

    if (strcmp(argv[1], "format")==0) {
        msg->data[0] = (block==0 ? 1 : block);
        Doop( DS_FORMAT_DISK, "Disk format... " );
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "mount")==0) {
        Doop( DS_MOUNT_DISK, "Disk mount..." );
    }
}

```

```

        printf("Disk block size=%d, 'starter' block=%d\n",
            msg->data[0], msg->data[1]);
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "unmount")==0) {
        Doop( DS_UNMOUNT_DISK, "Disk unmount... ");
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "read")==0) {
        printf("Disk read block %d... ", block);
        msg->data[0] = 1;
        msg->data[1] = block;
        Doop( DS_READ_BLOCKS, "" );
        DumpMsg();
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "write")==0) {
        printf("Disk write block %d with last read data... ", block);
        msg->data[0] = 1;
        msg->data[1] = block;
        Doop( DS_WRITE_BLOCKS, "" );
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "sync")==0) {
        Doop( DS_SYNC_DISK, "Disk sync... " );
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "allocate")==0) {
        printf("Disk allocate close to block %d... ", block);
        msg->data[0] = 1;
        msg->data[1] = block;
        Doop( DS_ALLOCATE_BLOCKS, "" );
        printf("got block %d\n", msg->data[1]);
    } else if (strcmp(argv[1], "free")==0) {
        printf("Disk free block %d... ", block);
        msg->data[0] = 1;
        msg->data[1] = block;
        Doop( DS_FREE_BLOCKS, "" );
    } else {
        printf("unrecognized disk command \"%s\"\n", argv[1]);
    }
    return( ERR_OK );
}

/*****
Doop( op, comment )
    Ulong op;
    char *comment;
{
    printf(comment);
    fflush( stdout );
    msg->operationCode = op;
    Send( msg );
    msg = Receive( msgport );
    printf("Done - err=%i\n", msg->errorCode);
}

/*****
DumpMsg()
{
    register int i, j;
    register Uchar c, *cp;

    for (i=0; i<512; i+=32) {
        printf("%3x: ", i);
        for (j=0; j<32; j++) {

```

```
cp=(Uchar *) ((Ulong)msg+msg->msgStartOffset+i+j);
c = *cp;
if (c>=32 && c<127) {
    putchar(c);
    putchar(' ');
} else {
    printf("%2x", c);
}
}
putchar('\n');
```

```

/*  external.c  1.2  92/08/31  12:23:41  */

#include <stdio.h>
#include "shell.h"

#undef NULL
#undef TRUE
#undef FALSE
#include <kernel.h>
#include <server.h>
#include <kernserver.h>
Capability fcap;

/*****
ExecuteExternal(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{
    int err;

    fcap = KS_AMSG_PTR->filetab[0].fileCap;

    err = fexec(argv[0], argc, argv, NULL, fcap, fcap, fcap,
                /*priority*/20, /*async*/0);
    return( ERR_OK /*err*/);
}

```

```

/*  shell.c      1.2      92/08/31      12:23:48      */

#include <stdio.h>
#include "shell.h"

#define PROMPT      "Yes Sir> "
#define MAX_CMD_LEN  256
#define CMD_BUF_LEN  1024
#define MAX_CMD_ARGS 32

char command[MAX_CMD_LEN];
char cmdbuf[CMD_BUF_LEN];
char *cmdargv[MAX_CMD_ARGS];
int cmdargc;

extern int  CmdExit();
extern int  CmdEcho();
extern int  CmdArgs();
extern int  CmdDisk();
extern int  CmdBomb();
extern int  CmdCount();

typedef struct {
    char  *name;
    int   (*func)();
    char  *desc;
} BuiltinCmd;

BuiltinCmd builtinCmds[] = {
    "exit", CmdExit, "exit from shell",
    "echo", CmdEcho, "display the given arguments on a line",
    "args", CmdArgs, "display the given arguments",
    "disk", CmdDisk, "execute a disk command",
    "bomb", CmdBomb, "bomb on a page fault",
    "count", CmdCount, "count to five million"
};

#define BUILTIN_COUNT ( sizeof(builtinCmds) / sizeof(BuiltinCmd) )

int  main();

/*****/
int main()
{
    int c;
    long cmdlen;
    int err;

    printf("\n===== UNBOS Mini Command Shell 1.00.00 =====\n");
    while( 1 ) {
        printf( PROMPT );
        fflush( stdout );
        cmdlen = 0;
        while( (c=getchar()) != '\n' && c != EOF ) {
            command[cmdlen] = c;
            cmdlen++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    command[cmdlen] = '\0';
    err = Execute( command );
    if (err == ERR_EXIT || c == EOF) break;
    if (err != ERR_OK) {
        printf("*** Error code %d ***\n");
    }
}

printf("==== Exit from UNBOS Mini Command Shell =====\n");
}

/*****
int Execute(command)
    char *command;
{
    int cmdno, argc, err;
    char *cmdGiven;

    err = Parse( command );
    if (err != ERR_OK) return( err );
    if (cmdargc == 0) return( ERR_OK );
    cmdGiven = command;
    for (cmdno=0; cmdno<BUILTIN_COUNT; cmdno++) {
        if( strcmp(command, builtinCmds[cmdno].name)==0 ) break;
    }
    if (cmdno < BUILTIN_COUNT) {
        err = (builtinCmds[cmdno].func)( cmdargc, cmdargv );
    } else {
        err = ExecuteExternal( cmdargc, cmdargv );
    }
    return( err );
}

/*****
int Parse( command )
    char *command;
{
    int i;
    char c;
    BOOLEAN InChars, InQuotes, WildcardArg;

    cmdargc = 0;
    InChars = WildcardArg = InQuotes = FALSE;

    /* scan */
    for (i=0; (c=command[i]) != '\0'; i++) {
        if (InChars) {
            if( ((c==' ' || c=='\t') && !InQuotes) ||
                (c=='"' && InQuotes) ) {
                command[i] = '\0';
                if (WildcardArg) {
                    /* match with filenames */
                }
                InChars = WildcardArg = InQuotes = FALSE;
            } else {
                if (c=='*' || c=='?' || c=='[' || c==']') {

```

```

                                WildcardArg = TRUE;
                                }
                                }
} else {
    if (c=="'") {
        cmdargv[cmdargc++] = &command[i+1];
        InChars = InQuotes = TRUE;
    } else if (c!=' ' && c!='\t') {
        cmdargv[cmdargc++] = &command[i];
        InChars = TRUE;
    }
}

}

/* check last argument */
if (InChars && WildcardArg) {
    /* match with filenames */
}
return( ERR_OK );
}

```

```
/*  shell.h  1.2  92/08/31  12:24:07  */
```

```
#define ERR_OK 0
```

```
#define ERR_EXIT -1
```

```
typedef unsigned long int BOOLEAN;
```

```
#define FALSE 0
```

```
#define TRUE 1
```